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A.C.L.U. BOOK REVISED

Students' Freedoms Backed in Edition of Pamphlet

The American Civil Liberties Union yesterday supported college students' right to free discussion in off-campus political activities, student-sponsored forums and student newspapers and radio stations.

The union's views were published in a new edition of its pamphlet, "Academic Freedom and Civil Liberties of Students in Colleges and Universities."

It was released by Patrick Murphy Malin, the union's executive director, to mark the 170th anniversary of the final adoption of the Bill of Rights, which is today. The pamphlet was prepared by the union's committee on academic freedom, of which Dr. Louis M. Hacker is chairman.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 12/15/61

PAGE 40

FORWARDED BY MY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. OAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-803

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 15 1961	
FBI - NEW YORK	

W. E. Jones

6
11
1-17-62

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) DATE: 12/29/61

FROM : SA [redacted] (424)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY
RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

Identity of Source [redacted]

Description of info 11/29/61, meeting of the
WSCFR

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Date Received 12/4/61

Original where located [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - New York [redacted] (Inv) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-114924) (L. KRANES) (424)p.2, 3, 4
- 1 - New York (100-143645) [redacted] (424)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-7976) (P. ROSEN) (424)p.2, 3, 4
- 1 - New York (100-57965) (D. LITHAUER) (424)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)p.2, 3, 4
- 1 - New York (100-146018) [redacted] (424)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-146019) [redacted] (424)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-88464) (HOPE HERN) (424)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-144437) (SAM UNGAR) (412)p.2
- 1 - New York (100-133815-2) (MIGUEL LNU, attended WSCFR Meeting
11/29/61) (412)p.2, 3
- 1 - New York (100-146463) [redacted] (424)p.2 100-10159-804

COPIES CONTINUED

1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

SSM:kmk
(20)

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
DEC 29 1961
FBI - NEW YORK
H. E. Jones

NY 100-144078

- 1 - New York (65-15435-12) (ARNOLD LNU) (412)p.2,3,4
- 1 - New York (109-112) (Foreign Political Matters-Cuba) (31)
- 1 - New York (100-133903) (Cominfil Mass Program) (414)
- 1 - New York (100-10159) (American Civil Liberties Union) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-107419) (ECLC) (41)

NY 100-144078

Monday, December 4, 1961

A meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba was held Wednesday, November 29, 1961, at the Hotel Marseilles, Broadway at West 103rd Street, New York, N.Y. It lasted from 8:40 p.m. until 10:50 p.m. in the 'ballroom', and was attended by 47 people.

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Among them were LOU and PAULA KRANES, PAULINE ROSEN, DOHNNA LITHAUER, CHARLES O'KEEFE, HARRY FISMAN, [REDACTED], [REDACTED], HOPE HARNES, SAM UNGAR, [REDACTED] (LNU), [REDACTED], [REDACTED], HARRIET WEALTH, and ARNOLD LNU.

The remaining people were there by invitation. The mailing list of the invitations was made up of names and addresses those who had signified, at Rallies and on the street, that they were interested in participating in the Committee's activities. Three people walked out during the meeting.

LOU KRANES spoke first, welcoming everyone, and pointing out that in that very room, on a similarly cold night in January of this year, that the Committee was formed. He described it as an "action Committee" which had distributed over "3,000 leaflets" and obtained over "400 signatures" on petitions urging friendlier relations with Cuba.

PAULINE ROSEN spoke next, generally criticizing the United States' policy and activities toward Latin America in general, and toward Cuba and the Dominican Republic specifically. She said the U.S. was bolstering up TRUJILLO's hand-picked successor with battleships against the will of the people as a warning to the rest of Latin America and as a step towards another invasion of Cuba. She cited numerous camps in the U.S. and in Central America where counter-revolutionaries are trained, and added that Cuba naturally has to protect itself. She kept confusing TRUJILLO with SALAZAR of Portugal despite numerous corrections from the floor, and said that,

NY 100-144078

"it's true that Cuba is a bad example" to Latin-America as it showed that the "Yankee mammoth" can be successfully challenged, and "the people can take their fate into their own hands."

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[] then spoke, first in English. He stressed the impoverished conditions of the Indians in Cnetal and South America, and that of the other native workers in those areas. He said the ruling groups in such countries as Peru and Bolivia work hand in hand with North American capitalists in exploiting these groups by paying low prices for labor and raw materials, and then forcing them to pay high prices for the finished products. He then spoke for about ten minutes in Spanish, reputedly translating what PAULINE ROSEN had said.

LOU KRANES announced then that two of the Committee's members had been arrested on Saturday, November 25, 1961, and then introduced HARRY FISHMAN as one of them. HARRY said that he had been arrested while distributing leaflets at Broadway and W. 96th St., had been let out on \$500 bail for trial on December 14, 1961. He said the charge was molesting and interfering with pedestrians.

LOU KRANES then asked if anyone else had anything to contribute on the subject. ARNOLD got up and identified himself as the other person arrested. He said that he had been handing out leaflets when a policeman approached him and asked him what he was doing. ARNOLD said he gave him a leaflet and that, after reading it over, the policeman said: "I can't have you handing out that sort of stuff on my beat" ARNOLD said that he asked him just what constituted his beat, and that the policeman told him that it was on Broadway between 90th and 100th Streets.

ARNOLD said that then he and the policeman crossed the street to where HARRY FISHMAN and the others were distributing leaflets. He said that the policeman and HARRY talked for a short time, and that then the policeman told the two of them

NY 100-144078

to come with him to the stationhouse. ARNOLD said that only when they were down at the police station were they formally arrested, that the desk sergeant kept asking them whether they were dope addicts, that the arresting officer kept calling them a bunch of damn Commies.

When ARNOLD first got up to speak, he noted that he had lost his job as a consequence of "doing what I felt was right" and of exercising his right of freedom of speech. When questioned directly on this after sitting down, ARNOLD denied it, said only that he was "afraid of losing my job."

LOU KRANES then took up a collection "to help defray the cost of obtaining bail bonds." He later said a total of \$49 was obtained. PAULINE said this was good as the Committee was broke. He also asked if anyone else had anything to add or to tell about the arrest. A Cuban arose and told of the difficulties he had making movies of Cubans leaving on a boat from a Hoboken pier to return to Cuba.

Then HARRY FISHMAN showed about fifty color slides which he said he had taken on a trip to Cuba the latter part of 1960. After the general meeting was adjourned, the group named in the first paragraph met to discuss what was to be done in light of the arrests. A sub-committee was set up to meet on the following evening to prepare another leaflet. HARRY FISHMAN agreed to meet a young man from the Worker's World to mimeograph it, and the whole group agreed to meet at 96th St. and Broadway at 11:30 a.m. on Saturday, November 2, to continue distribution of leaflets. ARNOLD said he would contact the American Civil Liberties Union who, he said, would act as his legal counsel and was interested in sending down an observer to the Saturday distribution. PAULINE suggested contacting The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee in case the ACLU was not helpful. She also urged that everyone who could possibly do so, attend HARRY's hearing in court.

ACLU Names Executive Director

The American Civil Liberties Union today named John de J. Pemberton Jr. as its new executive director, succeeding Patrick Murphy Malin.

Pemberton, a onetime faculty member of Duke University's law in Rochester, Minn., since

law school, has been practicing since 1950. He has been a leader of the ACLU's Minnesota branch since 1955. He is also a member of that state's Fair Employment Practice Commission.

The new executive director will take office April 1. His

predecessor resigned last summer to become president of the American-operated Robert Colleges in Istanbul. Malin had been executive director for 12 years following the retirement of the ACLU's founder, Roger N. Baldwin.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. POST

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 12/27/61

PAGE 74

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-805

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
41 DEC 27 1961	
FBI - NEW YORK	

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078)

DATE: 1/2/62

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (#424)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS - C

Identity of source [REDACTED]

Description of info

12/15/61, party given by
WSCFRC

Date received

12/19/61

Original located [REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

10-15-81
Class. by 3670RT/CA

Date of Review OADR

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b7D

1 [REDACTED] (INV) (424)
1 100-144521 [REDACTED] (424)
1 100-125507 (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1 100-70557 (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
1 105-30216-107 [REDACTED] (412)
1 100-113830 (MARVIN STERN) (424)
1 100-88464 (HOPE HERN) (424)
1 100-144437 (SAM UNGAR) (412)
1 100-143645 [REDACTED] (424)
1 100- [REDACTED]
1 100-114924 (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
1 100-7976 (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
1 100-146795 [REDACTED] (424)
1 100-10159 (ACLU) (415) 47
1 100- [REDACTED] (412)
1 100- [REDACTED] (424)
1 100-137303 [REDACTED] (41)
1 100-93572 (NATIONAL GUARDIAN) (41)
1 100-106126 (MIKE FENOVICH) (424)
1 100-144078 (41)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF 1/6/78
DATE 8/16/78SSM:mtm
(19)Please prepare 19 Haloid-Zerox copies
of this memo and attached informant's
report of 1 page.CLASSIFIED BY 1269
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 2 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Dec 16, 1961

New York N.Y.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The West Side Committee for friendly relations with Cuba gave a surprise party to [redacted] on his birthday on Friday 15 at 240 W 104 St N.Y.C. at 8.30 P.M. The following were observed present Marvin Stern Hoke Kern Sam Ungar [redacted] Harry Fishman [redacted] [redacted] Louise Rosen Charles O'Keefe [redacted] [redacted] Louis Kranez Mike Kranez ^{Ed} [redacted]

There was first the class held regularly (Kranowitz) Friday nights under the leadership of Marvin Stern. During the festivities Louis Kranez its chairman called on Harry Fishman to tell what happened at his court appearance. He said they found Not Guilty. Harry & Charles said the officer who made the arrest lied repeatedly. The lawyer from the A.C.N.U. was named Blumenthal. The judge declared in favor of Harry Fishman & Charles O'Keefe as Harry quoted cited the 1, 5 & 14 amendment to the constitution. Harry intends to sue for false arrest. Charles would like to forget the whole thing. Harry said letter could not be sent to Congressman Ryan of the reform democrats. It was a small victory on local scale for civil rights. It was decided to see [redacted] for more publicity on the case, also to get in touch with the National Guardian. Now we could distribute leaflet without harassment. The small get-together group ended at 10.30 P.M. [redacted] 12/16/61

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

82
11/16

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW HAVEN

Date 1/10/62

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-2545)

SUBJECT: VETERANS OF THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE
IS - C

Identity of source

[REDACTED]

Description of info

12/8/61, meeting of the VALB

Date received

12/11/61

Original located

[REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

2 - New Haven (1- 100- VALB)(RM)
(1 -100-11447 MILT WOLFF)
1 - Washington Field (100-) (JOE FORER) (RM)
1 - New York () (INV) (424)
1 - New York (100-21444) (PAUL SCHREIBER) (424)
1 - New York (100-133788) () (424)
1 - New York (100-56244) (MOE FISHMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-) () (412)
1 - New York (100-23236) (MILTON WOLFF) (412)
1 - New York (100-63727) (SAM SCHIFF) (424)
1 - New York (100-47211) (STEVE NELSON) (424)
1 - New York (100-114924) (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
1 - New York (100-143645) () (424)
1 - New York (100-80775) (AL WARREN)
1 - New York (100-26873) (HAROLD SMITH) (424)
1 - New York (100-113579) (SAUL SHAPIRO)
1 - New York (100-91640) (BEN GOLDRING) (422)
1 - New York (100-120549) (Mrs. GOLDRING) (422)
1 - New York (100-52478) () (423)
1 - New York (100-72757) (JACK YELLIN) (422)
1 - New York (100-65333) (LOU SECUNDA)
1 - New York (100-90738) () (422) 100-10159-807

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SSM:mtm
(36)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 15 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

47
[Signature]

NY 100-2545

1 - New York (100-35071) (FELIX KUSMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-60648) (GEORGE CHAIKIN) (423)
1 - New York (100-) () (412)
1 - New York (100-114588) (CRAWFORD MORGAN) ()
1 - New York (100-87984) (ROBERT RAVEN) (424)
1 - New York (100-) () (412)
1 - New York (100-9647) (DAN GRODEN)
1 - New York (100-102320) (CPUSA WS SAGE) (415)
1 - New York (100-7518) (NCASF) (41)
1 - New York (100-3620) (ACPFEB) (41)
1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)
1 - New York (100-143887) (CFDS) (41)
1 - New York (100-145586) (CONGRESSMAN RYAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-2545) (41)

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NY 100-2545

Dec. 9, 1961

There was a meeting of the Veteran's of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade Dec. 8, 1961, at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Ave., NYC. The following were observed present:

PAUL SCHRIEBER [REDACTED], MOE FISHMAN, [REDACTED],
MILTON WOLFF, SAM SCHIFF, STEVE NELSON, LOUIS KRANES, [REDACTED],
AL WARREN, HAROLD SMITH, SAUL SHAPIRO, BEN GOLDBERG and wife,
[REDACTED], JACK YELLIN, LOU SECUNDA, [REDACTED], FELIX KUSMAN, b6
GEORGE CHAMKIN [REDACTED], CRAWFORD MORGAN, ROBERT RAVEN, b7C
[REDACTED], DAN GRODEN.

The meeting was called to evaluate the recent decision of the Supreme Court upholding the McCarran Act and the fact that the V.A.L.B. has to register as a front organization. The V.A.L.B. will not register under any circumstances it was decided.

The chairman of the meeting was HAROLD SMITH. The report was to be given in two parts, the first was by MILTON WOLFF. He reviewed the past history of the V.A.L.B. and the fact that only 3 organizations which were cited remained; the V.A.L.B., the committee for Soviet American Friendship and Committee for Protection of the Foreign Born. He envisioned an international campaign in different countries to fight the registration. AL WARREN then took up pledges for a fund to fight registration. Many pledged \$100 and other various amounts. MOE FISHMAN then gave the principal report on what is actually happening. He had to appear Nov. 30 in the Appeal Court in Washington. He tried to get a lawyer from the American Civil Liberties Union without success. The lawyer who defended the V.A.L.B., JOE FORTUS, asked to be withdrawn from the case. MOE said that the type of testimony given at SACB would be inadmissible in regular court. He consulted several lawyers and all agreed there was no case against the V.A.L.B. He stated that he would ask for a court appointed attorney. He stated that he was still the Executive Secretary and the

NY 100-2545

only official officer of the V.A.L.B. There are no members since all who fought in Spain and only those, were in the V.A.L.B. He stated that the reason the V.A.L.B. was signaled out was because of the respect it retains for example it helped in the organization of a Committee for Democratic Spain, the Nation-Wide Amnesty for Political Prisoners in Spain and the work they are doing on amnesty themselves.

He announced that a public meeting would be held Feb. 15 or 16 to celebrate the 25 anniversary of the Lincoln Brigade and a public protest against registration. No hall was announced neither the exact date.

Various committees are to be joined to coordinate all activities: Legal, Financial, Wives, Publicity, Meeting, Borough. A committee of Veterans who live in the West Side will call on Congressman RYAN for his help.

MOE stated that he was at the office nearly 3 or 4 times a week but the definite night was Wednesday night. He stated that he was not on full time but if the situation demanded he would return to full time. A vote was taken to uphold the fight against registration and a vote of confidence on the actions taken so far. It was unanimously passed. By a standing vote it was decided to hold V.A.L.B. meetings monthly in the present situation. There was a discussion in which all supported the campaign against registration. A collection was taken up to help pay expenses. A record of the SACB proceedings would cost \$1,000. The meeting adjourned at 11:30 p.m.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

10-28-84
Class. by 367 NR/1CH

Date of Review OADR
Appeal #9-0173
Per [unclear] Release

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE 7/13/78

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) (41) Date: 1/10/62
FROM : SA [redacted] (424)
SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.) (424)
1 - New York (100-146019) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100- [redacted]) [redacted] (412)
1 - New York (100-143645) (P. KRANES) (424)
1 - New York (100-146463) [redacted] (412)
1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
1 - New York (100-144437) (SAM UNGAR) (412)
1 - New York (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
1 - New York (100- [redacted]) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-57965) (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
1 - New York (100-88464) (HOPE HERN) (424)
1 - New York (100-114924) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100- [redacted]) [redacted] (412)
1 - New York (100- [redacted]) (ARNOLD GALLUP) (412)
1 - New York (100- [redacted]) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-144521) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-137303) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-128501) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-133903) (COMINFIL MASS ORG.) (414)
1 - New York (109-112) (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)
1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) 415
1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

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SSM:tmb
(23)

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
7/27/78

100-10159-808
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JAN 10 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-144078

Identity of Source:

Description of info:

Open meeting of WSCFRC
11/29/61.

Date Received:

12/7/61

Original located:

A copy of informant's report follows:

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-144078

Dec. 3, 1961
New York, N.Y.

There was an open meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba at the Hotel Marseilles 103 St & Broadway N.Y.C. Nov. 29, 1961 Wednesday at 8:30 P.M. The following were observed present.

[REDACTED]	PAULINE ROSEN	} (X)
	[REDACTED]	
	DONAH LITHAUER	
	HOPE HERN	
HARRY FISHMAN	LOUIS KRANES	[REDACTED]
CHARLES O'KEEFE	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
SAM UNGAR	ARNOLD GALLUB	[REDACTED]

There were about 50 people present.

LOUIS KRANES was the chairman and he opened the meeting giving a short resume of the work of the committee, distributing leaflets collecting names for a petition to President KENNEDY for Friendly Relations with Cuba. The two mass meetings held at the Carlton Terrace. The establishment of the medical committee.) He then introduced PAULINE ROSEN who gave a speech on the danger of imminent invasion of Cuba bringing in the recent appearance of American warships off the coast of the Dominican Republic as an example of aggression. After PAULINE he introduced in Spanish [REDACTED] who spoke in English & Spanish on the same topic. Later he, LOUIS, introduced HARRY FISHMAN who gave a brief report on his & CHARLES O'KEEFE arrest and that they are not taking it laying down, that he, HARRY, had contacted the American Civil Liberties Union and that the Committee would be at the same corner the following Saturday.

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LOU made an appeal for donations and gifts to the committee to further its work. About \$50 was collected. LOU made an appeal to appear at the corner of 96th & Broadway (X)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-144078

Saturday Dec 2, 11:30 A.M. for the distribution of the leaflets. ARNOLD GALLUB also spoke of the arrest as he was one who was involved. After the collection HARRY FISHMAN showed slides of a trip he made to Cuba. The meeting ended at 10:30 P.M. after which a short meeting was held of members of the committee to plan to meet to draw up a leaflet. They decided to meet at the home of HOPE HERN 222 W. 77 to draw the leaflet Thursday night Nov. 30, 1961 - (S)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1/18
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) (41) Date: 1/10/62

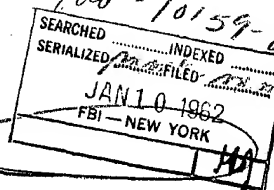
FROM : SA [REDACTED] (424)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

1 - New York [REDACTED] (Inv.) (424)
1 - New York (100-146019) [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York (100-143645) (P. KRANES) (424)
1 - New York (100-146463) [REDACTED] (412)
1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
1 - New York (100-144437) (SAM UNGAR) (412)
1 - New York (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
1 - New York (100- [REDACTED]) (424)
1 - New York (100-57965) (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
1 - New York (100-88464) (HOPE HERN) (424)
1 - New York (100-114924) [REDACTED] (412)
1 - New York (100- [REDACTED]) (412)
1 - New York (100- [REDACTED]) (412)
1 - New York (100-144521) [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York (100-137303) [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York (100-128501) [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York (100-133903) (COMINFIL MASS ORG) (414)
1 - New York (109-112) (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)
1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)
1 - New York (100- [REDACTED]) ()
1 - New York (100-146018) [REDACTED] (4)
1 - New York (100-82160) (MILDRED HERSH) (421)
1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

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SSM:tmb
(26)



NY 100-144078

Identity of Source:

[REDACTED]

Description of info:

11/29/61 open meeting
of WSCFRC.

b7D

Date Received:

12/7/61

Original located:

[REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

NY 100-144078

Dec 3, 1961
New York, N.Y.

The West Side committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba, held a meeting at the Marseilles hotel 103 St & Broadway N.Y.C. Nov 29, 1961 on Wednesday at 8:30 P.M. this was an open meeting.

Among observed present were [redacted]
[redacted] ARNOLD M. GALLUB, [redacted] HARRY FISHMAN, [redacted]
SAM UNGAR, LOUIS KRANES, [redacted]
CHARLES O'KEEFE, [redacted] MILDRED
HERSH, [redacted] DONNAH LITHAUER, [redacted] HOPE
HERN, [redacted] PAULINE ROSEN, [redacted] There
were about 60 people. LOUIS KRANES was a chairman and he
opened the meeting giving a short resume of the work of the
committee, contributing leaflets collecting signatures on
the petition to send president KENNEDY for Friendly Relations
y trade with Cuba. The two mass meetings held at the Carlton
Terrace, The establishment of the medical committee, then
he introduced PAULINE ROSEN who gave a speech on the danger of
imminent invasion of Cuba & the American warships off the
coast of the Dominican Republic as an example of aggression
of the imperialist U.S.A. b6 b7C

Then PAULINE introduced at the next speaker [redacted]
who spoke in English & Spanish on the same topic. LOUIS
KRANES introduced HARRY FISHMAN who gave a brief report on
his & CHARLES O'KEEFE arrest and they are going to have
contracted the a lawyer from the American Civil Liberties
Union and that the committee would be at the same place 96 St
W. & Broadway the following Saturday distributing a New
leaflet. Later LOUIS took the stand as a chairman & made
an appeal for donations and gifts to the committee to further
its work. [redacted] MILDRED HERSH were in charge, they
collected about \$50.00 Then LOUIS KRANES asked everybody
present to appear at the corner of 96 W St & Broadway

NY 100-144078

Saturday Dec 2, 1961 at 11:30 AM to help for the distribution of the leaflets. ARNOLD M. GALLUB also spoke of the arrest as he was one who was involved. Afterwards HARRY FISHMAN showed slides of the trip he made to cuba in color. The meeting ended at 10:30 P.M. After which a short meeting was held of members only of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba to plan to meet to drawn up a leaflet. They decided the committee leaflet to meet at the home of HOPE HERN 222 W. 77 St to have it ready. They will meet the next day thursday night Nov.30, 1961. —

10/18
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-434917)

1/11/62

SAC, BUTTE (100-3276) (RUC)

CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR
CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES
IS - C
OO: New York

[redacted] on 1/11/62, made available
copies of the following, which were received in one envelope,
with the return address of the above organization. Original
copies are enclosed for the Bureau and New York. The material
was addressed to P. O. Box #1104, Butte, Montana, the mailing
address for the Communist Party, Montana District.

Bulletin #10, issued by the Subject
organization;

ACLU letter dated 12/1/61; and

Religious Freedom News for 11/61,
issued by the Religious Freedom
Committee.

- 2 - Bureau (Encs.3) (Reg.) (AM)
① - New York (100-145082)
(Encs.3) (Reg.) (AM)
3 - Butte
(1 - [redacted])
(1 - [redacted])

TRE/ar
(6)

cc to 100-10159 JPK
cc to 100-119405 JPK

100-10159-810
100-145082

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 11 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

American Civil Liberties Union

156 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 10, N. Y. • ORegon 3-3990

December 1, 1961

LEGAL DEPARTMENT INFORMATION REPORT No. 19

Communist Party Registration

A number of inquiries concerning the necessity for individual members of the Communist Party to register under the Subversive Activities Control Act have been presented to the national office.

As you know, the ACLU considered this Act unconstitutional and so stated before the Supreme Court of the United States. We believe that the Supreme Court decision upholding the validity of the registration clauses was erroneous. We further believe that this decision in avoiding the question of possible Fifth Amendment violations requiring officials or individuals members to register, was a mistake and leaves the way open to several years of further litigation. As the Communist Party, U.S.A. was indicted as an organization, the prosecution of persons alleged to be individual members is likely to be long delayed.

If persons who consider themselves potentially liable to membership registration consult you, they should be advised that under the law individual registration must be specifically demanded by the Subversive Activities Control Board in Washington upon an allegation by it that the person is a member of the Communist Party. If such demand is made, the alleged member is entitled to a hearing in Washington before the Board, at which all due process issues may be raised, and if the Board orders the registration, a court review is available.

While the ACLU is not prepared to provide legal representation for all such individuals, we will consider it on a case-to-case basis in order to press our civil liberties concern. We believe it is important for you to advise the concerned individuals that while it is unlikely that action against them will be taken in the near future, we are prepared to consider the possibility of providing representation for them if necessary.

b6
b7c

Courtesy -
CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR
CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES
22 E. 17 St., N.Y. 3, N.Y.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) (41) DATE: 1/2/62

FROM : SA [redacted] (424)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

Identity of Source: [redacted]
Description of info: 12/13/61 meeting of WSCFRC.
Date Received: 12/19/61
Original located: [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-125507) (H. FISHMAN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-114924) (L. KRANES) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-143645) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-57965) (D. LITHAUER) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-7976) (P. ROSEN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-144437) (S. UNGAR) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-144521) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-146018) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-146019) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-88464) (HOPE HERN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-145300) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-) [redacted] (412)
- 1 - New York (100-83184) (ALEXANDER COCA) (424)
- 1 - New York (65-15435-12) (ARNOLD LNU) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-143773) [redacted] (413)
- 1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-73561) (ABE UNGER) (421)
- 1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)
- 1 - New York (100-145277) (U.S. FRIENDS OF MEXICO) (41)
- 1 - New York (109-112) (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)
- 1 - New York (100-133903) (COMINFIL MASS ORG) (414)
- 1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

SSM:tmb
(23)

(Please prepare 23 Haloid-Zerox copies of this memo and attached informant's report of two pages.)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLASSIFIED BY 1254
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FBI - NEW YORK	

10-16-87
Class. by 361 JCT/CH
Date of Review 8/20/78
Att # 9-0178

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
87-16-111

b6
b7C
b7D

100-10159-811

December 17, 1961

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba was held Wednesday, December 13, 1961, from 8:45 p.m. to 10:55 p.m. at the apartment of Harry Fishman, 485 Central Park West, New York, N. Y. Fifteen persons attended, including Lou and Paula Krane, Dohnna Lithauer, Harry Fishman, Pauline Rosen, Sam Ungar, [redacted] (JT)

[redacted] Hope Hearn, [redacted] (LNU), "Coco", Arnold (LNU), [redacted] (LNU) of the "Worker's World". Two Cubans also attended: one was about 5' 9", 175 pounds, wore glasses, roly-polyish and around 40 years old; the other, introduced as Louis or Louis, was about 30, 5' 11", 165 pounds, also ~~wore~~ wore glasses, was well-built and spoke English fairly well. A third Cuban came by: about 5' 8", 140-150 pounds, slim and very dark-complected.

Most of the above mentioned were there by 8, 8:15, but the meeting did not start until Pauline arrived, although Lou, as nominal chairman, was ready to start before. During the meeting, Harry reported on his arrest. For the first time he ~~just~~ mentioned Charles O'Keefe as the other person arrested for molesting pedestrians by distributing leaflets. He indicated that all those distributing that day were taken down to the police station, but that only he and O'Keefe were formally charged. (Arnold said that he had "gotten off" by the payment of \$40 for something unspecified.) Harry said that he and O'Keefe had been arraigned on Sunday, December 3, and that they had been represented by a lawyer named Abe Ungar. He added that the case was scheduled for Magistrate's Court, N. 155th St. and Amsterdam Ave., at 10 a.m. on Thursday, December 14, at which time they were to be represented by consul provided by the American Civil Liberties Union. Arnold added that should they be acquitted, they would sue for false arrest. Although the ACLU, he said, would not handle that case, he said that it had urged him to do so.

Harry noted that O'Keefe had been ill with the grippe, although he ~~had~~ said earlier that O'Keefe couldn't come ~~because~~ to the meeting Wednesday because of an art class. A collection was taken up to help O'Keefe out financially. Harry said that he would take care of his own expenses. No mention was made of the collection made at Hotel Marseilles meeting held two weeks previously, *to help defray the costs of the trial (JT)*

The main discussion of the evening was that of a Christmas party to be held on Saturday, December 23, at apt. #902, 365 West End Ave, New York, N. Y., from 8:30 p.m. on. A party planning subcommittee will meet Wednesday, December 20, at Sam Ungar's apartment at the Hotel Masters, room #1518, 310 Riverside Drive, New York, N. Y. The subcommittee consists of Ungar, Dohnna, Lou and Paula, Pauline, Harry, and [redacted]

[redacted] gave a report on the medical aid to Cuba committee, although she had to be asked five or six times before she did so. She said that the Committee had rented office space in room 409, 147 W. 33rd St., New York, N. Y. She said that the telephone number is LA-4-0729, and that the Committee had sent \$1,000 worth of medical supplies to Cuba by mail. She complained that most of it had been held up at the Post Office in New Orleans up to a month's time, but that it had all come through eventually, including a test package of 100 asperins. Hope said that she works for an import firm which deals with foreign shipping lines, and that she would be glad to supply the Committee with the name of her boss' representative in Havana. She wanted to give to [redacted] who didn't want any part of it, personally. [redacted] said that she was going out of ~~area~~ New York for [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

12/17/61

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

awhile so that she couldn't be active in the WSCFRWC for some time, although, she added, she would be in town Mondays and/or Tuesdays. ~~(S)~~

Several packages of Christmas cards were sold by Harry. They were titled "Paz", and bore the legend: "Painted in Lecumberri Prison, Mexico City, by David Alfaro Siqueiros expressly for the National Guardian, September, 1961." Packs were bought by Lou Krane, Sam Ungar, Dohnna Lithauer, Pauline Rosen, and [redacted] ~~(S)~~

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b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

December 17, 1961



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-03-2012HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) (41) DATE: 1/2/62

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (424)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

*10-28-82
Class. by 367 ORT/ctb
Date of Review 6/28/00
App'd # 9-0172*

Identity of Source: [REDACTED]

Description of info: Meeting of WSCFRC 12/13/61. (C)

Date Received: 12/19/61

Original located: [REDACTED]

On 12/19/61, [REDACTED] advised MIKE KRANOWITCH (PH) mentioned above is identical to MIKE CRENOVICH, previously identified by informant from photo. (C)

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York [REDACTED] (Inv.) (424)

1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)

1 - New York (100-145619) [REDACTED] (424)

1 - New York (100-57965) (D. LITHAUER) (424)

1 - New York (100- [REDACTED]) (412)

1 - New York (100-7976) (P. ROSEN) (424)

1 - New York (100-143773) [REDACTED] (413)

1 - New York (100-144521) [REDACTED] (424)

1 - New York (100-88464) (HOPE HERN) (424)

1 - New York (100-144437) (SAM UNGAR) (412)

1 - New York (100-106126) (MIKE CRENOVICH) (424)

1 - New York (100-143645) [REDACTED] (424)

1 - New York (100-145300) [REDACTED] (424)

1 - New York (100-146018) [REDACTED] (424)

1 - New York (100-145277) (US FRIENDS OF MEXICO) (41)

1 - New York (100-101597) (ACLU) (415)

1 - New York (100-139223) [REDACTED] (413)

1 - New York (100-145429) [REDACTED] (412)

1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)

1 - New York (109-112) (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)

1 - New York (100-145082) (CCCL) (415)

1 - New York (100-133903) (COMINFIL MASS ORG.) (414)

1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

SSM:tmb

(24)

(Please prepare 24 Haloid-Zerox copies of this memo and attached informant's report of three pages.)

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-812
JAN 2 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Dec 16, 1961

New York, N.Y.

There was a meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba at the home of Harry Fishman 485 Central Park W N.Y.C. on Wednesday Dec. 13, 1961 at 8:30 P.M.

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The following were observed present

[redacted] Donnell Litterer Harry Fishman [redacted]

Pamela Rosen [redacted]

Boyer Stern Sam Anger Mike Kasmirski

[redacted] Louis Krone [redacted]

The meeting was chaired by Louis Krone its permanent chairman. Mike had brought some Xmas cards designed by Segevros to sell. The proceeds were to be used to help free Segevros. Sam Anger suggested that the Committee send a resolution to the Mexican delegation at the U.N. condemning his imprisonment. It was so moved.

There was a short report on the ^{P.T.} ~~last~~ meeting held at the Hotel Marseilles the previous week. The meeting was termed a success.

The News Letter had been sent out the last Sunday. It was considered a very good Newsletter. It was hoped to publish the Newsletter at least once a month.

Harry Fishman gave a report on the legal situation. He said that his case was

P.T. C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

II

to come up for 14 10:00 A.M. at 151 St. Anthonys Avenue. He said that last Saturday Dec 9 there was a leaflet distribution and the send raised 96.00. There were 4 participants & 3 FBI agents. Low intended to say that perhaps they were plain clothesmen and FBI as they questioned one of the distributors and asked another to leave. Pauline Brown said that no one should talk to the FBI and they had no right to interfere with leaflet distribution. Low said he felt the FBI would observe but not ask questions that is why he felt there were no F.B.I. agents present. Harry asked that the lawyer for the A.C.L.U. asked there be no publicity in the case until after the trial. He suggested that both protests be sent to the Police Commissioner to Congressmen Ryan & Amodeo, Brennan and suggest contacts with other community organizations.

The next item was a discussion of the party to be held Saturday Dec 23 at 365 West End Ave Apt 902 at 8:30 P.M. Pauline distributed throwaways that had been printed to be given to friends. A committee meeting of the party will be held Wednesday Dec 20 at the Home of Sam Long at Hotel Masters 703 East Riverside Drive to discuss last minute arrangements. [redacted] said that [redacted] [redacted] had been visited & intimidated by the F.B.I.

PT.C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

III

[redacted] treasurer gave a brief report of the treasury. It all summed up to the fact there was nothing in the treasury, practically all had been spent on the News Letter. [redacted] collected the monthly contribution.

Due to the illness of Charles O'Keefe a collection was taken to buy some fruit.

[redacted] gave a brief report on the status of the medical committee. They have secured an office at the following address 147 W. 33rd St. Rm 409. The name of the committee will either be the Medical Committee for Aid to Cuba or Committee for Medicine for Cuba. So far some medicine has been sent. A meeting had been held at Adelphi Hall the last Wednesday Dec. 6. She said it was disappointing only 35 persons showed up. [redacted] meeting adjourned at 11:00 PM without a further meeting notice. Pauline Rosen after the meeting was observed distributing cards announcing a meeting of the West Side Anti Rights Forum to be held Thursday Dec. 21, 1961 at 8:00 PM at Hotel Plucerne 79th St. Amsterdam Ave. NYC. Among the members it was decided to hold a birthday surprise party [redacted] Friday night Dec. 15. There are also the members of the [redacted] [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

12/16/61

SAC, NEW YORK (100 145082)

1/22/62

SA [REDACTED]

CITIZENS COMMITTEE FOR CONSTITUTIONAL LIBERTIES
IS C

Identity of source

[REDACTED] PSI

Description of info

Meeting at 3200 Coney Island
Ave., Bklyn, NY, where MARY
KAUFMAN was featured speaker.

Date received

1/16/62

Original located

A copy of informant's report follows:

b6
b7C
b7D

- 1 [REDACTED] (Inv)
1 100 8529 (MARY KAUFMAN) (415)
1 100 new (COMMITTEE FOR DEFENSE OF CIVIL RIGHTS) (41)
1 100 10159 (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) (415)
1 100 80532 (HERBERT APTHURER) (415)
1 100 26503-043 (KCCP) (422)
1 100 119910 (BRIGHTON COMMUNITY CENTER) (422)
1 100 145082 (415)

JRN:mtm
(8)

100-10159-13
JAN 22 1962
[Signature]

NY 100-145082

Lecture--3200 Coney Island Avenue, Brooklyn, NY
Sunday, January 14, 1962, admission 50 cents
Time--8 p.m.

Speaker--MARY KAUFMAN

Topic--The Meaning of the McCarran Act
(No notice had been posted in the auditorium and
the notice at the entrance door had been posted
late Thursday evening or on Friday.

At 8 p.m. there were 18 people in the small auditorium,
including the speaker and the woman taking admissions. Three
people at the front of the hall conferred and it was decided to wait
until 8:30. At 8:30 there were 40 people, which number increased to
about 55 as the meeting progressed. Almost all were elderly
(3 or 4 were about 50-55, 2 or 3 30 to 35 and one teenage boy).
Quite a few were heard to say that they had received the notice of
the meeting only the day before.

An unknown male, about 50 to 55, thinning gray hair,
5 feet 8 inches, 160 pounds, full face, well dressed, well spoken with
good command of English, slight lisp, acted as chairman. He asked
to be excused if he made any mistakes as he had been notified that
he would act as chairman at two minutes to eight. He introduced MARY
KAUFMAN as a noted attorney who had defended many friends.

Miss KAUFMAN spoke for exactly one half hour. The
chairman then made a collection speech. He said he believed every
one knew why he or she was there and to dig down deep. He started by
asking for \$25 and then got down to \$5 and then \$1. He got one
\$25 pledge, two \$10 bills, several \$5 bills and then everyone in
the hall except one person gave \$1. He said that everyone would be
called upon again and again to contribute to this fight. He spoke
for 20 minutes.

In the question period almost every question had to do
with what an individual should do if he or she received a notice
to register from any government agency. Her advise was to contact
one of three committees.

Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties
Committee for Defense of Civil Rights
American Civil Liberties Union

NY 100-145082

or to contact an attorney. She stressed that no individual should take it upon himself or herself to register. She said that it would be unlikely, however, if anyone received a notice, as there were certain preliminary procedures under the act which had to take place.

The chairman then said that everyone must be a committee of one to spread the word of the dangers of the McCarran Act and to organize groups to fight it and to try to get unions to fight it. He again said everyone would be called upon again and again to contribute. A motion was made and passed to send a telegram to President KENNEDY asking for repeal of the McCarran Act. The chairman adjourned the meeting at 10:10 p.m.

Attention was called to a meeting to be held Sunday, January 21, 1962, in the same hall, on the same subject, with HERBERT APTHEKER as the speaker.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-10159)

DATE: 1-30-62

FROM : IC [REDACTED] (12)

SUBJECT: NEW YORK CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
156 5th Avenue
New York City, New York

b6
b7C

SM-6

Mr. [REDACTED] Carle Place School District, Carle Place, Long Island, telephonically contacted the New York Office and advised that his office had received a questionnaire from the New York Civil Liberties Union, 156 5th Avenue, New York City. This questionnaire requested information as to the School District's handling of requests to meetings in it's facilities.

Mr. [REDACTED] stated that he had a listing of organizations declared as subversive by the Attorney General and had noted that this particular organization was not listed and therefore was interested in the status of said organization.

Mr. [REDACTED] was advised of the Bureau's position in this matter and was further advised that should his office desire a clarification of the organization's standing he should direct correspondence to the Attorney General's Office in Washington, D.C.

100-10159-814

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 30 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078)

FROM: SA [REDACTED] (424)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY
RELATIONS WITH CUBA (WSCFRC)
IS-C

1/26/62

~~12-28-85~~
Class. by ~~367 URT/CH~~
Date of Review ~~OADR~~

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of info WSCFRC meeting 1/3/62

Date Received 1/5/62

Original located [REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

b6
b7C
b7D

- 1 - [REDACTED] (INV) (424)
- 1 - 100-125507 (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
- 1 - 100-114924 (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
- 1 - 100-143645 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100- [REDACTED] (412)
- 1 - 100-146018 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100-7976 (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
- 1 - 100-144521 [REDACTED] (421)
- 1 - 100-137303 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100-88464 (HOPE HERN) (424)
- 1 - 100-144437 (SAM UNGAR) (412)
- 1 - 105-30216-107 [REDACTED] (412)
- 1 - 100-57965 (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
- 1 - 100-145277 (U.S. Friends of Mexico) (41)
- 1 - 100-132488 (Garment Region CP) (42)
- 1 - 105-147883 (MELITTA DEL VILLAR) (31)
- 1 - 100-73561 (ABE UNGER) (421)
- 1 - 100-10159 (ACLU) (415)
- 1 - 109-112 (Foreign Political Matters - Cuba) (31)
- 1 - 100-133903 (Cominfil Mass Org) (414)
- 1 - 100-146066 (Garment Center For Cuba) (41)
- 1 - 100-144078 (WSCFRC) (41)

SSM:mxg
(22)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) *date 8/10/78*
DATE *8/10/78*

100-10159-815

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 26 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

CLASSIFIED BY *1259*
EXEMPT FROM GDS. CATEGORY *2*
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE *7/31/78*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-144078

Jan. 4, 1962
New York, N.Y.

b6
b7c

There was a meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba at the home of HARRY FISHMAN 485 C.P.W N.Y.C. Jan 3, 1962 at 8:30 PM.

Among those observed present were HARRY FISHMAN
LOUIS KRANES [REDACTED] ARNOLD GALLOUB [REDACTED]
PAULINE ROSEN [REDACTED] HOPE HERN
SAM UNGAR [REDACTED] DONNAH LITHAUER.

The meeting was chaired by its chairman LOUIS KRANES. He made the following announcements

1. An Exhibition of the art of SEQUERIOS at ACA Gallery until Jan 8, 1962 63 E. 57 St.

DONNAH announced that a telegram had been sent demanding the Freedom of SEQUERIOS to the President of Mexico.

He announced a party by the Garment Center for Cuba Jan 14 1962 at Adelphi Hall 74 Fifth Ave Sunday afternoon at 2:00 P.M. DONNAH had been given tickets by MELITA DEL VILLAR to sell. It was observed that many tickets were sold. She stated that the chairman & treasurer should attend as many attended the West Side Cuban Comm. party.

Some money DONNAH reported had been received for medical donations but since the expenses had not been covered such small sums should go to pay current expenses. She showed a receipt from Medical Aid for Cuba stating the West Side Comm. had donated \$94.

On the Party held the previous Saturday it was agreed there was too much entertainment. Not enough socializing of the committee members.

-2-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-144078

On the News Letter PAULINE stated that the committee had to get to work to put out the new edition by the end of the month. She said that a leaflet should be distributed about the meeting to be held of the O.A.S.; the distribution should be one before the meeting Saturday Jan 20, 1962 at 11:30 AM at 96 St & Bway & one after the following Saturday Jan. 27 after the meeting. It was decided to hold an enlarged meeting of the committee and if possible get the Hotel Beacon Feb. 7, Wednesday night. DONNAH would try & get some speakers on Cuba & Latin American and also see about the rental. PAULINE said she received a letter from MELITA saying there would be a meeting in the Mens Faculty Room of Columbia University Feb. 3 but there was no time given but she told the committee to try & be there and ask questions if opened to the public. HOPE was to check the exact time. It was to be some kind of symposium representing different viewpoints.

[] gave a financial report saying that there was \$122.50 in the treasury. She also made a monthly contribution collection.

HARRY was given \$25 to help pay the bail bond fee in his arrest and also [] was to send a check for \$30 to ABE UNGER. A \$10 contribution was to be sent to American Civil Liberties Union. HARRY stated that he was thinking of making a suit for false arrest. He said he would consult with an attorney who be willing to take the case on a contingency basis.

LOU the chairman said there should be a cultural program consisting of giving Spanish lessons. He would be willing to lead a class for beginners. [] for advanced students in conversational Spanish.

The next meeting will be held at the home of PAULINE ROSEN 784 Columbus Ave Jan 17 8:30 P.M. The meeting adjourned at 10:30 PM.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Date received 2/1/62	Received from (name or symbol number) <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100px; height: 20px;"></div>	Received by SA <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 20px;"></div>
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Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person ☐ by telephone ☒ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated _____ to _____

Transcribed _____

Authenticated
by Informant: _____

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity

EXHIBIT

b6
b7C
b7D

Brief description of activity or material

ACLU Legal Department Information Report

#19 re CP Registration

File where original is located if not attached

100-10159-1B28

Remarks:

1 - (Inv) (424)
1 - 100-145082 (CCCL) (415)
1 - 100-10159 (41)

SSM:kmk
(3) *kmk*

Block Stamp

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 12 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Signature]

100-10159-816

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-04-2012

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

FROM: SAC NEW YORK (100-2545)

SUBJECT: VETERANS OF THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE
IS - C

Date 2/19/62

Identity of source [redacted]

Description of info 2/2/62 meeting of the VALB

Date received 2/5/62

Original located [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

2 - San Francisco (100-) (VALB) (RM)
1 - (1 - 100-29913 VINCENT HALLINAN) (RM)
2 - New Haven (100-11447) (MILTON WOLFF) (RM)
1 - (1 - 100-) (VALB)
1 - New York [redacted] (INV) (424)
1 - New York (100-56244) (MOE FISHMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-67217) (CELIA SAPERSTEIN) (424)
1 - New York (100-) ()
1 - New York (100-63727) (SAM SCHIFF) (424)
1 - New York (100-) ()
1 - New York (100-52478) [redacted] (423)
1 - New York (100-72778) [redacted] (22)
1 - New York (100-114924) (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
1 - New York (100-15828) (JOE BRANDT) (424)
1 - New York (100-81435) (GERALD COOK) (421)
1 - New York (100-26873) [redacted] (424)
1 - New York (100-9647) (DAN GRODEN) (412)
1 - New York (100-65333) (LON SECUNDA) (412)
1 - New York (100-47211) (STEVE NELSON) (424)
1 - New York (100-87984) (ROBERT RAVEN) (424)
1 - New York (100-54965) (JOHN ABT) (415)
1 - New York (100-80775) (AL WARREN) (412)

10-228
Class. by 367 UTK/kt
Date of Review OADR

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COPIES CONTINUED

SSM:mtm
(32)

CLASSIFIED BY 115
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DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-817
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SERIALIZED FILED

FEB 19 1962

FBI - NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-2545

[1 - New York (100-11166) (JACK SHULMAN) (415)]
[1 - New York (100-102320) (US VS CPUSA) (415)]
[1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)]
[1 - New York (100-) (FNU SHAPIRO) (412)]
[1 - New York (100-107419) (ECLC) (41)]
[1 - New York (100-83801) () (421)]
[1 - New York (100-98684) (VINCENT HALLINAN) (412)]
[1 - New York (100-23236) (MILT WCLFF) (412)]
[1 - New York (100-2545) (41)]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-2545

Feb. 3, 1962

There was a meeting of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade at Adelphi Hall, 74 Fifth Ave., NYC, Friday night, Feb 2, at 8:30 p.m. Before the meeting started MOE FISHMAN was overheard remarking that he had broken up with CELIA SAPERSTEIN.

Among those observed present were [redacted] MOE FISHMAN, SAM SCHIFF, [redacted] FELIX KUSMAN, BOB LNU, previously identified, LOUIS KRANES, JOE BRANDT, GERALD COOK, MILTON WOLF, [redacted] DAN GRODEN, LOU SECUNDA, STEVE NELSON, ROBERT RAVEN, JOHN ABT, AL WARREN, JACK SCHULMAN.

The chairman of the meeting was DAN GRODEN. He introduced JOHN ABT the lawyer for the Communist Party in its fight against the McCarran Act indictment. He gave an address dealing principally with what the McCarran Act means and the fight not only of the CP but also of the V.A.L.B. for civil liberties. He felt the act was unworkable and a grave threat to civil liberties. He answered question nearly all concerning with use of passports. He said it would be a crime for a communist to use one ~~but~~ he knew of no reason why a members of the Vets couldn't use one.

MOE FISHMAN then gave a report on the legal situation. He said that the Appeals Court had turned down a request for a court appointed attorney and they had to be present in court with an attorney Feb. 16. He said a request for delay had been made for 4 to 6 weeks but he said that the Justice Dep't had acceded to a 2 week delay but not the four week delay. The American Civil Liberties Union had not acceded to appoint an attorney. They had recommended a lawyer named SHAPIRO but he had asked for a \$5,000 fee plus expenses. He had contacted the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. The case is being studied by its head attorney BOUDIN and he would know by Monday or Tuesday if they would accept the case. He read letters from Vets and interested people pledging their support and sending funds.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-2545

ALAN WARREN gave a financial report reporting that \$3,400 had been raised to date and more was needed to pay the attorney & appeal costs. He urged Vets to fill their pledge and coupon books for donations were distributed urging from \$1 to \$25 dollars. ALAN collection was made among the Vets for the political prisoners of Spain. No amount was given as to how much was raised.

HAROLD SMITH then took the floor to announce plans for the mass meeting to be held at Palm Garden Sunday afternoon 2:00 p.m. Feb 25, 1962, 306 West 52 St., NYC. He announced that VINCENT HALLINAN will fly in from California to be the main speaker. PETE SEEGER has accepted to be the principle entertainment. He also said that plans are being formulated for dramatic presentation about political prisoners amnesty in Spain.

Plans are being formulated for a cocktail party to receive HALLINAN when he comes to raise funds. No date was set and no address given as to where it will be held. In a discussion that followed vets were urged to contact friends and family for donations. A flyer to be distributed at meetings that are being held. No further meetings of the Vets are contemplated until the mass meetings but all Vets were urged to attend committee sessions that are held every Wednesday night at the office, 49 E 21 St., NYC. The meeting adjourned at 10:45 p.m.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

518 [redacted] 64

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2/2/52

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF CHAS
DATE 2/16/78

NO: 2
(9)

CLASSIFIED BY: 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS: CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-818
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FEB 23 1955
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NY 100-110525

[Sunday, February 4th, 1962] (X)

A meeting of the [redacted] was called by [redacted] at [redacted] for ten AM this morning and lasted four hours. All were in preparation for the regular meeting to be held tomorrow night at the Alton Center. Correspondence was read by [redacted] and many organizations have asked for the support of the [redacted] to their organizations, including the American Civil Liberties; it was explained by [redacted] that they have changed their ways and are now supporting the Communist cause. Other organizations asking support in the Bronx House at Pelham Parkway, moved sometime ago 600 Washington Ave. in the Bronx. [redacted] conducts of [redacted] all present this morning. It was also mentioned by [redacted] that all under [redacted] would address meeting to-morrow night. (X)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/7/62

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-118525)

FROM: SA [redacted] (421)

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

SUBJECT: BRONX CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE
IS-C

Identity of Source [redacted]

Description of info

BCLC Meeting

Date Received

2/9/62

Original located [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - [redacted] (INV)(421)

1 - 100-136709 [redacted] (421)

1 - 100-10159 (American Civil Liberties)(41)

1 - 100-89179 (BELLA ALTSHULER)(421)

1 - 100-73561 (ABE UNGER)(421)

1 - 100-102320 (US vs. CP, USA)(41)

1 - 100-135246 [redacted] (41)

1 - 100-140046 [redacted] ()

1 - 140-8546 [redacted] ()

1 - 100-146744 [redacted] ()

1 - 100-99195 [redacted] ()

1 - 100-135476 [redacted] ()

1 - 100-71043 [redacted] (421)

1 - 100-85233 [redacted] (4)

1 - 100-100442 [redacted] (4)

1 - 100-97576 (STANLEY FAULKNER)

1 - 100-26503-C40 (Bronx County CP)(421)

1 - 100-

(FNU LNU, Male, about 40 yrs. of age, present

at mtg. of BCLC, 2/5/62 as per [redacted]

1 - 100-

(FNU LNU, Female, about 40 yrs. of age, wife

of above FNU LNU, act like newlyweds, present

at mtg. of BCLC 2/5/62, as per [redacted]

1 - 100-118525 (421)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/19/88

RO:mxg
(20)

10-24-82
Class. by 367 JAT/cdt

Date of Review OADR

April 29, 1972

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-819

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 7 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-118525

Monday, February 5, 1962.

A regular meeting of the Bronx Civil Liberties was held this this evening at, Allerton Center, 683 Allerton Ave.

[REDACTED]

in that reading action was taken on one request of the American Civil Liberties, where BELLA ALTSHULER will attend a dinner at the Hotel Astor on Feb. 22nd, and the BCL will pay the \$7.50 admission charge. Another request was by the Bronx House on Pelham Parkway; that request will also be granted by a delegation attending from the BCL on whatever program they have and also that the BCL will meet in their quarters sometime in the future with the intention of having the program of the BCL, such as civil rights and the Mc Carran Act adhered to and helped along by the people of Bronx House.

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ABE UNGER addressed this meeting and explained how the Mc Carran Act operates and what the BCL and other organizations can do to overcome that law; he said that appeals to the people is more essential than to Congressmen and legislators, after all he said; that the Judicial, Legislative and Executive Departments are all part of the Government arm and that they work together, therefore the BCL can gain more by spreading their work and appealing to the people direct and bring pressure on the Departments created under the constitution and that none of the Amendments such as the 1st and 5th are violated by any arm of the Government.

The following were present this evening:

ABE UNGER
BELLA ALTSHULER



Next regular meeting, Feb. 19th at Allerton Center
Speaker: STANLEY FAULKNER

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) (41) DATE: 1/2/62

FROM : SA [redacted] (424)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH CUBA
IS-C

Identity of Source: [redacted]

Description of info: WSCFRC party 12/15/61

Date Received: 12/19/61

Original located: [redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

b6
b7C
b7D

- 1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-144521) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (424)
- 1 - New York (100- [redacted]) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-113830) (MARVIN STERN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-83464) (HOPE HERN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-144437) (SAM UNGAR) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-143645) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100- [redacted]) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-114924) (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-146795) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)
- 1 - New York (100- [redacted]) (FNU) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-137303) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-93572) (NATIONAL GUARDIAN) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-144078) (41)

10-28-87
Class. by 367 DRT/KH
Date of Review OADR

SSM:tmb
(18)

(Please prepare 18 Haloid-Zerox copies of this memo and attached informant's report of two pages.)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)

DATE 1/2/62

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-820

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 2 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Dec 16, 1961

New York, N.Y.

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There was a surprise birthday party by members of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba for [redacted] also to hear the result of the court case of Harry Fishman. Charles O'Keefe and the home of [redacted] Dec 15 Friday

[redacted] The following were showed present: Charles O'Keefe [redacted] Marvin Stern [redacted] Harry Fishman Sam Ungar [redacted] Louis Krane [redacted] Bernice Rosen [redacted]

There was first the study class held regularly Friday night. Caroline's home under the leadership of Marvin Stern, its teacher. Later a cake was brought up to celebrate Caroline's birthday. During the festivities Louis Krane called on Harry Fishman to tell what happened at his court appearance.

Harry said he was found Not Guilty also Charles O'Keefe. He maintained that the officer who made the arrest lied repeatedly. But the lawyer for the police tried to present the contents of the bagged in evidence but the judge only accepted the paper. The lawyer from the G.S.C. was named Blumenthal. The judge declared in favor of Harry & Charles as Harry quoted cited the 1, 5, & 14 amendments to the constitution. p.7.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

II

Harry said he intends to sue for false arrest. Charles would like to forget the whole thing. Harry said later he could now be sent to Congressmen Ryan & the reform democrats. It was a small victory on a local scale for civil rights. It was decided to let [redacted] for more publicity on the case - a news release. It was also decided to get in touch with The National Guardian. He said that now we could distribute leaflets without harassment. The small get-together ended at 10:30 PM. [redacted]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy
1/22

CIVIL LIBERTY PERIL SEEN IN WAR THREAT

The American Civil Liberties Union warned yesterday that Americans must make "unprecedented" efforts to preserve civil liberties and to win the struggle with the Communist world.

In the organization's forty-first annual report, Patrick Murphy Malin, executive director, said the United States, as leader of the Western nations was confronted with this problem:

"Can we, while working for the victory of our coalition, also live so as to insure that it is in truth a victory for a nation—and a world—of liberty, justice and equality?"

He cited free speech, educational freedom, due process of law and elimination of racial discrimination as fields in which especially "good" management would be required of those who defended civil liberties.

Mr. Malin's statement constituted his farewell message after twelve years as executive director. He will leave on April 1 to become president of the American-operated Robert College, in Istanbul, Turkey.

He will be succeeded by John de J. Pemberton, a Rochester (Minn.) lawyer.

John de J. Pemberton
Executive Director
American Civil
Liberties Union

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. TIMES
EDITION LATE CITY
DATED 1/15/62
PAGE 18

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. CAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-821

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JAN 1 5 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Sto Jones *MG*

ACLU Warns Against

Influence of Military

The American Civil Liberties Union called today for a fight against mounting pressures for a "garrison state" and its "ex- themes of totalitarianism and tyranny."

In its 41st annual report, the ACLU warned against mounting governmental and military influences on Americans' lives, and said: "This is something which threatens far more people far more directly and far more deeply than the violation of the free speech of those who opposed the entry of the U. S. into World War I, or of those

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. POST
EDITION LATE CITY
DATED 1/15/62
PAGE 9

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION

BUFILE 61-190

100-101059-822

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 1 5 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

421 *[Signature]*

who sought to organize labor unions in the 1920s.

"It will be part of a purpose so high-minded, and in a world-wide contest with stakes so high and unimaginable destruction so near, that it will make the house UN-American Activities Committee and the Smith Act and the John Birch Society, by comparison, only childish tantrums."

The introduction to the report was written by Patrick Murphy Malin, ACLU executive director, who is leaving April 1 after 12

years to become president of the U. S.-operated Robert Colleges in Istanbul, Turkey.

Malin wrote:

"Because what faces us is the governmentalization and militarization (even where civilians are in command) of broad stretches of our life, from top to bottom. The citizen's control over elected and appointed officials (municipal and state, not just federal) will be cut back, the areas of private decision by individuals and groups of all sorts will be narrowed."

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :

SAC (100-45277)

DATE

1/16/62

FROM :

SA WILLIAM S. BETTS

SUBJECT :

COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HCUA
IS - C

On 12/21/61, [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past, personally provided a written statement to SA WILLIAM S. BETTS. This statement is contained in [REDACTED]

- 1 - Los Angeles (FRANK WILKINSON) (REGISTERED MAIL)
- 1 - Louisville (CARL BRADEN) (REGISTERED MAIL)
- 4 - New York (REGISTERED MAIL)

- 1 - (FRANK DONNER)
- 1 - (PATRICK MURPHY MALIN)
- 1 - (ACID)
- 1 - (NATIONAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES)
- 2 - San Francisco (REGISTERED MAIL)
- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - (ADA)

1 - Philadelphia (100-45277)
30 other appropriate
Philadelphia files

WSB:rdc
(39)

100-10157-823

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 25 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

"Friday, December 15, 1961

"A Bill of Rights Celebration was observed at the Ethical Society of Philadelphia, 1906 Rittenhouse Square, Philadelphia, Penna. on the evening of December 15, 1961.

"The first speaker was Dr. HILL of the Public Affairs Committee of the Ethical Society of Philadelphia. He spoke about free speech and civil liberties in general.

"He then introduced Rev. WILLIAM GRAY, JR. who was the general chairman for the evening. Mr. GRAY then introduced GILBERT SELDES who said he was an anarchist. At the present time he is opposed to the abolishing of the House Un-American Committee. He feels that there should be no government, but if it is necessary it should be as little as possible. He spoke about freedom of the press and related subjects.

"LUCY CARVER spoke in favor of abolishing the House Un-American Committee. She spoke about peace and civil rights. She said that 69 per cent of the United States government budget is on armaments or defense. As far as civil rights are concerned little money is in that budget.

"She tied in freedom of speech in with Negro rights Etc. She made an appeal for more money to abolish the House Un-American Committee. A collection was made.

"About eight people including speakers representing various groups were on the stage. In addition to the speakers there was a white girl representing some group. She had on shell rim glasses. SAM KENIN was on stage. A representative of the American Civil Liberties was on stage. He represents the Philadelphia chapter. A man represented the Philadelphia chapter of the Lawyers' Guild. The name sounded like PAUL or BALL.

"BURTON K. WHITE spoke last. He discussed the Salem, Mass. witchcraft trials. He went on to say that the

"House Un-American Committee serves no legislative purpose. He accused the House Un-American Committee of many things that was harmful to the communists and those who oppose the the United States. He claims that they deny civil liberties, subjugate workers, minority and civil right groups, etc. He stated that the House Un-American Committee has no right to ask the questions that they do.

"Mr. WHITE feels that all the people should write letters to President John F. Kennedy and their respective legislatures. The people should tell these individuals that the House Un-American Committee should be done away with. He said that the best way to get rid of the committee is to speak up against it at each opportunity.

"He spoke about the John Birch Society and about Senator BARRY GOLDWATER. He feels that Senator GOLDWATER has a right to speak but he is against him and his ideas. He definately does not like the John Birch Society. Mr. WHITE feels that many people are being needlessly persecuted. Some are serving in jail and many have lost their jobs, are disgraced and are suffering.

"There were about 200 people present in the hall. Some of those present and seen were: ARCHIE COLEMAN, DAVID DAVIS, WILLIAM HINTON, M. ELKO, ELLIOT KENIN, A. HARRY LEVITAN, WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD and lady (she signed one of petitions with name Mrs. CRAWFORD living on Parkside Ave., Phila., Pa.), MELVIN METELIS, ENOLA WHARTON, JOHN CARSILLA and others.

"JAMES DOLSEN was seen outside giving out leaflets for the next Social Science Forum.

"Some literature in the lobby was free. Others were for sale. Many youngsters from the Youth Chorus and Young Socialist Group in Philadelphia were present.

"The book 'THE UN-AMERICANS' by FRANK J. DONNER, published by Ballantine Books, 101 Fifth Ave., New York 3, N. Y. was on sale. Price is 60 cents."

PH 100-45277

Agent's Comments:

[] previously furnished on 12/13/61 a flyer announcing the "Bill of Rights Celebration" (100-45277-1B-1(7)) which identified Rev. WILLIAM H. GRAY, JR., as Pastor, Bright Hope Baptist Church; GILBERT SELDES as Dean, Annenberg School of Communications, University of Pennsylvania, and BURTON K. WHITE as Chairman, Bay Area Students Committee to Abolish the HUAC and leader of the anti-HUAC students' demonstration in San Francisco. It also listed the following sponsors:

American Civil Liberties Union
Greater Philadelphia Branch

Civil Liberties Committee
Yearly Meeting, Religious Society
of Friends

Lawyers Guild
Philadelphia Branch

Political Action Committee
Swarthmore College

Special Affairs Committee
Philadelphia Ethical Society

National Committee to Abolish HUAC
Philadelphia Council

Women's International League for
Peace and Freedom
State Branch

University of Pennsylvania
Civil Liberties Committee

On 12/21/61, [] furnished to SA BETTS the following items of literature obtained at the above meeting on 12/15/61 which are being retained in 100-45277-1B-1(8):

1. Petition to President Kennedy urging clemency for CARL BRADEN and FRANK WILKINSON who were sentenced to Federal prison.
2. Contribution slip headed "National Committee to Abolish the HUAC, Philadelphia Branch, 1012 66th Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa." (This is the residence of DAVID BLOOM.)
3. Leaflet headed "The Bill of Rights" setting forth amendments and issued by the ACLU of Pennsylvania, 260 South 15th Street, Philadelphia.
4. Pamphlet captioned "Why Should Congress Abolish The House Un-American Activities Committee?" This item is published by the American Civil Liberties Union, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York 10, N. Y., dated 1/1961. This item sets forth various reasons why they think the HCUA should be abolished, setting forth reprints from the "New York Times," 8/3/56 and 4/30/60; from the "New York Herald Tribune," 6/14/60, and the "San Francisco Chronicle," 4/24/60, and from the "Washington Post," 11/26/60. This ~~reprint~~ is an attempt to discredit the movie "Operation Abolition."
5. Leaflet issued by the American Civil Liberties Union, Greater Philadelphia Branch, Fellowship Commission Building, 260 South 15th Street, Philadelphia 2, Pa., dated 4/61. This leaflet sets out several arguments as to why the HCUA should be abolished and sets out reprints from the "New York Times," 4/30/60; "New York Herald Tribune," 6/14/60, and the "Wilmington, Delaware, Evening Journal," 3/25/61. This later article is captioned "Dissent Differs From Disloyalty," and is an attack on the film "Operation Abolition."
6. Pamphlet captioned "Our Patriotic Duty To Dissent" issued by WILPF, 2006 Walnut Street, Philadelphia 3, Pa.

PH 100-45277

7. A book captioned "San Francisco and the Un-American Activities Committee" prepared by the Northern California Chapter, Americans for Democratic Action, 41 Sutter Street, San Francisco.
8. A pamphlet captioned "Guilt By Subpoena" by PATRICK MURPHY MALIN, Executive Director, ACLU, issued by ACLU, New York. This pamphlet attempts to discredit the House Un-American Activities Committee and also sets forth some of the philosophy of ACLU.
9. A booklet captioned "Operation Abolition Some Facts and Comments" published for the Department of Religious Liberty, National Council of Churches of Christ in the U.S.A., by the Office of Publication and Distribution, 475 Riverside Drive, New York 27, N. Y. This booklet generally attempts to discredit the movie "Operation Abolition."
10. A brochure captioned "Goals for 1961" issued by ACLU, New York. This item is retained in 100-1086-1B-2(36).

ACLU Fight P.O. Bill Change on Mail

The American Civil Liberties Union today asked the Senate Post Office Committee to eliminate an amendment to the postal rate revision bill which bars the distribution of Communist propaganda.

The amendment to the postal bill approved by the House three weeks ago would bar the Post Office from handling both foreign and domestic mail, that the Attorney General finds to be Communist political propaganda.

In a letter to Sen. Johnston (D-S.C.), chairman of the committee, Malin said the amendment was a "device to reinstitute the program of censorship of foreign political matter which President Kennedy ended last March on the grounds that it served no useful intelligence purpose and also was an obstacle to international cultural exchanges."

In a letter to Sen. Johnston (D-S.C.), chairman of the committee, Malin said the amendment was a "device to reinstitute the program of censorship of foreign political matter which President Kennedy ended last March on the grounds that it served no useful intelligence purpose and also was an obstacle to international cultural exchanges."

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. POST

EDITION DATE CITY

DATED 2/12/62

PAGE 7

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-824

FEB 12 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-04-2012

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW HAVEN

Date 3/13/62

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-2545)

SUBJECT: VETERANS OF THE ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE
IS - C

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

Identity of source

[redacted] who has furnished re-
liable information in the past.

Description of info

Mass meeting of VALB 2/25/62

Date received

2/26/62

Original located

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

2 - New Haven (RM)

1 - (100-) (VALB)
1 - (100-11447) (MILTON WOLFF)

2 - San Francisco (RM)

1 - (100-) (VALB)

1 - (100-29913) (VINCENT HALLINAN)

1 - New York [redacted] (INV) (424)

1 - New York (100-73561) (ABE UNGER) (421)

1 - New York (100-88609) (ALBERT PAULA) (421)

1 - New York (100-102591) (CELIA PAULA) (421)

1 - New York (100-) (HY ROSNER)

1 - New York (100-56244) (MOE FISHMAN) (424)

1 - New York (100-25849) (DR EDWARD BARSKY) (424)

1 - New York (100-72778) [redacted] (412)

1 - New York (100-98976) [redacted] (412)

1 - New York (100-83801) [redacted] (412)

1 - New York (100-52478) [redacted] (423)

1 - New York (100-79937) (HY WALLACH) (422)

1 - New York (100-132462) (MRS WALLACH) (422)

1 - New York (100-21444) (PAUL SCHREIBER) (421)

1 - New York (100-133788) (CARRIE SCHREIBER) (421)

1 - New York (100-72757) (JACK YELLIN) (422)

1 - New York (100-90168) [redacted] (422)

1 - New York (100-81860) (CLARK FOREMAN) (41)

10-28-85
Class. by 367URT/KW
Date of Review QADR

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b7C
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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)
DATE 8/16/79

COPIES CONTINUED

SSM:mtm
(60)

CLASSIFIED BY
EXEMPTED FROM
DATE

100-10159-825
SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIAL.....FILE.....
MAR 31 1962
J.G. Jones

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-2545

1 - New York (100-60648) (GEORGE CHAIKIN) (423)
1 - New York (100-34067) (MRS CHAIKIN) (423)
1 - New York (100-35071) (FELIX KUSMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-) (IRVING FAJANS)
1 - New York (100- 63727) (SAM SCHIFF) (424)
1 - New York (100-143634) () (412)
1 - New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-70557) (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
1 - New York (100-67217) (CELIA SAPERSTEIN) (424)
1 - New York (100-143645) () (424)
1 - New York (100-114924) (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
1 - New York (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
1 - New York (100-87097) (SARAH PLOTKIN) (424)
1 - New York (100-70087) (TAMARA TKACH) (424)
1 - New York (100-133518) (REGINA BOELICKI) (421)
1 - New York (100-65333) (LOUIS SECUNDA)
1 - New York (100-) () (423)
1 - New York (100-18673) (GEORGE WATT) (421)
1 - New York (100-47211) (STEVE NELSON) (424)
1 - New York (100-147483) () (412)
1 - New York (100-81435) (GERALD COOK) (421)
1 - New York (100-5700) (ART SHIELDS) (424)
1 - New York (100-) (WOODY GUTHRIE)
1 - New York (100-15828) (JOE BRANDT) (424)
1 - New York (100-16294) (SYLVIA BRANDT) (424)
1 - New York (100-133660) () (424)
1 - New York (100-136577) () (424)
1 - New York (100-50937) (VINCENT COPELAND) (415)
1 - New York (100-124492) () (415)
1 - New York (100-136294) () (413)
1 - New York (100-111666) (JACK SHULMAN) (415)
1 - New York (100-67234) (RUTH SHULMAN) (424)
1 - New York (100-50094) (ESTHER CANTOR) (421)
1 - New York (100-107419) (ECLC) (41)
1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLC) (415)
1 - New York (100-102320) (US VS CPUSA) (415)
1 - New York (100-2545) (41)

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NY 100-2545

Feb. 25, 1962
New York, N.Y.

There was a mass meeting of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade to celebrate the 25 anniversary of the founding of the Brigade, its purpose was twofold, to fight against McCarran Act registration and for amnesty of political prisoners in Spain. It was held at the palm gardens 306 West 52 St, NYC, Sunday afternoon at 2:30 p.m. Feb 25, 1962. There were nearly 1500 persons present. It was announced that hundreds had been turned away. Among those observed present were: ABE UNGER, ALBERT PAULA & CELIA PAULA, HY ROSNER, MOE FISHMAN, DR. EDWARD B BARSKY, [REDACTED], MILTON WOLFF, MAURY COLON, HY WALLACH & wife, VINCENT HALLINAN, PAUL SCHRIEBER & CARRIE, JACK YELLIN [REDACTED] CLARK FOREMAN, GEORGE CHAKIN & wife, FELIX KUSMAN, IRVING FAJANS, SAM SCHIFF, [REDACTED] HARRY FISHMAN, CHARLES O'KEEFE, CELIA SAPERSTEIN, [REDACTED] LOUIS KRANES, PAULINE ROSEN, SARAH PLOTKIN, TAMARA TKACH, REGINA BIELIK, LOUIS SECUNDA [REDACTED] GEORGE WATT, STEVE NELSON, [REDACTED] GERALD COOK, ART SHIELDS, WOODY GUTHRIE, JOE BRANDT, SYLVIA BRANDT, [REDACTED] VINCENT COPELAND & wife, [REDACTED] JACK SCHULMAN, RUTH SCHULMAN, ESTHER CANTOR. JCS

The meeting opened at 2:30 p.m. with the singing of the National Anthem. There was no chairman but it was presented in a sort of theatrical narrative presentation with a voice off stage giving the history of the ABRAHAM LINCOLN Brigade, shots of the Lincoln Brigade in Spain were shown. On the stage was a huge sign saying 6000 political prisoners. Documents and letters were read that served to introduce the speakers.

The first speaker was CLARK FOREMAN, Director of Emergency Civil Liberties Comm. He stated that MOE FISHMAN had appealed to the committee for legal representation to present their case against registration. He stated that MOE told him that he MOE felt perhaps the committee would be offended if they were the last to be called on since the court refused to give an attorney. The A.C.L.U. had turned them down & the Bar Association had refused to act. To the contrary he felt it would be an honor to present the case. That the E.C.L.C. was in the fight to the finish and they hoped to awaken the conscience of the Supreme Court and defeat the McCarran Act.

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NY 100-2545

A letter from one LAUREMIR PENA that was smuggled from Spain gave the plight of the political prisoners of Spain.

The next speaker was Dr. EDWARD BARSKY. He spoke of the Vets being considered as premature anti-fascists. He said that since their return they had been persecuted for their actions. He stated that the Brigade had been in the forefront in fighting against Fascism and now they had been singled out because of their fighting stand to destroy their organization. He said that the Vets would never register and would continue fighting against fascism.

A letter was read from SEAN O'CASEY urging and praising the Vets' stand for amnesty of political prisoners in Spain.

PETE SEEGER was the entertainment. He sang several songs that were popular in Spain and then sang a folk song in which he was joined by WOODY GUTHRIE.

A dispatch was read that was written by ERNEST HEMINGWAY while he was in Spain and at the same time slides were shown of him in Spain. This served to introduce MILT WOLFF who made the collection speech. A litograph of a poster from Spain was given to all those who contributed. Later it was announced that \$2,200 was collected. MILT WOLFF said the vets had never stopped fighting against fascism and never will. The fight against McCarran Act registration was a fight for all Americans. He reiterated that the Vets would never register and would wage an all-out fight against the McCarran Act.

A speech was then read by DOLORA IABURRI when the Vets were about to leave Spain. She praised them for coming and said they would be always loved by the Spanish. The last and principal speaker was VINCENT HALLINAN. He said that there was fascism in the U.S. although a lot of people don't believe it.

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NY 100-2545

He compared the present events in the U.S. government, the military and economic joining; with the combination of the industrialists & militarists that lead to the advent of HITLER. He said that the U.S. government was helping fascist governments in the Far East. He cited his trip to the Philippine & Thailand which he called dependence of the U.S. controlled & governed by the State Department. He said there is no denying that the present U.S. government was fascistic, although many would deny it. He said there is no strong left movement left in the U.S. He said that it was about time that the people of the U.S. awoke to this fact and should fight back with all the resources of their command. He said it was never too young & never too old to participate stating that MC CARTHY hysteria had wiped out a generation of progressives. He praised the Vets for fighting against registration and for always having been in the front against fascism. He, at the end of his speech, noted the signs he had seen on a trip to Cuba. Don't give up & Don't sell yourself. u

The meeting ended at 4:30 p.m. The audience was very enthusiastic. There mostly elderly people and a large proportion of young people.

2/25/62

After the collection MOE FISHMAN read two resolutions one to attorney General KENNEDY protesting against the McCarran Registration Act and the second calling on President KENNEDY to help free the political prisoners in Spain.

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encl 3/23

NINE IN PROTEST AIDED

**Liberties Union to Defend
Some in A-Test Rally**

The American Civil Liberties Union said yesterday it would defend nine of the forty-two persons arrested March 8 in the Times Square area during a rally protesting nuclear testing.

The union said it had taken the position that it would defend only those who had been accused of disorderly conduct or resisting arrest while being involved in alleged police brutality. It will not defend persons accused of civil disobedience, the organization explained.

All of the persons arrested are now receiving legal assistance, either through the union or through their own lawyers.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 3/20/62

PAGE 26

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. OAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

pls attach

100-10159-826

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAR 20 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Signatures]

SAC (100-37762)

3/30/62

SA JOHN WALLACE VERTZ

CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND
THE BILL OF RIGHTS (CCDBR)
IS - C

On 3/13/62, [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, personally provided SA JOHN WALLACE VERTZ with a verbatim copy of a letter from CLARENCE PICKETT to Professor B. A. SOKOLOFF of the University of Cincinnati, dated 3/9/62, a copy of which was sent to RICHARD CRILEY at CCDBR Headquarters.

The original is maintained in Chicago file [redacted]. It is being set forth in its entirety on the following pages:

EXTREME CARE SHOULD BE EXERCISED IN REPORTING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IN ORDER TO AFFORD MAXIMUM SECURITY TO THE INFORMANT.

Recommendation: None.

1 - Cincinnati (100- Prof. B. A. SOKOLOFF)(RM)

1 - Philadelphia (100- CLARENCE PICKETT)(RM)

(2) - New York (RM)

1 - 100-

(1) - 100-

SYLVIA CRANE

ACLU

4 - Chicago

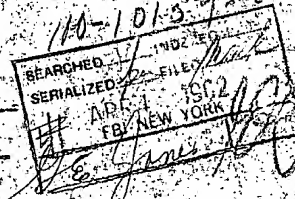
1 - [redacted]

1 - 100-18080 (RICHARD CRILEY)

1 - 100- (HAROLD PEY)

JWW:JVK

(8)



CG 100-37762

"Dear Professor Sokoloff:

"Thank you for sending me a copy to Cong. Walter's letter to you and your tentative reply and the suggested data for a more adequate reply. I think you have done a very good job and the important thing is that it is your reply and not one dictated by someone else.

"I think, however, it might be well to remember that this ad occurred out of concern for year long imprisonment of Frank Wilkinson and Carl Braden for contempt of Congress and the constant accusations against them that since they were unwilling to reply to the question whether or not they were Communists, the assumption of the Committee was that they were Communists. This is entirely an untrue assumption and is, it seems to me, clear evidence of the dangers of HUAC to the liberties of the American people.

"I am glad you have written ACLU in New York. Do they have a branch in Cincinnati? If so, you might consult them as to a suitable letter.

"I do not know Sen. Stephen Young of Ohio. If he is at all concerned in the field of civil liberties it might be well to talk to him.

"I have just received a letter from Harold Fey, Editor Emeritus of the Christian Century, Chicago, who also received a letter from Cong. Walter, which is identical to the one you received. I am writing Harold Fey much in the same vein that I have written you, viz, that I have no disposition to dissuade anyone from accepting that invitation, but that I doubt very much if much enlightenment would come from such an interview. It seems to me you have handled your situation very well and I hope you feel satisfied with your decision to decline the invitation and to write a letter instead.

"Sincerely yours,
"Clarence E. Lickett

"cc Mrs. Crane
Mr. Criley"

Indices Search Slip
FD-160 (Rev. 10-1-59)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date

4-4-62

Subject

ACLU

Aliases

Address

Birth Date

Birthplace

Race

Sex

☐ Male
☐ Female

☐

Exact Spelling

☐

Main Criminal Case Files Only

☐

Restrict to Locality of

☐

All References

☐

Criminal References Only

☐

Main Subversive Case Files Only

☐

Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

☐

Subversive References Only

☐

Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number

Remarks

File & Serial Number

Remarks

Surfaced

Requested by

Squad

Extension

File No.

Searched by

4/4
(date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

(date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical

? - Not identifiable

NI - Not identical

U - Unavailable reference

RYUKYU STEP PRAISED

Civil Liberties Union Asks
Election of Chief Official

President Kennedy was commended yesterday by the American Civil Liberties Union for taking steps to extend civil rights and local autonomy in the Ryukyu Islands in the Pacific.

The union said, however, that the new executive order did not "contribute to solving the conflict of security with freedom" that has marked American occupation of the islands since the end of World War II.

In a letter to Robert S. McNamara, Secretary of Defense, the society welcomed changes that would make a civilian rather than a military man the islands' civil administrator and allow nomination of the chief executive of the islands by the legislature. But the union maintained that genuine autonomy could not be assured unless the chief executive was either popularly elected or designated rather than nominated by the legislature.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 4/23/62

PAGE 2

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. OAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-828

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 23 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Handwritten initials and signatures]

Optional Form No. 10
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
M E M O R A N D U M

~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (61-8077)

Date: April 26, 1962

FROM : SAC, DETROIT (100-13136) (RUC)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT: GUS HALL
IS - C; ISA OF 1950
(OO: NEW YORK)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD
DIVISIONS
SLIP (S)
DATE 5/16/78

- 4 - Bureau (REGISTERED)
(1 - 100-436225) (U.S. FESTIVAL COMMITTEE)
(1 - 100-436224) (EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL) U

- 1 - Baltimore (REGISTERED)
(100-12412) (ROBERT LEE) X

- 4 - Cleveland (REGISTERED)
(1 - 100-) (ANTON KRCHMAREK) X
(1 - 100-) X
(1 - 100-) X
(1 - 100-) X

- 6 - Chicago (REGISTERED)
(1 - 100-3470) (MORRIS CHILDS) X
(1 - 100-) (SAM DAVIS) X
(1 - 100-17517) (GUS HALL) X
(1 - 100-2748) (SAM KUSHNER) X
(1 - 100-18953) (CP, ILLINOIS DISTRICT ORGANIZATION) X
(1 - 100-) (MIDWEST EDITION "THE WORKER") X

- 2 - Minneapolis (REGISTERED)
(1 - 100-371) (SAM DAVIS) X
(1 - 100-1878) (MINNESOTA-DAKOTAS DISTRICT ORGANIZATION)

- 17 - New York (REGISTERED)
(1 - 100-) (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES)
(1 - 100-80532) (HERBERT APTHEKER) X
(1 - 100-56574) (PHIL BART) X
(1 - 100-23825) (BENJAMIN DAVIS) X
(1 - 100-1696) (BETTY GANNETT) X

WLH/hrw
(55)

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CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-829

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 2 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

James

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~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

17 - New York (REGISTERED) (Con't.)

(1 - 100-84994) (GUS HALL)
(1 - 100-16785) (JAMES JACKSON)
(1 - 100-105078) (HYMAN LUMER)
(1 - 100-1158) (JAMES LUSTIG)
(1 - 100-48033) (IRVING POTASH)
(1 - 100-18065) (JACK STACHEL)
(1 - 100-) (BOB LNU)
(1 - 100-) (JEAN LNU)
(1 - 100-) (SHELLY LNU)
(1 - 100-80641) (CP, USA ORGANIZATION)
(1 - 100-80644) (CP, USA YOUTH)
(1 - 97-169) ("THE WORKER")

21 - Detroit

(1 - 100-10657) (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES)
(1 - 100-807) (WILLIAM ALLAN)
(1 - 100-14627) (PHIL BART)
(1 - 100-21535) (BENJAMIN DAVIS)
(1 - 100-15066) (SAM DAVIS)
(1 - 100-8482) (THOMAS DENNIS)
(1 - 100-13137) (BETTY GANNETT)
(1 - 100-12758) (JAMES JACKSON)
(1 - 100-29870) (JAMES LUSTIG)
(1 - 100-9436) (ERNEST MAZEY)
(1 - 100-18650) (IRVING POTASH)
(1 - 100-15043) (JACK STACHEL)
(1 - 100-13420) (CARL WINTER)
(1 - 100-13740) (HELEN WINTER)
(1 - 100-21782) [REDACTED]
(1 - 100-2050) (MD CP - ORGANIZATION)
(1 - 100-16538) (CP MD YOUTH MATTERS)
(1 - 100-30141) (LABOR TODAY)
(1 - 100-29950) (U.S. FESTIVAL COMMITTEE)
(1 - 100-29826) (EIGHTH WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL)

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~~SECRET~~

Re New York airtel dated April 9, 1962, captioned, "GUS HALL, IS - C; ISA OF 1950". Referenced airtel advised that GUS HALL intended to travel to Detroit, Michigan, on April 11, 1962, and would be staying at the residence of CARL WINTER, 9556 Burnette, Detroit. (S)

GUS HALL arrived in Detroit at 2:45 p.m., April 12, 1962, with MORRIS CHILDS from Chicago, Illinois. MORRIS CHILDS remained until 10:00 a.m., April 13, 1962, and then returned to Chicago. HALL departed from Detroit for Cleveland, Ohio, during the afternoon of April 13, 1962. (S)

DE 874-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, was able to furnish the following information pertaining to the conference between GUS HALL, CARL WINTER and HELEN WINTER on April 12 and 13, 1962. (S)

MORRIS CHILDS participated in this conference until 10:00 a.m. on April 13, 1962. (S)

Due to the sensitive nature of this source, care should be utilized in the dissemination of this information. (S)

No further action is contemplated at Detroit, and matter is considered RUC. (S)

GUS HALL and MORRIS CHILDS arrived at the residence of CARL WINTER, 9556 Burnette, Detroit, at 2:45 p.m., April 12, 1962. GUS HALL mentioned that they would be staying in Detroit overnight and would need hotel accommodations. Both departed from WINTER's residence after commenting on the fact that they did not believe that they were being followed. (S)

Both GUS HALL and MORRIS CHILDS returned to WINTER's residence in the evening of April 12, 1962, to have dinner. During dinner CARL remarked that he had received a letter from ANTON KRCHMAREK asking him to speak at Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio, on May 1, 1962. He stated that if he felt well enough he would make the speech. WINTER also stated that he had received an invitation to speak at Manchester College, Manchester, Indiana, on May 16, 1962. (S)

GUS HALL, HELEN and CARL WINTER, and MORRIS CHILDS during the evening of April 12, 1962, discussed likely candidates to attend the Eighth World Youth Festival to be (S)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

held in Helsinki. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was one of those being considered. HALL indicated that about 50 youths from the United States will make the trip, and related that persons that they consider should be inclined toward or have an interest in socialism. HALL also related that the delegates sent by the CP must also be prepared to continue travel after the conclusion of the festival. This travel of the delegates after the conclusion of the festival must be supervised and planned by the CP. X

During the course of the evening CARL WINTER in discussing "Labor Today" commented to HALL that the first issue to be published will be dated "Spring, 1962" rather than to list any specific month. X

On April 13, 1962, MORRIS CHILDS and GUS HALL arrived at the residence of CARL WINTER, 9556 Burnette, Detroit, at approximately 8:45 a.m., where they had breakfast with HELEN and CARL WINTER. Considerable discussion took place between GUS HALL and HELEN and CARL WINTER relating to specific matters. X

CARL WINTER inquired of GUS HALL as to the advisability of having a conference for the Midwest Edition "The Worker" and was told by HALL that he did not consider it advisable. X

HALL advised CARL WINTER that he is not up-to-date on what JAMES JACKSON has discussed relative to the contents of "The Worker" but there will probably be one page for Michigan. HALL stated that SAM DAVIS can only work on the Midwest news on a limited basis. X

CARL WINTER remarked that he has made a proposal previously to the effect that one-half of the front page be written in New York at the discretion of the editors, and part of the front page to contain more important issues and industrial questions. He also recommended that on the front page there should be a box listing the articles which appear inside the newspaper. X

CARL WINTER stated that he does not see any reason to discontinue the Midwest Edition on April 23, 1962, just because SAM KUSHNER is leaving Chicago. WINTER contends that

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SAM DAVIS is capable and can carry on when SAM KUSHNER leaves. WINTER mentioned that JAMES JACKSON has stated that when SAM DAVIS takes over they should abolish the title of Midwest Editor which KUSHNER has utilized. Therefore, according to this suggestion of JACKSON, SAM DAVIS will be the Chicago correspondent just as WILLIAM ALLAN is the Detroit correspondent. WINTER contends that three-fourths of the pages of the Midwest Edition are prepared in the Midwest. He stated he is against discontinuing the Midwest Edition. X

GUS HALL remarked that circulation in the Midwest of "The Worker" has declined and WINTER blamed this in part on SAM KUSHNER's political limitations. CARL WINTER recalled that KUSHNER had sent a suggestion to New York that an expert from New York should be assigned the job of handling the Midwest Edition. WINTER stated that KUSHNER had suggested that someone from Chicago and someone from Detroit send articles and clippings to New York and let the New York staff print a Chicago page and a Detroit page. WINTER stated that this proposal was not feasible as the editors in New York do not know the issues in Chicago and Detroit and, therefore, can not recognize what is politically important in each of those cities. X

HELEN WINTER remarked that she and CARL WINTER had met with JAMES LUSTIG on April 10, 1962, to discuss "The Worker" articles, and it was apparent that the staff in New York receives plenty of articles pertaining to Chicago and Detroit, but that because they are unable to evaluate the articles, they do not use them. It seems that they have failed to utilize various articles submitted by WILLIAM ALLAN. HALL acknowledged that WILLIAM ALLAN is a good reporter, but that he is not satisfactory as a writer and his material needs much editing. X

CARL WINTER and GUS HALL discussed the fact that JEAN KRCHMAREK is not submitting articles for "The Worker" because she is afraid that if "The Worker" admits affiliation with the CP, she will lose her job. She has not actually refused to write articles, according to WINTER, but has indicated she does not want the articles to bear her by-line.

In discussing the general organization in the Michigan area, CARL WINTER advised GUS HALL that they are having a lot of trouble in the State of Michigan. He quoted as an

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- 5 -

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example of the trouble a bill which was introduced in the Michigan Legislature to outlaw the CP. CARL WINTER stated that he had anticipated trying to get the House of Representatives to block the bill in committee; however, it had passed the House before he could attempt any action. WINTER reported that he had discussed this matter with THOMAS DENNIS and thought that he should contact the Americans for Democratic Action, the American Civil Liberties Committee, and ERNEST MAZEY (an officer of Local 212, UAW, AFL-CIO) to solicit aid to defeat the bill in the Senate; however, again WINTER was too late and he read in the newspaper that the bill had already passed the Michigan State Senate.

He stated that now the only alternative is to try to convince the Governor of Michigan to veto the bill, but that he does not expect any results as that would assist GEORGE ROMNEY, who is a Republican candidate for Governor, to defeat the present Governor of Michigan.

CARL WINTER, HELEN WINTER, and GUS HALL continued to discuss CP organization in Michigan. They acknowledged that they would have to cut down on the size of the organization, which in turn makes more work for the individuals involved.

CARL WINTER pointed out that THOMAS DENNIS at present is a combination of district organizer, organization secretary and administrative secretary. In addition, he attends classes every other week in dialectical materialism. Consequently, everything that does not need immediate attention is pushed aside, and eventually forgotten. WINTER stated that in reality this is not THOMAS DENNIS' fault as he has more work than he can possibly handle. There is no one to assist him in keeping current the necessary work on administrative and organizational matters. WINTER stated that when DENNIS concentrates on administrative work, he is very effective, but that he cannot be allowed to handle this work as he is more valuable in organizational work.

WINTER stated that the CP in Michigan is so short on qualified personnel and DENNIS has so much work to do that it is mandatory that they have a full-time organizer and administrative secretary to help THOMAS DENNIS. WINTER stated that DENNIS is competent and is politically oriented and could make a real contribution.

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DE 100-13136

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HALL stated that a year ago he discussed with ROBERT LEE the possibility of LEE's moving to Detroit to assist in this type of work; however, at the time there was a question as to whether LEE's wife would consent to move to Michigan.

HELEN WINTER suggested that LEE come to Detroit for a period of time until something else could be worked out.

CARL WINTER said it is evident that to utilize DENNIS fully, much of this administrative work must be taken off of his shoulders by assigning a full-time assistant who could handle all administrative work and leave the organizational details for THOMAS DENNIS.

CARL WINTER stated that DENNIS has much potential, he is sincere, a deep thinker, and a responsible person and can capably handle the assignment of additional responsibility provided the administrative work is taken off of his shoulders.

HELEN WINTER suggested at this point that more consideration be given to having ROBERT LEE come to Detroit.

CARL WINTER stated that he is deeply concerned that members of the CP are being driven away from the organization. He stated that we are answering a whole lot of questions on a much more solid and sound way and giving answers that people can respond to, but we are not beginning to reflect something organizationally. He stated that the CP is not facing certain remedies in the current situation.

CARL WINTER stated that ERNEST MAZEY is trying to get a full-time job with the American Civil Liberties Union to organize chapters throughout the State of Michigan. He stated that MAZEY is interested in political action in the trade unions, and described him as a very energetic and able individual. He stated that MAZEY is a good speaker and organizer, and has been successful in the Detroit area. WINTER suggested that the CP find a way to join forces with MAZEY and his group.

CARL WINTER suggested that inasmuch as the Governor of Michigan will not veto the bill outlawing the CP in Michigan, a new organization such as a Michigan Commonwealth Party, should be created so that they can draw in some of these forces; for example, the groups organized by ERNEST MAZEY.

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He noted that individuals who have formerly been active in the CP now hesitate to be put in a position connecting them with the Party or Party's activities. He stated that they have only six individuals in the Michigan area who continue to work for the CP because they have nothing to lose anyway.

WINTER stated we have to find some new instrumentality which does not mean that we have to abolish the CP but that we have to work in a different way to keep what we have and consolidate what we have, and at the same time use it so more people can join forces with us. We have to have a prospective for years from now.

HALL in reply to WINTER's statement acknowledged that there have been some discussions along this line but that nothing has been finalized to date.

HALL stated that there is going to be set up nationally a Foundation Marxist Center to be headed by HERBERT APTHEKER and Professor [redacted] (phonetic) to publicly present Marxist questions for discussion and even possibly set up schools and classes. It will also be the function of this center to arrange for television time and present panelled discussions.

HELEN WINTER criticized material circulated by the CP as being out of date and not current with the present time. She suggested that a discussion take place to remedy this situation.

HALL replied that along this line last week the Administrative Committee was abolished and a smaller organizational committee of JACK (possibly STACHEL), BOB (LNU), BEN (possibly DAVIS), PHIL (possibly BART) and BETTY (possibly GANNETT) was set up. HALL stated that in general the organization must be cut down and discussion along this line has been delayed until the eighth, at which time there will be a two day review of basic areas of work. The persons to participate in this discussion have not been selected as yet, but will consist of representatives from all over the country.

CARL WINTER suggested that one man be assigned to travel continually for the CP to keep the various leaders advised as to current activities. HALL replied that BOB (LNU)

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is on the road constantly and that that is his purpose. HALL stated that IRVING (possibly POTASH) has been very helpful in New York along this line. WINTER suggested that IRVING be assigned to the New York cadre inasmuch as everyone is critical of him on the national level.

HALL then discussed an individual named JEAN, who apparently works in or near the National Headquarters. He stated that although she is quite able, she is of very little help because she does not take shorthand. He stated that JEAN is capable of doing more work, but that she has some very emotional problems, including the fact that her son recently left her.

HALL then stated that SHELLY (blank) from downstairs is also helpful, but that he realizes now that he is going to have to reorganize the entire staff.

During this discussion GUS HALL commented that the present administration is slow on having trials on the McCarran Act as they would rather hold the trials at election time. He stated that it is obvious that the administration is not rushing it. He further stated that the present administration is very cautious as it does not want to create the image of "McCarthyism".

HALL stated that a discussion on the youth of the CP must take place. He stated that there has to be an official position recognized that the CP has a different approach and different relationship to all youth that is interested in socialism. He stated that these are sincere, young people who do not know the difference between the Socialist Party and the Communist Party. HALL stated that at most of the locations where he speaks before a young group, there is no difference between the young socialists and the Communists in their relationship to him. He stated that they are enthusiastic about working with him, and recommended that the CP should work with the various societies at the colleges. He pointed out that at most colleges they have clubs and movements that are moving to the left, but not beyond the left. He stated that they have a high level of understanding in matters that are political, such as the peace issue.

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HALL stated that at the various colleges the CP is going to have to develop a core of such people, but that caution must be exercised in their relationship with other existing movements so as not to splinter the whole project before it gets underway.

[] was in Detroit on April 12, 1962, to stay overnight as she planned to visit the Federal Prison at Milan, Michigan, the following day. During the afternoon of April 12, 1962, HELEN WINTER and [] visited the Wayne State University campus, Detroit, and [] had dinner with GUS HALL, MORRIS CHILDS and CARL WINTER on April 12, 1962.

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b7C

At this time she told GUS HALL that she was visiting Milan the following day and would also have an opportunity to see HYMAN LUMER.

On the following day, April 13, 1962, when HELEN WINTER was conversing with GUS HALL, she stated that [] had made a couple of interesting comments while in Detroit the previous day. She said that [] was extremely critical of the way former Party leaders and people active in the Party are now placing themselves. [] stated that she is not active at the present time in the CP, but at least she keeps up with things and tries to maintain a healthy view of the plight of the CP.

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W.R.
5/9

**A. C. L. U. ASSAILS ARMY
IN NEWSPAPER INQUIRY**

Index

The Army's investigation of The Overseas Weekly has been criticized in a letter to Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara from John de J. Pemberton Jr., executive director of the American Civil Liberties Union. The letter, dated April 24, was made public yesterday.

Mr. Pemberton was critical of the military investigation of the newspaper's suitability for distribution on military newsstands, and of the failure of the investigators to provide a hearing for the owners or editors.

"We believe that the entire investigation into the content of The Overseas Weekly smacks of official censorship that has no place in an open and free society," Mr. Pemberton said.

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 5/3/62

PAGE 16

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. OAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10158-850

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 3 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

100-10158-850

His 'Obstinate Streak' Explains Much About New ACLU Head

By JOSEPH WECHSLER

*John 100-32549-65 p3
neg. file - 65a
full search*

only JOHN de J. PEMBERTON JR., the new executive director of the American Civil Liberties Union, is 43, father of five, a lawyer, son of a surgeon, a Republican, a Quaker, with ancestors who came over before the American Revolution. How did he get into his present ACLU top spot? "Well," he replies, "some of my fellow lawyers say I've converted my avocation into a vocation. I think that's to be envied."

How come he's a Republican? "That's just more of that same interest of mine in minority groups," he says, a big grin breaking over his good-looking features. He's a tall, blond-grey, crew-cut, deep-voiced, pipe-smoking youngish man. "But I don't have to remind you that the ACLU is totally non-partisan," he adds.

His father, who came from North Carolina, moved to Rochester, Minn., home of the Mayo Clinic, where he was a surgeon for more than 30 years. Young Pemberton was born in Rochester. His two brothers are surgeons. How come he turned to the law? "Well, my father always said I had an obstinate streak in me."

Pemberton was brought up an Episcopalian but became a Quaker ("joined the Meeting") after World War II. "More of that same obstinateness," he says with a smile, "just put it down to rebellion. I felt I had a right to a church of my own."

Closeup



**John de J.
Pemberton**

It's apparent that the ACLU's new top man is a rugged individualist—the kind that comes in handy in the fight for civil liberties.

The "de J." in his name stands for de Jarnette, a French captain who came to America and fought in the American Revolution. His daughter married a Richard Pemberton from England—and that's where the Pemberton ancestry began in the U. S. With that kind of background, he might have been tempted to go into history instead of the law. "Ah, but I learned this genealogy much too recently," he explains with a laugh—"someone in North Carolina just worked it out."

After getting his early education in Rochester schools, young Jack Pemberton earned his B.A. from Swarthmore College in 1940. A month before Pearl Harbor he joined the Quakers' American Field Service—"I had some uncertain leanings toward pacifism then."

Re: John de J. Pemberton

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. POST

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 4/26/62

PAGE 58

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
IS-C

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-831

SEARCHED <i>47</i>	INDEXED <i>47</i>
SERIALIZED <i>2</i>	FILED <i>47</i>
APR 27 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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to csc, nyc, 4/2/69.
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12*

During the 1941-45 war period, he served with Quaker ambulance units in the Middle East and India.

He was graduated from Harvard Law in 1947 and was a member of the Harvard Law Review in his senior year. The next three years he taught law at Duke University Law School—"commercial law, bankruptcy, the nuts and bolts"—and then went into private practice back home in Minnesota.

"I first got interested in the ACLU in the early '50s when a close personal friend of mine became executive director of the Illinois organization," Pemberton explains. "I shared his experiences, then joined the ACLU and got active."

He was chairman of the Minnesota CLU from 1955 to 1958. He was also a member of the Minnesota FEPC and a member of the state advisory committee to the U. S. Civil Rights Commission.

One of his civil liberties cases involved an American Swede and his Indian wife who bought a joint cemetery lot and then were refused ownership on the grounds that the contract was limited to Caucasians only. "We fought that case and won, a state Supreme Court decision that the Indian wife had a right to be buried there—and I'm glad to say she's still in good health," Pemberton reports happily.

* * *

Pemberton is the third man to head the ACLU in its 42-year history. The organization, long-time defender of free speech, reports a growth from 9,000 members in 1950 to almost 60,000 in 1962, with local affiliates in 28 states. Its New York office is at 156 Fifth Av.

Pemberton lists some of the main civil liberty issues ahead as abolition or transference of powers from the House Committee on Un-American Activities, attainment of Negro voting rights, continued opposition to "anti-subversive" legislation which seeks to punish ideas instead of acts. "Our national concern with subversion has, if anything, weakened our internal security rather than enhanced it," he observes.

He's also concerned with the "industrial-military" complex which President Eisenhower warned about in his farewell address. "Every concentration of power is always a threat to individualism and liberty," Pemberton says. "It's much harder to define that threat when you're dealing with the military defense of the country—but it's there and we have to be much wiser in pointing it out to the public."

Pemberton has just found a home in Chappaqua and will be joined this summer by his family, which includes four girls and one boy, ranging in age from 7 to 15. The Pembertons are fond of outdoor camping. "We have to be," he says—"that's by way of saving money. It's the only way to travel around the country with a family of seven."

Liberties Unit Backing Newsman Indicted by U.S. in Passport Case

**Challenges Criminal Charge
Against Citizen's Re-entry
as Violation of Freedom**

By PETER KIHSE

A civil liberties group is challenging what it believes to be the first criminal charges brought by the Government against a native-born citizen of re-entering the country.

The case is that of William Worthy Jr., foreign correspondent for The Baltimore Afro-American. He has been indicted for returning from Cuba without a United States passport. Under the Immigration Act of 1952, a conviction for such an illegality could bring a fine of up to \$5,000 or five years' imprisonment, or both.

Norman Thomas, honorary chairman, and Vera Rony, executive secretary, said yesterday that the Workers Defense League was supporting Mr. Worthy's case because it believed "a fundamental human and constitutional right is involved—the right of American citizens to travel throughout the world on their own responsibility without the loss of their rights as citizens."

Will Ask Dismissal

William M. Kunstler, representing the league as Mr. Worthy's defense counsel, said the newsman was indicted April 24 in Miami, Fla., and surrendered voluntarily here April 25. He was freed in \$5,000 bail.

A hearing has been tentatively set for Monday before United States Commissioner Earle N. Bishopp at the Federal Court House.

Mr. Kunstler said he would move to dismiss the indictment as a violation of constitutional freedoms, or to change the place of trial from Miami to New York because of tensions caused by the presence of many Cuban refugees in Miami.



The New York Times
William Worthy Jr.

Mr. Worthy, 39 years old, was born in Boston. He was graduated from Bates College, Lewiston, Me., with a bachelor's degree in sociology. He was a Nieman fellow in journalism at Harvard University in 1956 and 1957, and a Ford Foundation fellow in African studies in 1959 and 1960.

He went to Moscow in 1955 as a correspondent for The Afro-American and the Columbia Broadcasting System. The following year he was briefly detained in South Africa for having attempted to enter that

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. TIMES

EDITION LATE CITY

DATED 5/11/62

PAGE 14

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

EDITOR: JOHN B. OAKES

RE: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES
UNION
IS-C 100-10159 A

BUFILE 61-190

100-10159-832
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED
MAY 11 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

country after being refused a visa.

In December, 1956, he entered Communist China in defiance of a United States ban on such travel, and spent forty-one days there. The State Department, in April, 1957, refused to renew his passport on the ground that he might not abide by geographical restrictions.

The American Civil Liberties Union supported his appeal then. In December, 1958, the United States Supreme Court refused to interfere with a lower-court decision that Congress had authorized travel restrictions by the President and that the President's foreign-policy powers authorized him to prevent travel that might endanger the national interest.

Mr. Kunstler said Mr. Worthy started for Mexico by ship last July 24 from New York, but had become ill and gone ashore in Havana instead. He returned to Miami from Havana by plane last Oct. 10, presenting a birth certificate and smallpox-vaccination certificate to immigration authorities.

Since Jan. 16, 1961, thirteen days after the Eisenhower Administration severed diplomatic relations with the Cuban regime of Premier Fidel Castro, the State Department has required citizens desiring to visit Cuba to obtain passports specifically endorsed for such travel.

Mr. Worthy's dispatches were generally favorable to the Castro regime, Mr. Kunstler said.

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10-28-82

Class by 36702TKH

Date of Review OACB

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (97-1670)(31)

Date: 5/23/62

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (424)

SUBJECT: CASA CUBA
IS-CUBA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

Identity of Source: [REDACTED]

Description of info: Informal meeting of representatives
of Casa Cuba, FPCC, and WSCPRC
5/15/62.

Date Received: 5/21/62

Original located: [REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (Inv.) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (7-1792) (FPCC) (31)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-144078) (WSCPRC) (41)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-144521) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100- [REDACTED])
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (105-42387) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100- [REDACTED])
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-114924) (LOUIS KRAES) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-57965) (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-143645) (424)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-133903) (COMINFIL MASS ORG) (414)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (109-112) (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-26603-C40) (BRONX COUNTY CP) (421)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-NEW) (CUBAN AMERICAN CIVIL RIGHTS COMMITTEE) (41)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-107419) (ECLC) (41)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-10159) (ACLU) (415)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-25780) (CORLIES LAMONT) (41)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (100-114769) (312)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (105-1870) (418)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (101-559) (JESUS COLON) (415)
- 1 - New York [REDACTED] (97-1670) (31)

CCM:tlm
(23)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE 8/17/82

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CLASSIFIED BY 369
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 42
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

Searched..... Indexed.....
Serialized.....

MAY 23 1962

FBI-NEW YORK

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

May 17, 1962
New York, N.Y.

There was an informal meeting of representatives of the Casa Cuba, Fair Play for Cuba & West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba at the home of [REDACTED] [REDACTED] May 15, 1962 Tuesday night. Among those observed present were [REDACTED] of Casa Cuba and LOUIS KRANES HARRY FISHMAN DONNA LITHAUER PAULINE ROSEN & [REDACTED] [REDACTED] of the West Side Committee. The meeting was called at the suggestion of the Casa Cuba.

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The group from the Casa Cuba told of harassments and intimidations against pro-CASTRO Cubans. It was pointed out that many anti-CASTRO Cubans who have participated in intimidations had cards issued by the C.I.A. which gave them assurance against arrest. Also breaking up meetings-as of the Jose Marti Club of the Bronx, the attack on the Prensa Latina offices and also individual attacks.

It was decided to form a provisional committee called the Cuban-American Civil Rights Committee. It was felt that this committee would only be temporary. It was decided to hold a mass meeting to protect these attacks and intimidations and to bring the events to the North American public. The meeting would be held in the Palm Gardens either June 14 Wednesday or June 20 or 21 whichever date was available.

It was decided to try and broaden the committee to include the Jose Marti of the Bronx, and to get in touch with various organizations such as the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, American Civil Liberties Union. Speakers mentioned included CORLISS LAMONT [REDACTED] JESUS COLON and perhaps to try to get sponsors.

It was also decided to try and get as much publicity as possible for the meeting. No officers were elected for the committee. Everything is in the formulative stage.

A meeting will be held at the offices of the Fair Play 30 E 11 St Wednesday May 23, 1962 at 8:30 P.M. to plan on the mass meeting PAULINE ROSEN & HARRY FISHMAN will represent the West Side Committee. The meeting adjourned at 12:00 A.M.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (97-1670) (31)

DATE: 5/29/62

FROM: SA [REDACTED]

SUBJECT: CASA CUBA
IS-CUBA

Class. by 10-28-82 3470R/11C/H
Date of Review BADR

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of info

5/15/62 informal meeting of
WSCPRC, FPCC, & CASA CUBA.

Date Received

5/21/62

Original located [REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1-New York [REDACTED] (INV) (424)
1-New York (97-1792) (FPCC) (31)
1-New York (100-144078) (WSCPRC) (41)
1-New York (100-144521) [REDACTED] (424)
1-New York (105-42387) [REDACTED] (31)
1-New York (100- [REDACTED]) (31)
1-New York (100-114924) (LOUIS KRANES) (424)
1-New York (100-125507) (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1-New York (100-57965) (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
1-New York (100-7976) (PAULINE ROSEN) (424)
1-New York (100-143645) [REDACTED] (424)
1-New York (100-133903) (Cominfil Mass Org.) (414)
1-New York (109-112) (Foreign Political Matters-Cuba) (31)
1-New York (100-26603-C440) (Bronx CP)
1-New York (100-New) (Cuban American Civil Rights Committee) (41)
1-New York (100-107419) (ECLC) (41)

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(23)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
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SLIP (S) OF 97-1670
DATE 6/1/62

100-10159-834
Searched.....Indexed.....
Serialized.....Filed.....

May 29, 1962
FBI NEW YORK

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DATE OF REVIEW

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NY 97-1670
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[①-New York (100-10159) (ACLU)(415)
1-New York (100-25780) (CORLISS LAMONT) (41)
1-New York (100-114769) [REDACTED] (2)
1-New York (105-1870) [REDACTED] (413)
1-New York (101-559) (JESUS COLON) (415)
1-New York (97-1670) (31)] (C)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

New York City
May 17, 1962

The West Side Committee for Friendly Relations With Cuba and Fair Play for Cuba and representatives of the Casa Cuba held an informal meeting at the home of [redacted] [redacted] May 15, 1962 Tuesday at 8:30 P.M. Among those observed present were: [redacted] of Fair Play [redacted] of Casa Cuba, LOUIS KRANES, [redacted] HARRY FISEMAN, DONNAH LITHAWER, PAULINE ROSEN, [redacted] of the West Side Committee etc. This meeting was called at the suggestion of the Casa Cuba. The group from Casa Cuba told of harassments and intimidations against pro-CASTRO Cuba. It was learned out that many Anti-CASTRO Cubans who have participated in intimidations had Cards issued by the C.I.A. which gave them assurance against arrest, they also breaking up meetings as one of the JOSE MARTI club of the Bronx and the attack on the Prensa Latina offices and individual attacks.

It was decided to form a provisional committee named The Cuban-American Civil Rights Committee. It was decided to hold a mass meeting to protest these attacks and intimidations to show the Northamerican people the actions of C.I.A. So they are going to held a meeting at the Palm Gardens on June 14 Wednesday or the 20 wherever date is available on that hall. It was decided to try to get in touch with various organizations such as the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, American Civil Liberties Union the JOSE MARTI club of the Bronx.

Speakers included CORLISS LAMONT, [redacted] [redacted] JESUS COLON and maybe to try to get sponsors. They would try and get as much publicity as possible for this meeting. No officers yet were elected for this committee.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A meeting will be held at the offices of the Fair Play to Cuba at 80 East 11 St. Wednesday May 23, 1962 at 8:30 PM N.Y.C. to plan on the mass meeting, PAULINE ROSEN & HARRY FISHMAN will be there represent the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba. (S) (C)

The meeting ended at 12:00 A.M. (C)

-4-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-05-2012

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078)

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (424)

DATE: 6/4/62

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS
WITH CUBA
(WSCFRC)
IS-C

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of info

WSCFRC Meeting 5/23/62 (C)

Date Received

5/31/62

Original Located [REDACTED]

b6
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b7D

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - [REDACTED] (INV.) (424)
- 1 - 100-144437 (SAM UNGAR) (424)
- 1 - 100-114924 (LOU KRANES) (424)
- 1 - 100-143645 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100-57965 (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
- 1 - 100-88464 (HOPE HERN) (424)
- 1 - 100-70557 (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
- 1 - 100-146018 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100-146019 [REDACTED] (424)
- 1 - 100-102381 (ARNOLD GALLUB) (424)
- 1 - 100-83184 (ALEXANDER COCA) (424)
- 1 - 105-53126 [REDACTED] (312)
- 1 - 100-112151 [REDACTED] (422)
- 1 - 100-70087 (TAMARA TKACH) (424)
- 1 - 100- [REDACTED] (LNU) (412)
- 1 - 100-143773 [REDACTED] (413)

10-28-81
Class. by 367UR

Date of Review OADR

Appeal 89-0172

100-10159-835

SEARCHED... INDEXED...
SERIALIZED... FILED...
JUNE 4, 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

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1 - 100-144078 (41)

SSM:roc
(36)

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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) CT
DATE 8/1/78

CLASSIFIED BY 1059
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

1/24/78

May 24, 1962

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

A meeting of the West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba was held on Wednesday, May 23, 1962, from 8:35 p.m. to 10:20 p.m. at the home of Sam Ungar, apt. ^{3335A, 116} 155, ¹⁵⁵ Riverside Drive, New York, N. Y. Included in the 13 persons who attended were Sam Ungar, [redacted] Dohnna Lithauer, Hope Harnes, Charles O'Keefe, [redacted] Arnold Gallup, Alexander Coca. (heretofore identified merely as 'Coco (LNU)'), [redacted] (LNU), [redacted] (LNU), Tamara (LNU), [redacted] (LNU), Charles Gordon, [redacted] [redacted] (LNU), and [redacted]

b6
b7C

Dohnna announced the formation of an organization, tentatively called the ^{17 Cuban-} ~~Latin~~ American Committee for Civil Liberties, at an informal get-together last month. It had been started, she said, by two Casa Cuba officers who had been subpoenaed earlier by the U. S. Government to provide financial and other records of the 26th of July Movement. They did not provide such records, she said, and pleaded the Fifth Amendment several times. After their return to New York City, she went on, they called together representatives of such groups as the WSC, the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, and the Emergency Civil Liberties ^{Union (57)} Committee, to set up an ad hoc group ⁽¹¹⁾ to protect pro-Castro Cubans from harassment by Federal and local authorities, and to expose such harassment to the general public. ⁽¹¹⁾

A regular organizational meeting was being held that very same evening, she said, to which delegates from such groups as the Workers' World and the American Civil Liberties Union were also invited. A public mass meeting will be held by this new group at the Palm Gardens at W. 52nd St., New York, N. Y., on Thursday evening, ²⁷ June 14, 1962. Tickets will cost 99¢ each, and every

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Dohnna also noted that all anti-Castro Cubans have been issued identify cards, supposedly signed by the C.I.A., which would apparently get them out of trouble in case of scrapes with the local police, etc. ^{She said that anyone who could put hands on any, to please do so, and then the} Coca told of an "organized" attempt to break up a meeting about a month ago of the Jose Marti Club in the Bronx. Newsreels of the affair are being shown at Spanish movie houses throughout New York City, he said, and added that he had been complemented by friends on how well he had photographed in that sequence.

Lou announced that the New York Council of Peace Groups, of which the West Side Peace Committee is a member, will picket the United Nations, First Avenue and E. 47th St., from 4 to 6 p.m. on Saturday, June 25~~2~~ 26, to "protest United States intervention in Laos." On Friday, June 25, he said, members and friends of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade will picket the Spanish Consulate Office, Madison Ave. and E. 53rd St., ^{from 5:30 to 7 p.m.} in support of the men on strike in Spain. He urged all members of the WSC to help out on the picket lines.

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[] announced that the treasury had \$82.58 in it. Charles O'Keefe reported that the distribution of leaflets by Committee members ^{May 19,} last ~~Friday~~ Saturday had been excellent, and that only three people to whom leaflets were handed, had thrown them away.

[] agreed to run off another thousand leaflets at the Workers' World for distribution at 11:30 a.m., Saturday, June 26, ^{at Berman's} The next meeting was tentatively scheduled for ^{at} Harry Fishman's, apartment K2, 485 Central Park West, New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, June 6. Dohnna and [] sold tickets to the "Fight Back Rally" sponsored by the Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties, to be held Thursday, June 7, at Manhattan Center.

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Charles O'Keefe told [] that he was pretty sure of obtaining a Guggenheim Fellowship which would allow him to study sculpture in Rome for eighteen months, beginning some time this summer. He said that he was looking forward to it not only as a chance ~~not only~~ to work free of economic worries, but to visit "you know where" as well as ^{such} parts of Europe as Berlin, Paris, and London. Prior to the meeting, [] asked Hope whether Dohnna had told her about his contribution to the defense committee of the Communist Party leaders. Hope said she had, and interrogated [] at length on how he had happened to join the WSC and become active in it, as well as his past progressive ties. She started to tell about her own past interests, but was interrupted by the start of the meeting.

[] asked Dohnna during the meeting why the new Cuban-American Committee didn't "take in" the Dominican Republic as well, and be a sort of Latin American Committee. Dohnna suggested that she contact the League for the Protection of the Foreign Born after [] had gone on at lengths describing how Dominicans, fleeing the Trujillo regime, were greatly harassed and even refused admission to New York hospitals when ill^{7/17} because they were pro-Castro. Dohnna urged everyone to turn over to her any documented evidence of such goings on, and took down the name^{7/17} of a Mr. Grimes, whom [] had suggested as a legal advisor. Before the meeting, [] had greeted [] profusely, having had worked for some time for Welcome Wagon, an organization for which [] is still working.

Dohnna also read a condensed translation (about seven double spaced typewritten pages long) of a pamphlet of letters by J. A. San Roman, leader of the invasion of Cuba. There was discussion of [] and using excerpts of the translation in the newsletter, ^{and} leaflets. Hope

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was dubious of the idea, expressing doubts that such a reactionary could and would use such progressive terminology, as was in the translation, in reality. [] noted that he had obviously been shown around, to see things for himself and to be seen. [] asked her if, since she described the beauties of the new Cuba so vividly, she had actually been there. After a moment's hesitation, [] said "no".

After the meeting, Tamara ^{SP} (who gave her address as 310 W. 83rd St., New York, NY) sold tickets which would permit the purchaser to buy a cut-rate admission to the Broadway Theatre. The proceeds of these tickets, she said, were for the benefit of the National Committee against Discrimination in Housing. [] was among those who bought tickets from her. [] went on their way out that people like Tamara, [] to show up only at meetings in which Pauline Esau doesn't come, and wondered if this would be some sort of pattern.

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[] Informant advised telephonically on 5/31/62 that: [] mentioned in report is described as follows: W, F, 45-47 years, 5'5"-5'6", slender build, sallow complexion, sharp features.

[] W, F, 18-19 years, 5'3"-5'4", 130-140 lbs., chubby, black hair, good looking, vivacious type, speaks English well with Latin accent.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-05-2012

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
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TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-144078) DATE: 6/8/62

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (424)

SUBJECT: WEST SIDE COMMITTEE FOR FRIENDLY RELATIONS
WITH CUBA
IS-C

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of info

WSCFRC meeting 5/23/62. (C)

Date Received

6/5/62

Original Located [REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - [REDACTED] (INV.) (424)
1 - 100-144437 (SAM UNGAR) (424)
1 - 100-114924 (LOU KRANES) (424)
1 - 100-143645 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - 100-57965 (DONAH LITHAUER) (424)
1 - 100-70557 (CHARLES O'KEEFE) (412)
1 - 100-88464 (HOPE HERN) (424)
1 - 100-102381 (ARNOLD GALLUB) (424)
1 - 100-145960 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - 100-146019 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - 100-146018 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - 100-143773 [REDACTED] (413)
1 - 100-145300 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - 105-53126 [REDACTED] (312)
1 - 100-112151 [REDACTED] (422)
1 - 100- [REDACTED] (2)
1 - 100-70087 (TAMAR TKACH) (424)
1 - 100-83184 (ALEX. COCA) (424)
1 - 105-39608 [REDACTED] (311)

10-2884
Class. by 3670RT/KH

Date of Review OADR

Ampl # 9-017X

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 8/1/81

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1 - 100-144078 (41)

SSM:poc
(31)

SEARCHED...INDEXED...
SERIALIZED...FILED...

JUNE 8, 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLASSIFIED BY 1239
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-836
1/24/76

cr8/101

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NY 100-144078
COPIES CONTINUED

[1 - 100-145082 (CCFCL) (41)
1 - 100-26603-C40 (BRONX CP) (421) ~~7~~
1 - 105-56134 (CACRC) (312)
1 - 97-1670 (CASA CUBA) (31)
1 - 109-81 (26th OF JULY) (31)
1 - 100-10159 (ACLU) (415)
1 - 100-125507 (HARRY FISHMAN) (424)
1 - 100-137309 (WORKERS WORLD) (41)
1 - 100-3620 (ACFPB) (41)
1 - 100-133903 (COMINFIL MASS ORG) (414)
1 - 109-112 (FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-CUBA) (31)] ~~8~~

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May 25, 1962

The West Side Committee for Friendly Relations with Cuba met Wednesday evening, May 23, 1962 at the home of SAM UNGAR, apt. #1518, 310 Riverside Drive, New York City. The meeting started about 8:30 P.M. Among the people present were: [REDACTED], DONNA LITHAUER, CHARLES O'KEEFE, HOPE HARNES, ARNOLD GALLUP, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] female with traces of a European accent...The other was a sparrow like female also dark and European accented, name TAMARA(LNU), but starts with a T, & gives her address as 310 West 83rd Street, N.Y. 24.

Also COCO, who identified himself to HOPE as ALEXANDER COCA, and last, a former Welcome Wagon employee, [REDACTED] who remembered [REDACTED] from the time that [REDACTED] worked there. She expressed surprise to see [REDACTED] there. [REDACTED] is a Spanish accented young girl, dark with short hair very black, and round face, well built and round all over but not fat...she is like a firecracker or hot peppers, one who gives the impression of being a fighter.. [REDACTED] was heard giving this impression to [REDACTED] who was kibitzing, said in fact, that [REDACTED] last name was Spanish for warrior or fighter...

LOU announced that picketing would be at the Spanish consulate, at the corner of Madison Avenue and 53 rd St. between 5 & 6:00 P.M. on the coming Friday evening for the Spanish strikers.

Also picketing at the UN Plaza on Saturday...during the evening rush home hours.

[REDACTED] had tickets for June 7, 1962 rally at Manhattan Center, Grand Ballroom, 34th Street & 8th Avenue, New York to fight back Mc Carranism, under the auspices; Citizens Committee for Constitutional Liberties at 8:00 P.M...

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TAMARA had tickets to benefit National Committee against Discrimination in Housing. These tickets were good for one admission during June - 1962. Good at any Brandt Theatre, the Beacon Theatre, Broadway at 74th St. N.Y. Midtown Theatre, Broadway at 100th St., N.Y., Brandt's 86th St. Theatre, 86th St. near 3rd Ave., N.Y., The Earle Theatre, 37th Rd. & 73rd St., Jackson Hts., Queens, and The Strand Theatre, Broadway & Crescent St., L.I. City, Queens. The paid ticket was 50¢ each.

CHARLES O'KEEFE gave a report on leaflet distribution the previous Saturday and said it was received very well, that he noticed that only 3 sheets were thrown away..in fact he made a point of watching the people's action with the leaflets, that many people put them away in their pockets. As a result, [redacted] was printing at the Workers World, a thousand more leaflets for distribution the following Saturday...

DONNA gave a report on a meeting in the Bronx, of the Jose Marti Club, just prior to the WSC's last open meeting. COCO picked up the story, and told how the meeting had been attacked and photographed, and how, when one member slipped out a window and down the fire escape to call the police, the cop on the beat was "oblingingly looking the other way".

DONNA said that anti-CASTRO Cubans, in New York City, have special identity cards, supposedly countersigned by the C.I.A., which are supposed to get them out of trouble with the police, etc., when shown. She urged everyone at the meeting to try to get ahold of a copy as it would make excellant propaganda....particularly if a copy was reproducible. She also reported on a meeting held the previous week by an organization she called the "American-Cuban Civil Liberties Committee". She said it was started by two Cuban officers of Casa Cuba. These two men had been suppoenaed to produce the records of the "26th of July Movement", but not only didn't do so, but pleaded the Fifth Amendment a number of times. She said that when these two men got back to New York, they called together such organizations as the West Side Committee, the

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American Civil Liberties Union, etc., to form a group which would help protect pro-CASTRO Cubans from harassment by the United States Government. It would also publicize this harassment. DONNA said that there was another meeting of this new group that very same evening, to which HARRY FISHMAN was sent as a delegate from the WSC. The Workers' World also sent a representative, she said, and the ACLU sent an observer. The records which the two men from Casa Cuba were supposed to supply, were sent down to Cuba, according to DONNA.

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[] suggested that the new organization be expanded to include the Dominican Republic as well, and be called the Latin-American Civil Liberties Committee. She said that Dominicans in the United States were so harassed that they were afraid to leave their houses, and that they were refused admittance to hospitals when ill because they were pro-CASTRO. DONNA recommended that they be referred to the Committee for the Protection of the Foreign Born.

The next meeting of the West Side Committee is tentatively slated for HARRY FISHMAN's apt. K2, 485 Central Park West, New York, N.Y., on Wednesday, June 6, 1962.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
M E M O R A N D U M

TO : SAC, CHARLOTTE (100-9731) DATE: 6/25/62
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-146359)
SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS (CAMD)
IS - SWP

[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished an oral report on 6/17/62, summarizing the highlights of activities at a national plenum of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) which was held at Mountain Spring Camp, Washington, New Jersey, 6/14-17/62. This summary was furnished the Bureau by letterhead memorandum and airtel dated 6/18/62, and upon his return to Chicago, the informant will prepare a detailed report which would be given full dissemination by the Chicago Office.

In order that Charlotte is aware of recent developments of interest in regard to the CAMD, however, the following information is being set forth for information of pertinent files at this time:

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A special report on CAMD activities was given during the course of the plenum on the night of 6/15/62. It was reported that a special civil rights conference was scheduled to be held in New York City, 6/21/62, in order to discuss unity action on the situation in Monroe, North Carolina. Scheduled to participate in this conference, according to the informant, were the following:

NAACP
Congress on Racial Equality
American Civil Liberties Union
Negro-American Labor Council
Southern Christian Leadership Conference
CAMD

- 2 - CHARLOTTE (100-9731)(RM)
(1 - 157-240(RACIAL MATTERS-MONROE, NC))
1 - CG [redacted] (RM)
1 - NY [redacted] (INV)(413)
1 - NY 100-7629 (COMINFIL NAACP)(41)
1 - NY 100-79303 (CORE)(412)
1 - NY 100-139834 (COMINFIL NALC)(41)
1 - NY 100-114769 [redacted] (413)
1 - NY 100-10159 (ACLU)(41)
1 - NY 100-7013 (SWP)(413)
1 - NY 100-146359 (413)

WVS
(1)

100-10159-837

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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JUN 25 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-146359

This conference was spurred by a recent shooting of a Negro in Monroe. It was said that the conference would attempt to set up an investigating committee to go to Monroe.

It was also announced that the CAMD had plans underway for a selective buying boycott in Monroe. A list of six or seven companies operating on a national scale who did business in Monroe has been compiled. SWP branches have been furnished this information and requested to try to get non-Party people throughout the country to write to the headquarters of these companies objecting to the situation in Monroe. This is to appear to be a spontaneous action and the goal is to try to force pressure on the Monroe business community through the influence of these companies.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ACLU Names Wulf

The appointment of Melvin L. Wulf as legal director of the American Civil Liberties Union was announced today. Mr. Wulf has been assistant legal director since 1958. He succeeds Rowland Watts, who resigned to entire private practice.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

5 NEW YORK WORLD
TELEGRAM AND THE SUN

Date: 6/18/62

Edition: NIGHT

Author:

Editor: RICHARD D. PETERS

Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C

or

Classification: BU 61-190

Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-838
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUN 18 1962
FBI - NEW YORK
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

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OTHERWISE~~

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-80641)

DATE: 7/11/62

FROM: SA [REDACTED] (415)

SUBJECT: CP, USA - ORGANIZATION
IS - C

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10-25-82
Class. by 3622 J/ctt

Date of Review OADR

Amal # 9017

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On 6/19/62, NY 2359-S* advised that on above date, a meeting of leading CP functionaries was held in the third floor board room at CP Headquarters, New York City. According to the source, the meeting concerned itself primarily with the "Committee" (believed referring to the Citizens Committee For Constitutional Liberties). Among those in attendance were: PHIL BART, MIMI FRIEDLANDER, JAMES TORMEY, ROBERT THOMPSON, JACK STACHEL, BETTY GANNETT, WILLIAM L. PATTERSON. (S)

MIMI FRIEDLANDER opened the discussion and commented that when the "Committee" (CCFCL) was first established, there was some confusion on how to coordinate and concentrate the McCarran Act campaign. She said that she would concentrate on the question of the McCarran Act itself. The question at the outset was to determine if it was necessary to develop and establish a left grouping..... This was a conscientious effort to maintain and help the Committee in the involvement of Party and non-Party forces to fight the McCarran Act, as well as to stimulate and coordinate other activities of other civil liberties forces in the field. (S)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SLIP (S) OF

DATE

- 1 - NY 100-145082 (CCFCL) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-93565 (MIMI FRIEDLANDER) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-56579 (PHIL BART) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-15946 (JAMES TORMEY) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-27452 (ROBERT THOMPSON) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-13483 (BETTY GANNETT) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-84275 (WILLIAM L. PATTERSON) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-10159 (ACLU) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-107419 (ECLC) (41)
- 1 - NY 100-18065 (JACK STACHEL) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-148234 (HALL-DAVIS DEFENSE COMMITTEE) (415)
- 1 - NY 100-80641 (415)

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HCO: gmm
(12)

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EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-839

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SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 100-80641

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Many of the national groups were ready to work with "us" and were accepted. When it was established that this "Committee" would fight the McCarran Act, it was established as a basis of relationship. The national leadership of the American Civil Liberties Union has helped stimulate certain actions and relationships..... It even goes into the Socialist Party forces and with NORMAN THOMAS. The ECLC developed in this general way, there were activities with other groups and organizations in order to coordinate activities.

The Youth Director of the ECLC constantly is asking to work with a "foreign native resident" on the principle of an international scale. The Committee has met with a number of people from the different counties and efforts have been made and discussed in order to build up their work..... "We" have added correspondence in 38 different states, asking for material and information..... The Committee has to enter into a new organizing committee in order to strengthen the work against the McCarran Act.

FRIEDLANDER noted that many areas have not developed their work, but since work is being done in each borough in New York, "we" should offer to work with a coordinating committee.....

"We" have a Students' Committee which has been growing and getting stronger and it has people to work with in different parts of the country. They are raising questions concerning the possibility of helping to stimulate students for constitutional liberties, etc. Another aspect of the work is the trade union work. "I" see no reason why a trade union committee cannot be developed.

FRIEDLANDER said that she would like to ask for general agreement on this kind of an approach. Concerning electoral work, she said it was possible to develop a full national campaign in which members of the Congress would have to take a stand on civil liberties. She noted that they had a rally on June 7, past, and that another one is planned later on.

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Informant noted that at this point, FRIEDLANDER discussed the financial arrangements pertaining to the Committee, but that she utilized the added security of the blackboard and much of this information was not available to the informant.

FRIEDLANDER did comment that "our committee" needs \$42,000 and that there was some money coming in in an organized fashion. She noted that debts have been accruing since November, amounting to approximately \$2,500 for advertising, loans, etc.

JAMES TORMEY commented that in his opinion a tremendous amount of work had been done by the Committee and he speculated that a lot of civil liberties people would come in and work with them on a non-partisan basis. He cautioned, however, that they should be careful that the ECLC does not take over and play down the Party's role in this matter. TORMEY felt that there should be a broad sponsorship beyond what they have now and that this could be done if they were able to develop relationships with certain new people. TORMEY commented that many people who will not contribute to the Hall-Davis Defense Committee will contribute to the Citizens Committee in order to fight against the McCarran Act.

BETTY GANNETT stated that the local committees started out well but are faltering because of inadequate leadership and also because "we" have not and cannot give them direct leadership. She said that it was an absolute must that all these local committees be coordinated. It was her opinion that the Citizens Committee should be based in New York City and New York State in order to attain leadership and prominence. GANNETT related that if this was not done, "we" will end up with nothing. She said to accomplish "our" purposes, there must be coordination of activity and leadership.

PHIL BART commented that "we" decided that the "Committee" should be based in New York, but "we" were not yet in a position to coordinate some kind of a national organization like the Civil Rights Congress.

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NY 100-80641

WILLIAM PATTERSON felt that the Citizens Committee had done a commendable job in spite of its weaknesses. He urged that both the Brooklyn Committees and the Queens Committees work together with the Citizens Committee.

ROBERT THOMPSON expressed the opinion that the Committee needed a certain national character in order for it to develop a character similar to the ACLU. He said what "we" want to do is make the McCarran Act an integral and important part of the activities of all organizations operating in the Civil Liberties field. He said there is a need to get the Civil Liberties Union to support the anti-McCarran Act as well as the need to get the Negro people interested in the McCarran Act. THOMPSON noted that the HALL-DAVIS Defense Committee represents for the Party in the whole civil liberties field a certain coordinating role that cannot be played by any of the other Committees.

MIMI FRIEDLANDER agreed that there was a need to work mainly in New York as far as the Committee was concerned, but added that there was also a need to organize work in other areas of the country. She said that it was impossible for her to move around unless she is backed up. She noted that the "Committee" has established certain relationships but that it must be backed up and, in her opinion, they were not taking advantage of the opportunity to develop a stronger national center for coalition work.

Informant advised that at this point, BETTY GANNETT interrupted FRIEDLANDER and in an angry tone stated that the Party policy developed in the defense field is not the policy of MIM's (FRIEDLANDER), but is Party policy. FRIEDLANDER attempted to interrupt GANNETT, but GANNETT shouted her down and said that without developing the work in New York on a broad base, we have nothing. GANNETT said "we" are not satisfied with the work that has been done in New York, and that every time a discussion is held and conclusions are arrived at, they are upset. She said "we" must ascertain the current Party policy in order to guarantee a clear line. GANNETT concluded by commenting that the Committee can have a national role, but it must be based in New York and should produce the kind of work that New York is capable of producing.

NY 100-80641

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JAMES TORMEY added that no one is suggesting that the committee dissolve its national character, but the Committee has certain responsibilities to help build nationally, but "we" should agree both "policy wise" that the primary task now of this Committee is to establish a firm base in New York. This is a New York development primarily, not a national development, and, therefore, if "we" are to strengthen this Committee and strengthen our coalition work we must concentrate on New York.

PHIL BART interrupted to add that they should decide concretely what they want to do.

JACK STACHEL said that they must decide first what our policy is. He noted that MIMI (FRIEDLANDER) is concerned about the national prestige of the organization. STACHEL said that the Committee can still have contacts with the ACLU and ECLC, but that it must also have contacts with Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Westchester, etc. He noted that there was no point in going to Philadelphia to meet with 15 people if "we" cannot organize people right here. He recommended that they set up a Committee to function on a permanent day to day basis.

MIMI FRIEDLANDER said that she was in agreement with the concept that the main effort of the Committee in its day to day work be put in New York. It was suggested that they should delegate to the New York District the responsibility of working with the "Committee" and that those aspects of coordination outside the City of New York be done through the Commission.

FRIEDLANDER, in answer to TORMEY said that she did not understand this type of organization. She elaborated by commenting that the Committee's work should be mainly in New York, but that she did not agree with JIM's (TORMEY) approach that the national aspects of the work be handled by another body.

The source advised that PHIL BART closed the discussion by commenting that the main policy will have to be worked out at a later date and with further discussion.

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~~10-28-88~~

~~Class. by 367 URT/CH~~

~~Date of Review 0485~~

~~Ampl #9-0178~~

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIE
UNION 155 S AVE
NYC 10

-S-S-62-MR-W CHA

7
~~(C)~~

10159-840

JUL 12 1962
FBI - NEW YORK
[Signature]

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-05-2012

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-10159) 415

6/27/62

FROM: SA [redacted] (424)

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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OTHERWISE~~

SUBJECT: AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
156 5th AV. NYC
IS-C

On 6/15/62, [redacted] who has furnished reliable
information in the past (conceal identity) furnished SA [redacted]

b6
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[redacted] advised these [redacted]

[redacted] the Mc Carran Act. (X)

Attached for the captioned individual file is a [redacted]

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE 8/11/77

10-28-85
Class. by 3670RT/kt

Date of Review 8ADR

PAJ:jad
(150) *rg*

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-841

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 27 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-4013)

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (65-645)

SUBJECT: SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY
IS - SWP
(OO: New York)

DATE: 7/17/62

~~10-28-81~~
Class. by 367 URT/CH

~~Date of Review OADR~~

On 6/26/62, [] who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished SA [] a written report dated 6/25/62 pertaining to a caucus held 6/15/62, of SWP members assigned to work within the Committee to Aid Monroe Defendants (CAMD). The original is located in [] and is as follows: (X)

14 - New York (RM)

- 1 - 100-146359 (CAMD)
- 1 - 100-92522 []
- 1 - 100-84588 (GEORGE WEISSMAN)
- 1 - 100-88074 []
- 1 - 100-93735 []
- 1 - 100-134208 []
- 1 - 100- (RACIAL MATTERS)
- 1 - 100- (COMINFIL-NAACP)
- 1 - 100- (CORE)
- 1 - 100- (AFLU)
- 1 - 100- (SCLC) (SCLC)
- 1 - 100- (NACL)
- 1 - 100-107973 (CONRAD LYNN) (X)

4 - Boston (RM)

- 1 - 100-442 (SWP)
- 1 - 100- (CAMD)
- 1 - 100-27770 [] (LNU) (Possibly [])
- 1 - 100- []

2 - Charlotte (RM)

- 1 - 100- (CAMD)
- 1 - 157- (RACIAL SITUATION, MONROE, N. C.)
(RACIAL MATTERS)

Copies continued on page 1A

RAD:BJD

CLASSIFIED BY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE 8/9/78

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE 10/2/83

100-10159-842

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 18 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

1239 2-9/24/78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 3 - Cleveland (RM)
 - 1 - 100-1012 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-19987 [REDACTED] (C)
- 4 - Denver (RM)
 - 1 - 100-2650 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100- [REDACTED] (C)
 - 1 - 100- (CORE)
- 4 - Detroit (RM)
 - 1 - 1-100-1334 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-22546 [REDACTED] (C)
 - 1 - 100-20831 (FRANK LOVELL)
- 3 - Milwaukee (RM)
 - 1 - 100-7313 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-211 (JIM BOULTON) (C)
- 3 - Minneapolis (RM)
 - 1 - 100-1246 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-932 (VINCENT DUNNE) (C)
- 3 - San Francisco (RM)
 - 1 - 61-380 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-17917 (ART SHARON) (C)
- 3 - Seattle (RM)
 - 1 - 100-3864 (SWP)
 - 1 - 100- (CAMD)
 - 1 - 100-17546 (DICK FRASER) (C)
- 2 - Chicago
 - 1 - [REDACTED] (C)

RAD:BJD
(45)

b6
b7C
b7D

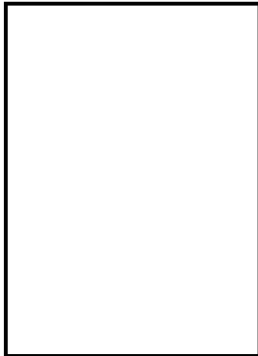
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6/25/62

On the evening of 6/15/62 during the S.W.P. plenum at Mountain Springs Camp, a caucus was held by S.W.P. members assigned to work within the Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants (C.A.M.D.). This meeting began at approximately 9:00 p.m.

The following individuals were present at this caucus:



b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] acting as chairman, made a series of statements concerning the perspectives and activities of the C.A.M.D. She stated that:

1. The C.A.M.D. is the major instrument of S.W.P. intervention in the Civil Rights movement, and that it had proved effective in bringing contacts and recruits to the party.

2. The prospects of the C.A.M.D. making a major "break through" in the Civil Rights movement. [redacted] stated that a Civil Rights Conference had been scheduled for 6/21/62, at which time representatives from the (1) N.A.A.C.P. (2) C.O.R.E (3) A.C.L.U. (4) S.C.L.C. (5) N.A.C.L. and the C.A.M.D. would be present. Also scheduled to appear at this conference was [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The purpose of the conference was that of forming a united front action on the Monroe situation. The conference was initiated due to the recent shooting of J. VAN COVINGTON.

3. At this conference, the C.A.M.D. would propose setting up a investigation committee which would go down to Monroe and make a thorough investigation of the situation.

4. [] reported that the C.A.M.D. has raised a total of \$15,000, \$4,000 of which has gone toward legal fees, CONRAD LYNN receiving \$1,000 of the \$4,000, and \$700 has gone toward assisting the defendants. (No mention was made of what was or had been done with the remaining \$10,300.)

5. [] of the Boston C.A.M.D. is in the process of writing a pamphlet on the Monroe situation

A series of brief reports on the activities of the local chapters of the C.A.M.D. was then made.

Michigan - The C.A.M.D. in Detroit has managed to gain support from the Michigan chapter of the N.A.A.C.P.

Denver - There are two S.W.P. members on the executive board of the N.A.A.C.P., and one member within C.O.R.E. The president of the Rubber Workers Union has agreed to support the C.A.M.D. There is a possibility that the Colorado Labor Council will give its support to the C.A.M.D.

Boston - No support from the Negro community

Cleveland - A report on the activities of the Monroe Defense Committee was given.

GEORGE WEISSMAN gave a report on the national aspects of the C.A.M.D. He stated that Washington had initiated a press "blackout" on the Monroe incidents up to and following the kidnap incident. He stated that this was responsible for the lack of publicity of the case especially among the Negro masses. WEISSMAN stated that the C.A.M.D. is planning to start a selective buying boycott threat. He stated that the party branches would receive a list of large firms with outlets in Monroe. Individual contacts of the party, not identified with the party, should be encouraged to write letters to these firms threatening to boycott their

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products if they did not attempt to put pressure on the Monroe business community. WEISSMAN stated that the list of these firms to be contacted, plus a sample form letter would be mailed to all S.W.P. branches in the near future. (S)

This meeting was adjourned at approximately 10:30 p.m. (S)

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

The Other Side of the Coin**Civil Rights for the Majority**By **WOODY KLEIN**

Woody Klein

President Kennedy recently acknowledged that "there is a good deal left undone in the civil rights field," but few Americans took this to mean anything other than the rights of minority groups.

Most people think of civil rights in terms of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King's crusade in the South or the Supreme Court's decision against school segregation.

Actually, top national civil liberties leaders today are far more concerned with the rights of the majority, not the minority.

They fear that unless more people shake the complacent attitude that "civil rights are for the poor, downtrodden Negroes," Americanism in general may be in danger of losing individual liberties by default.

Civil liberties, they point out, are the time-honored freedoms guaranteed everyone in the First, Fifth and 14th Amendments of the Constitution.

While the struggle for Negro rights goes on in the South—and even in the North—it is not the essence of civil liberties in the United States, according to John de J. Pemberton Jr., executive director of the American Civil Liberties Union.

Just as important as equality for Negroes, he says, is the continuous struggle to preserve every American's right to enjoy free speech and economic freedom, to read or see uncensored literature and entertainment, to be free of undue security pressures, wiretapping or other "Big Brother" tactics.

Since World War II and the advent of McCarthyism, the very phrase "civil liberties" has acquired in some right-wing quarters a leftist or Communist tinge.

Similarly, those critics do not recognize the ACLU as the only permanent, national, non-partisan organization defending the Bill of Rights for everyone without favoritism or compromise.

The ACLU, in fact, will defend the rights of anyone—including Rockwell the Nazi—in its effort to preserve America's freedoms.

With this in mind, Pemberton—who succeeds Patrick Murphy Malin and Roger N. Baldwin in the sensitive ACLU leadership post—says he will concentrate in the future on some less dramatic but no less important civil rights.

In the interests of free speech and association, he says, the ACLU will work harder to prevent teachers from being dismissed without due process, to oppose suppression of free speech and free press on campuses, and to fight loyalty oaths of all types.

The Union's fight will continue on the Congressional front, where ACLU officials have long sought abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee.

It will also work for separation of church and state (the ACLU began the legal action which culminated in the recent Supreme Court prayer decision. It will battle against censorship in television, radio or press.

It will also provide free counsel for Negroes in the South, challenge police brutality wherever it is found, press for an easing of the federal security program and seek an equitable solution to the voting and reapportionment controversies.

"The country is far more awake to these issues than it has been in the past," Pemberton says, "but I am afraid there are still too many people who think of civil rights as something one step removed."

George E. Rundquist, executive director of the New York Civil Liberties Union (an arm of the national organization), agrees. "Unless some of us start to fight for other people's rights," he warns, "we might lose our own."

Lip service, he says, is not enough. New Yorkers should be more active in the struggle to keep stores open on Sundays for persons who observe a Saturday Sabbath, or to maintain justice in the courts, or to guarantee groups the right to demonstrate peacefully in this city.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

11 NEW YORK WORLD
TELEGRAM AND THE SUN

Date: 8/6/62
Edition: NIGHT
Author: WOODY KLEIN
Editor: RICHARD D. PETERS
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-873
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 6 1962
FBI - NEW YORK

9/19

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ACLU Filing Brief Against Red-Front Registration

The American Civil Liberties Union says that requiring Communist-front groups to register with the government infringes on the First Amendment to the Constitution.

The ACLU plans to attack that provision of the Internal Security (McCarran) Act in a brief to be filed in the U. S. Court of Appeals at Washington today.

The ACLU has argued repeatedly that the 1950 statute is unconstitutional.

Sections in the act defining Communist-front organizations are "so vague and uncertain," the ACLU claims, that they vi-

olate the due process clause of the Fifth Amendment.

The Civil Liberties Organization will submit its brief as a friend of the court, in the case of five petitioners appealing an order of the Subversive Activities Control Board. The board instructed the five groups to register as Communist fronts.

The five are the veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade, the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Inc., the American and the Jefferson School of Social Science.

The U. S. Supreme Court last year upheld the constitutional-ity of the McCarran Act provision requiring Communist-action organizations to register with the government.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

12 NEW YORK POST

Date: 9/17/62
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: DOROTHY SCHIFF
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-844

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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SEP 17 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

SE Jones 41

~~SECRET~~

SAC, NEW YORK (105-31084) ~~(S)~~

OCT 11 1962

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SA RAYMOND R. MC ANDREW (#312)

[REDACTED] ~~(S)~~

Class. by ~~367 URTK/H~~

Date of Review ~~OADR~~

~~Ampl # 9-0178~~

The following information was furnished by [REDACTED] on the dates indicated. In the future use or dissemination of this information, it should be paraphrased in order to protect the source, who has furnished reliable information in the past. Any report or memorandum for dissemination outside the Bureau, which incorporates any information received from this source, should be classified "~~Confidential~~" as it reflects the Bureau's interest in [REDACTED]

Source learned that on 9/17/62, [REDACTED] made economy class reservations on an unidentified airline for [REDACTED] who would be leaving NYC this date at 6:25 p.m. for Ottawa on flight number 232 ~~(S)~~

Source learned that on 9/17/62, [REDACTED] (phonetic) (of "Newsday," a Massau and Suffolk newspaper) was in contact with [REDACTED] and inquired if [REDACTED] had received the copies of his articles which he sent to him. [REDACTED] indicated that he had received them but has not had an opportunity to read them as yet. [REDACTED] inquired of [REDACTED] as to what his chances were of getting another visa to return (to [REDACTED]). He was told to apply through the Czech Embassy ~~(S)~~

- 1-New York (105-56426)
- 1-New York (100-145439)
- 1-New York (100-10159)
- 1-New York (105-53078)
- 1-New York (105-49563)
- 1-New York (105-53778)
- 1-New York (105-31084)

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION)

RRM:ghc
(7)

CLASSIFIED BY ~~1259~~
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY ~~23~~
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE ~~11/17/78~~

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF
DATE ~~8/16/78~~

100-10159-815

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1964

11/20/78

WOW

NY 105-31084

~~SECRET~~

Source learned that on 9/17/62, Trans-Canada Airlines informed [redacted] that flight 2329 (see above) has been cancelled and new reservations were made for [redacted] on flight 625, departing at 9:50 p.m. this evening. Source learned that on 9/19/62, [redacted] of the legal firm of RABINOWITZ and BOUDIN contacted [redacted] and stated that he had received a communication from the Legal Director of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) and described this legal director as "a close personal friend of this office". [redacted] related that the communication asked about [redacted] (phonetic) recent letter in the "NY Times" concerning the [redacted] from the US, and also periodicals and so forth. [redacted] inquired whether the US [redacted] applied to those coming into the US to individuals via First Class Mail. It was indicated that [redacted] the US via regular mail and that [redacted] of the "NY Times" receives copies of [redacted] by a regular subscription through the regular mail. (S)

Source learned that on 9/19/62, [redacted] (phonetic) contacted [redacted] and stated that she had "a very important, urgent message for [redacted] (phonetic) from [redacted] asked if [redacted] could contact [redacted] and advise him to contact [redacted] at either her office telephone number, [redacted] or at her home telephone number, [redacted] indicated that she would make every effort to see that [redacted] received the message. (The records of the NY Telephone Company reflect that the subscriber to [redacted] is [redacted] Queens, NY) (S)

Source learned that on 9/20/62, [redacted] informed [redacted] that he would drop by [redacted] this afternoon and pay his respects. He indicated that he was getting things organized as he was definitely leaving [redacted] probably the third (October) or even sooner. (S)

~~TOP SECRET~~

NY 105-31084

Source learned that on 9/20/62, an individual, who identified himself as [redacted] (phonetic), contacted [redacted] and stated that he was [redacted] formerly with the [redacted] and requested an appointment to meet with [redacted]. He was told that [redacted] was presently not available and he indicated that he would contact [redacted] at some other time. He commented that he was an attorney (S)

Source learned that on 9/21/62, [redacted] advised [redacted] that they had just been notified that Mr. [redacted] (phonetic) [redacted] would not arrive until Sunday (September 23) and that Mrs. [redacted] (the [redacted] and maid [redacted] would not arrive until September 25. (S)

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b7E

Source learned that on 9/25/62, [redacted] (wife of [redacted] contacted [redacted] and informed [redacted] that she would be unable to keep the appointment she has to see [redacted] this morning as she has to go to the "passport office" and take the children to get their smallpox shots. [redacted] stated that [redacted] had been waiting for her, [redacted] but had to leave. [redacted] indicated that she would contact [redacted] later and possibly meet him at [redacted] (S)

~~SECRET~~

10/11/62
ang

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
M E M O R A N D U M

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES

Date: 11/29/62

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

SUBJECT: NY COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE
UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IS - C
(OO:NY)

Identity of source

[redacted] PSI, who has
furnished reliable info in
past (conceal)

Description of info

Rally held by the NY Council
to Abolish HUAC, at Manhattan
Center, 34th St. and 8th
Ave., NYC, at 8:00 p.m.,
10/24/62

Date received

11/5/62

Received by

SA [redacted] (oral)

Original location

[redacted]

Information received from informant was dictated by
[redacted] on 11/5/62, transcribed on
11/7/62 and authenticated on 11/7/62.

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A copy of informant's oral report follows:

- 2 - Los Angeles (RM)
 - (1 - 100-16439) (FRANK WILKINSON)
- 1 - Boston (100-23224) (HARVEY O'CONNOR) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (100-[redacted]) (RM)
- 1 - New York [redacted] (INV) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-117844) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-146994) (WILLIAM KUNSTLER) (424)
- 1 - New York (100-[redacted]) [redacted] (412)
- 1 - New York (100-107297) [redacted] (424)
- 1 - New York (100-[redacted]) [redacted] (412)
- 1 - New York (100-[redacted]) [redacted] (412)
- 1 - New York (100-91923) (OTTO NATHAN) (412)
- 1 - New York (100-10159) (ACLU) (41)
- 1 - New York (100-142201)

RJQ:rc
(14)

100-10159-846

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Wm

NY 100-142201

November 5, 1962

On Wednesday, October 24, 1962, at 8:00 p.m., the New York Council to Abolish HUAC (House Un-American Activities Committee) held a mass meeting, the announced title of which was, "Rally Against HUAC." The rally, attended by approximately 900-950 people, was held in the main hall of Manhattan Center, 34th Street and Eighth Avenue.

The principal speakers of the evening were: Mr. HARVEY O'CONNOR, who acted as the evening's chairsmn; MARK LANE, New York State Assemblyman; WILLIAM KUNTSLER, legal counsel for the ACLU; FRANK WILKINSON, key national figure in the anti-HUAC campaign; WALLIS WOOD, editor of Columbia University's magazine, "The Owl;" and LORRAINE HANSBERRY, playwright of "Raisin' in the Sun." Also speaking during the evening were Congressional candidates MARTIN DWORKIS of Manhattan and HARRY PURVIS from Nassau County. A banjo player also sang and played as entertainment during the evening.

The meeting was delayed in starting for about thirty minutes and finally the announcement was made by Dr. OTTO NATHAN that the featured speaker, Mr. PATRICK GORMAN, Secretary-Treasurer, Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, AFL-CIO, was unable to attend. Dr. NATHAN stated that his place would be taken by HARVEY O'CONNOR, who would also act as chairman for the rally.

Mr. O'CONNOR delivered a vigorously-worded talk on the evils of HUAC, mentioning that he was currently being investigated himself. His speech set the tone for the evening, as he attempted to weave together the idea that the abolition of HUAC was, in effect, the

NY 100-142201

first step to insure the maintenance of civil liberties, especially the right to dissent politically, and this, in itself, was the best guarantor of world peace.

It should be pointed out that this rally was taking place only two days after President KENNEDY's announcement of a naval blockade of Cuba. A definite sense of anxiety and fear of war was a part of each speaker's message and was evident in the audience's vocal reactions to the speakers' statements on the subject of possible war.

The audience was seated by Congressional District. About half way through the evening the lights were turned on and FRANK WILKINSON conducted a fifteen to twenty minute fund raising speech. He led into the actual calling for donations by reviewing his recent trip through the Midwest, where he spent his full time on various college campuses at the request of local student groups who wanted to learn more about the abolition of HUAC movement. The feeling of his remarks was that the young college students were all for him and his program to abolish HUAC and were donating time and money to the cause. He mentioned that he had been so successful at one college that the Young Americans for Freedom had requested Senator TOWER from Texas to follow him on that campus to repair the "damage" he had done. He stated that the far West and Midwest were really going all out to help abolish HUAC; now it was up to the East to do its part. This was the prelude to the fund raising. With the full glare of the lights on the audience, and the female ushers passing the collection baskets, the pressure for funds was on. Calling for gifts of \$100 or more first, and then working down to smaller sums, the net result was that no small change was collected and the typical contribution appeared to be \$1.00 bills. A safe estimate would be at least \$1,000 collected. Considering the tension of the moment,

NY 100-142201

which was increased by the knowledge, on the audience's part, that they had been heckled and jeered at by other organizations' representatives, i.e., the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the Nationalist Party, as they entered Manhattan Center, the sum collected may have been considerably more than \$1,000.

Shortly after the contribution period was over, the reason for the Congressional District seating arrangement became apparent. The spotlight was put on one district at a time, the leader of the district's anti-HUAC committee was introduced, and those people seated in the district were requested to submit their names on specially printed cards as volunteers to work for HUAC's abolition in their district. The work included arranging to meet the district's Congressman in an attempt to get him to commit himself to abolishing HUAC at the next Congress.

Assemblyman MARK LANE, in his talk, stressed the gradual loss of free speech in the United States due to the HUAC, and stated that he was endangering his own position right then and there by disagreeing that evening with the action President KENNEDY took in setting up the Cuban blockade. The audience cheered him very actively for this statement. He closed his remarks by hoping that all who felt as he did would join him at the end of the evening for a walk to the United Nations. His plans were to spend an all-night vigil there "for peace".

Mr. WILLIAM KUNTSLER's remarks primarily dealt with his work on behalf of the ACLU in the South. He mentioned that the ACLU was only interested in defending the rights of all individuals, including those of the American Nazi Party. There was applause to this remark, as well as a strong and vocal "No" from the audience.

NY 100-142201

WALLIS WOOD, Columbia undergraduate, talked about the "environment of fear" that pervaded his university. Students were afraid to speak out, he said, on any issue, for fear that someone would be keeping a dossier on them and their future jobs might be affected adversely. He stated that much support existed on campus for the abolition of HUAC, but fear of attack prevented anything but the conservative voice to be heard.

Two candidates for local political office also appeared:

MARTIN DWORKIS, running against JOHN LINDSAY for Congress, and HARRY PURVIS, running in Nassau County on a "Peace Party" ticket. DWORKIS stated, categorically, he was for the abolition of HUAC, and, if elected, would be active and vocal in his fight against it; not like LINDSAY, who "says he's against it, but votes funds for its support." He further warned against LINDSAY's plan to make HUAC a subcommittee under the Judiciary Committee, as this was merely changing its name.

HARRY PURVIS talked of how the entrenched politicians of Nassau County were trying to prevent him from handing out campaign literature in Garden City, threatening him with arrest for violation of a city ordinance. He was quite outspoken against the actions taken by President Kennedy against Cuba and was all-out for peace and conciliation by "negotiation, not blockade." He carried a United Nations flag with him onto the stage, and talked about the "shameful way" we are treating "our neighbors, the Cuban people."

The last speaker of the evening was LORRAINE HANSBERRY. She was very articulate and her remarks were edged in bitterness. "Rather than blockade Cuba, President

NY 100-142201

KENNEDY should send troops to South Carolina to finish the job he started in Mississippi," was one of her opening remarks. She concluded her delivery in a very emotional way and by the time she was close to finishing, she had the audience cheering her very loudly. She was "for peace" and felt that President KENNEDY had no right to risk war to "change the Cuban peoples' freely chosen form of government."

Twice during the evening, reminders were given that trains would be leaving Grand Central Station on Saturday and Sunday morning, October 27-28, 1962, for Washington, D.C., where people from all over would be "picketing for peace" at the White House. Also, it was announced that a mass demonstration would be held on Saturday afternoon in front of the Plaza Hotel, 58th-59th Streets and Fifth Avenue, in New York City.

During the course of the evening, the audience was asked by women volunteers to sign two petitions:

1. Asking for abolition of HUAC.
2. Asking President KENNEDY to end the Cuban blockade immediately.



New York Civil Liberties Union

Affiliated with the American Civil Liberties Union

156 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK 10, N. Y. • ORegion 5-5990

December 27, 1962

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Executive Director
Gordon K. Haskell
Assistant Director
Janet Ann Johnson
Staff Counsel

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International Work Adviser

Mr. John F. Malone
Special Agent in Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
201 East 69th Street
New York 21, New York

Dear Sir:

I have received a complaint from one [redacted] which alleges unnecessary physical abuse by one of your Agents, and I believe the matter should be brought to your attention.

Mr. [redacted] New York City, reports that on Thursday, December 20th at about 11:30 a.m. an FBI Agent by the name of [redacted] forcibly entered his apartment at the above address, pushed or shoved him into a chair and used rough and abusive language in an effort to intimidate him. Apparently, Agent Crotta was anxious to have Mr. [redacted] identify a photograph. On three prior occasions the Agent had telephoned Mr. [redacted] requesting an appointment, which was refused.

Mr. [redacted] was not physically injured, but he states he was thoroughly frightened and he appeared visibly shaken up when he visited my office the following day.

This type of conduct on the part of FBI officials, the local police or any other peace officer, cannot be condoned. Mr. [redacted] had no legal obligation to see Agent [redacted] and he is free to refuse to cooperate with the FBI, if that is his wish. This attempt to intimidate and frighten individuals into cooperating or giving information to government officials is inexcusable. Of all the agencies of the Federal Government, the FBI represents to most people the most overwhelming government power. It is therefore important that an FBI Agent consistently set a good example in his contacts with people and that they show respect for the rights of the individual.

This incident of which Mr. [redacted] complains must not go unnoticed and I am therefore sending you this letter. I would be interested in learning what your investigation of this matter reveals.

Sincerely yours, 100-10159-
George E. Rundquist
George E. Rundquist
Executive Director

SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 28 1962	
FBI - NEW YORK	

SAC, NEW YORK

12/31/62

SA [] (#343)

IS - R

Re letter of New York Civil Liberties Union, 12/27/62, to SAC, New York from GEORGE E. RUNDQUIST, Executive Director, relative to a complaint received from one [] alleging unnecessary physical abuse by SA [] on 12/20/62.

Pretext inquiry with one [] Bronx, NYC, ascertained that she was a former wife of [] In an effort to ascertain employment and residence (use of pretext inquiry) of [] contacted Mrs. [] and requested [] address. Mrs. [] related she did not know the whereabouts of [] however, would be in contact with him in the near future. SA [] requested that Mrs. [] have [] contact SA [] at the NYO.

During the week of 12/2/62, as a result of [] contact with his wife, he telephonically contacted SA [] at the NYO and advised him that he resides at the [] and at that time expressed a friendly and cooperative attitude and related that he would be unable to meet with SA [] until sometime following the weekend of December 8 and 9, as he was going to visit his family in Upstate, NY.

[] stated that he would telephonically contact SA [] at the NYO on 12/10; however, arrangements were made to change this to 12/11, inasmuch as SA [] had other business and [] said he would call on the 11th and thereafter arrange to meet.

[] did not call as he had promised he would and on 12/19/62, SA [] telephonically contacted [] at his residence, the [] NYC, at approximately 5:00 p.m. On this occasion SA [] identified himself to [] who said "This is [] and thereafter no other sounds were heard from the telephone. SA [] held on to the phone for approximately a minute, however, there were no sounds on the other end of the line.

- 1 - New York
- 2 - New York

JLC:emv
(2)

100-10159-848

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JAN 2 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

ice to handle for 115-9994
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There was no indication that [] had hung up, as the telephone line was still an open line and there was no indication that the line had been cut off. b6 b7C

SA [] did not return the call to [] following the above, as other pressing business directed his attention.

On 12/20/62, while en route to contact [] SA [] was in the area of the [] NYC, and as there was ample time to make inquiry at this hotel prior to a luncheon engagement with [] SA [] stopped at the hotel and inquired from [] the hotel, as to whether [] was in his residence. b6 b7C b7D

Inasmuch as there had been no negative indications received from [] relative to his cooperating with this Bureau and inasmuch as unusual telephonic contact on 12/19/62 indicated no reason for any unfavorable attitude toward the FBI by [] made inquiry with [] to ascertain if [] was in his residence. b6 b7C

At this moment, having realized that [] was in his residence, and as SA [] had a number of photographs available of Soviet nationals who had resided on [] across the street from [] past residence where he had resided for over one year, [] decided that possibly he should conduct a pretext inquiry with [] and through this inquiry have [] voluntarily furnish information regarding his contact with the Soviets.

SA [] at approximately 10:30 a.m. on 12/20/62, proceeded to [] residence on the [] and knocked on [] door. [] opened the door and SA [] identified himself and showed his credentials to [] who immediately said, "I do not want to talk to you" and shut the door, whereby SA [] arm was caught in the door. In an effort to extricate himself SA [] pushed the door back and in so doing, pushed [] away from placing pressure on the door. b6 b7C

After exerting pressure on the door to free his arm SA [] noted that [] was seated in a couch in the room.

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SA [] was not aware if pressure on the door had caused [] to recline in the couch or whether [] had seated himself in the couch.

SA [] thereafter immediately reprimanded [] for not being a gentleman in forcibly catching SA [] arm in the door. Thereafter [] commented "Why don't you go ahead and kill me!" and thereafter followed a tirade of discussions regarding his dislike for any governmental official, stating that they had all been persecuting him and also stated that he did not like the United States Government. SA [] immediately refuted [] statements against the US Government and other government officials.

In the course of ascertaining the reason for his dislike of US Government officials, [] regained his composure and a discussion continued and it was ascertained as a result of inquiry into his dislike of the US Government that he had visited ATC to obtain a job. He felt that nobody would hire him even at ATC, as everyone was "against him".

[] during his discussion, advised that both he and his brother had been drafted by the US Government during World War II, leaving two aged parents and he felt this was a great injustice, and as a result he has always had a dislike for the US Government and the military as well as government officials.

[] indicated that he had received a medical discharge from the US Army. He also stated that as a result of this medical discharge he has been unable to keep a job and to maintain his family, and he blamed all of his problems on the military and the US Government.

Upon leaving [] room, SA [] and [] exchanged Christmas greetings, shook hands, and wished each other a Happy New Year. [] admitted that he might not be enjoying the holidays as his wife had instituted a non-support charge against him and that he might possibly be spending the holidays in jail.

There was no attempt by SA [] to intimidate or frighten [] into cooperating or giving information to the FBI and if there was any rough language used it was the result of pain suffered from having the door forcibly shut against SA [] arm by []

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-05-2012

12/31/62

PLAIN TEXT

AIRTEL

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

~~SECRET~~

12-28-88
Classified by 367 URT/cf
Declassify on: OADR
Appeal # 9-0178 (Ny-Acl u)
Per Previous release
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF 1035 CP
DATE 8/17/92

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:
PERSONNEL MATTER

On 12/31/62, a letter dated 12/27/62, bearing the letterhead caption, "NY Civil Liberties Union, 156 Fifth Ave., NY 10, NY, directed to Mr. JOHN F. MALONE, Special Agent in Charge, FBI, 201 East 69th St., NY 21, NY," was received at the NYO.

Said letter which was signed by GEORGE E. RUNDONIST, Executive Director set forth that one had visited the offices of the NY Civil Liberties Union to register a complaint against SA which complaint alleged unnecessary physical abuse.

According to the content of the letter Mr. NYC, reported that on Thursday, 12/20/62, at about 11:30 AM, SA forcibly entered his apartment at the above address pushed or shoved him into a chair and used rough and abusive language in an effort to intimidate him. Set forth as an enclosure to this airtel is a zerox copy of the entire contents of the NY Civil Liberties Union letter.

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Concerning the above mentioned the following background is set forth:

On 9/25/62, NY 2633-S* advised that one (Phonetic) or (Phonetic) visited the office of the Amtorg Trading Corporation and ~~(S)~~

3 - Bureau (Encls. 4)
1 - New York

LFM:vfp/ean
(5)

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CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM G
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-849

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FBI - NEW YORK	

1/20/78

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engaged in a conversation with [redacted] Soviet National, from approximately 10:45 AM, to 11:00 AM. (S)

During said contact [redacted] (Phonetic) told [redacted] that he was of Russian descent, was 45 years of age and had been in this country for 44 years even though he was a Canadian citizen. (S)

NY 2638-S* was unable to report the entire conversation between [redacted] (Phonetic) and [redacted] but did obtain the following information: (S)

[redacted] (Phonetic) family lives in Shushan, NY. [redacted] (Phonetic) also indicated that he had made application on 6/6/62, apparently for a passport but cannot get out of the country and that the only way that he can get into the US is to have a citizen of the US vouch for his reliability. [redacted] (Phonetic) indicated however that his brother had stated he would support him as he is a writer of stories but cannot get them published. (S)

The Albany Office by letter dated 11/8/62, advised that one [redacted] was a resident at [redacted] Salem, NY, with occupation listed as farmer. His residency at the latter address was approximately one year with prior residence recorded as being at Phillips, Maine. Albany also advised that one [redacted] was a member of said family. Albany set forth a lead to determine the identity and background of [redacted] of [redacted].

It is noted that several Soviet nations have resided at [redacted] which is across the street from the above address at [redacted] NYC. (S)

Subsequent investigation determined that a [redacted] [redacted] resided at [redacted] Bronx, NY.

A pretext telephone inquiry with [redacted] determined that she was the former wife of [redacted] but that she was not currently aware of his whereabouts. She advised however that within the near future she would be in contact with [redacted].

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During the above pretext Mrs. [] advised that during her next contact with [] she would advise him to get in touch with Mr. [] In order that this could be done, SA [] informed the former wife that he was an SA of the FBI.

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During the week of 12/2/62, the former husband of [] telephonically contacted SA [] at the New York FBI Office in response to his wife's request.

During the course of said contact, which, according to SA [] was cordial, Mr. [] promised to again telephonically contact SA [] on 12/11/62, at which time they would mutually agree to a date of interview.

On 12/19/62, at approximately 5:00 PM, inasmuch as no telephone call was received by SA [] from Mr. [] SA [] telephonically made contact with Mr. [] at the []. It is noted Mr. [] had furnished this residence address to SA [] during the week of 12/2/62, at the time of their first telephonic communication.

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When SA [] phoned Mr. [] on 12/19/62, [] answered by giving his full name. When SA [] identified himself over the phone, all word communication ceased, [] giving no reply that he had even heard such identification. There was no indication that [] had hung up, as the telephone line was still an open line and there was no indication that the line had been cut off. SA [] did not return the call to [] following the above, as other pressing business directed his attention.

On 12/20/62, SA [] while in the vicinity of the [] New York, enroute to a luncheon engagement with [] decided to attempt physical contact with Mr. []. This attempt was being made in order to resolve whether it was the above Mr. [] who had visited Amtorg Trading Corporation. Due to the conversation that ensued during the telephonic contact during the week of 12/2/62, SA [] had no reason to believe that Mr. [] would be other than cooperative in his dealings with Bureau personnel. (S)

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(S) With the intention of using the pretext of showing him photographs of Soviets who had lived across the street from Mr. [] prior residence, SA [] proceeded to [] residence on the [] and knocked on []'s door. [] opened the door, following which SA [] verbally identified himself and attempted to show his credentials to []. [] immediately said "I do not want to talk to you," and shut the door thereby catching SA [] arm in the door. In an effort to extricate himself, SA [] pushed the door back and in so doing, found it necessary to push the door against [] in order to prevent him from placing further pressure on the door.

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According to the statement made by SA [] concerning this incident, he advised that after he exerted pressure on the door to free his arm the door opened and he noted [] was seated in a couch. SA [] stated he was not aware if the pressure he placed on the door in order to free his arm had caused Mr. [] to sit in the couch or whether [] had willingly sat there.

SA [] thereafter immediately reprimanded [] for having forcibly caught his arm in the door, stating that such action was not that of a gentleman. [] then commented "Why don't you go ahead and kill me!" He thereafter embarked on a tirade regarding his dislike for any governmental officials, stating that they had all been persecuting him. He also stated that he did not like the United States Government.

In the course of ascertaining the reason for his dislike of Government officials, SA [] learned that both [] and his brother had been drafted by the United States Government during World War II. Because of this action by the U.S. Government, [] felt that a great injustice had been placed on his family inasmuch as they had to leave two aged parents. As a result [] stated he has always had a dislike for the U.S. Government, the military and government officials. SA [] refuted [] statements against the U.S. Government and other government officials as regards [] view of great injustice. SA [] further defended the injustice of having the door slammed on his arm. b6 b7C

During said discussion, [] in a general statement advised that due to his dislike of the U.S. Government, he had visited Amtorg Trading Corporation to obtain a job. He stated that he felt, however, that no one would hire him even at Amtorg as everyone was "against him." (S)

[] indicated that he had received a medical discharge from the U.S. Army. He also informed SA [] that as a result of this medical discharge he has been unable to keep a job and to maintain his family and he blamed all of his problems on the military and the U.S. Government.

After a short period of time during which the above discussion was held, [] calmed down considerably and thereafter indicated a much more friendly attitude toward SA []. Upon leaving [] room, SA [] and [] exchanged Christmas greetings, shook hands and wished each other a Happy New Year. [] added, however, that he might not be enjoying the holidays inasmuch as his wife had instituted

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a nonsupport charge against him that he might possibly be spending the holidays in jail.

SA [] in his statement concerning this incident, advised that at no time did he attempt to intimidate or frighten [] into cooperating in any manner with the FBI. In his statement, SA [] set forth that if there was any rough language used on his part, it was only as the result of pain suffered by him when his arm was caught in the door. SA [] further set forth that at no time did he ever physically touch []

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In discussing this matter with SA [] as to why he did not report this incident to his superior, SA [] stated that due to the completely cordial relationship that existed at the time he departed [] room, he did not consider it of immediate expedite importance. He stated that he intended to set forth the matter of the incident in normal business fashion by directing a memorandum to the file.

New York Civil Liberties Union

The letterhead of the New York Civil Liberties Union letter, dated 12/27/62, which set forth the allegations against SA [], reflects said organization to be affiliated with the American Civil Liberties Union.

A listing of the Board of Directors, National Officers and National Committee reflects a number of names of individuals who are known to have been connected with liberal, if not extremely left wing, organizations.

For Bureau information, it is being noted that the NYO does not maintain any form of liaison with the New York Civil Liberties Union. In view of this, it is

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suggested that the Bureau consider handling this matter through the American Civil Liberties Union, of which the New York Civil Liberties Union is an affiliate.

UACB, this office will not acknowledge receipt of the New York Civil Liberties Union letter, dated 12/27/62, wherein was contained the allegations made against SA []

Observations

A complete review of this matter concerning the allegations made against SA [] by [] reflects that SA [] was completely justified in defending himself against personal injury and in refuting statements made by [] in his tirade against the US Government and Government officials. It is, therefore, felt that SA [] was in no way placed in a position where he could be justifiably accused of the allegations made by [] to the New York Civil Liberties Union.

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Recommendation

SA [] entered on duty as a Special Agent on 12/4/50. During his career with the Bureau, he has never been the subject of a letter of censure. He is considered to be a competent and experienced agent who, over the past several years, has been involved in the more complicated and sensitive Soviet espionage type cases. (S)

In view of the facts contained herein, it is felt that SA [] should have immediately reported this matter to his superiors, recognizing that SA [] felt that the incident was not of such a nature to be of consequence. It is, therefore, recommended that SA [] receive a letter of censure for his failure to report this incident expeditiously. This matter has been discussed with him and he is completely aware of his obligation to keep his superiors advised of pertinent developments relating to his daily activities.

- 7 -

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1/7/63

PLAIN TEXT

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
PERSONNEL MATTER

On 1/7/63, I stopped in the office of the Civil Liberties Union, 156 5th Avenue, to discuss with GEORGE E. RUNDQUIST, Executive Director of the Union, the matter of one [REDACTED] who alleged unnecessary physical abuse by Agent [REDACTED] of the NYO. Contact was made per Bureau instructions.

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After identifying myself and explaining the purpose of my contact, Mr. RUNDQUIST was extremely cordial. He stated that although he signed the letter and his initials were attached thereto, that the letter was actually written by one of the union's counsels, Miss [REDACTED]. I asked then if Miss [REDACTED] could also be present because I think she should hear what I had to say about the matter.

Agent [REDACTED] version of the incident was explained to [REDACTED] and RUNDQUIST. They were advised that Agent [REDACTED] was attempting to see Mr. [REDACTED] in a matter concerning the national defense of the US and at no time on previous contact did Mr. [REDACTED] indicate to Agent [REDACTED] that he was not willing to talk to Agent [REDACTED]. It was explained to [REDACTED] and RUNDQUIST that had

3 - Bureau
1 - New York

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(5)

100-10159-850

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JAN 13 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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[] expressed such a desire, that certainly no attempt would have been made to contact him. [] at this point, stated that according to [] that as soon as he opened the door, the Agent shoved a picture in front of him before he had a chance to say anything. It was explained to [] and RUNDQUIST that this was undoubtedly the Agent's credentials and the Agent was only trying to identify himself and [] would not give him this opportunity. It was explained to them that [] then tried to close the door on the Agent's arm and any action taken by the Agent at this point was not for the purpose of pushing [] around, but only to protect himself from [] attempt to close the door on his arm. [] was rather apologetic at this point for writing the letter and stated that this was the first complaint of this nature they ever had against the FBI.

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It was explained to her that Mr. HOOVER insists that the Civil Rights of the individual be respected by his Agents at all times and consequently there would seem to be no reason for matters of this nature to be brought to the attention of the Civil Liberties Union. It was pointed out to [] and RUNDQUIST that we did not particularly appreciate the second to the last paragraph of the letter of December 22, 1962, wherein it was indicated that they had prejudged Agent [] without having the full facts. They both apologized and stated that this was not their intention.

At this point, Mr. RUNDQUIST asked what we were going to do about the [] matter. I stated that I was not in a position to answer his question inasmuch as I had come here only to discuss the [] matter. He then stated that [] has been pestering him and he feels that [] is completely out of line in regard to his attempts to have the Civil Liberties Union handle his case. He stated that he has no intention of giving any consideration to []. He added that [] main complaint is that the FBI is keeping him from obtaining employment.

Both RUNDQUIST and [] expressed appreciation for being advised of our findings concerning the matter about which they inquired. It is believed that both were completely taken by surprise in having a representative of the FBI call at the office.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, BALTIMORE ([REDACTED])
 FROM: SA ROBERT C. NORTON
 SUBJECT: INFORMATION FURNISHED BY PSI

DATE: January 11, 1963

The documentation for this information is as follows:

Identity of Source	Date of Activity and/or Description of Information	Date Furnished	Agent	Location
[REDACTED]	12/3 MCDR Meeting	12/4/62	ROBERT C. NORTON (written)	[REDACTED]

CARE SHOULD BE USED IN REPORTING THIS INFORMATION IN ORDER THAT THE IDENTITY OF THE INFORMANT MAY BE FULLY PROTECTED.

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ccs:

Baltimore:

100-22557 - MCDR
 100-12462 - Youth Matters
 100-22379 - CONCERN
 100-22794 - Open Forum of Md.
 100-12464 - Organization
 100-22389 - Md. Council to Abolish HUAC
 100- [REDACTED]
 100-20082 - [REDACTED]
 100-10395 - [REDACTED]
 100-22827 - [REDACTED]
 100-18684 - [REDACTED]
 100-3571 - [REDACTED]
 100-10584 - [REDACTED]
 100-15739 - [REDACTED]
 100-1984 - [REDACTED]
 100-10653 - [REDACTED]
 100-13730 - [REDACTED]
 100-12471 - [REDACTED]
 100-21948 - [REDACTED]
 100-22845 - [REDACTED]
 100-11815 - [REDACTED]
 100-12069 - [REDACTED]
 100-22532 - [REDACTED]

RCN/cg
 (36)

100-8306 - [REDACTED]
 100-22618 - [REDACTED]
 100-20768 - [REDACTED]
 100-17509 - [REDACTED]

WFO:
 100-22456 - CP, USA US SACB
 San Francisco:

100- - Bay Area Student
 Committee To
 Abolish HUAC

New York:

100- - GUS HALL
 - BEN DAVIS
 - Youth Matters
 - JOHN ABT
 - Pamphlets and Pub
 - ACLU

American Civil Liberties Union

100-10159-851

SEARCHED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	INDEXED <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
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JAN 30 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

MW

[REDACTED]

The text of the informant's statement is as follows:

"Baltimore, Maryland
December 4, 1962

"A meeting of the Maryland Committee for Democratic Rights was held Monday, December 3, 1962 in a bare room at 433 E. 25th Street. This room is in a shabby building on the second floor, and is in the front of an apartment where [REDACTED] has offered the room to the Committee for free, and it is at their disposal at any time. He was not present when the meeting started, but came in later.

"There were 18 people present:

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"The meeting consisted of talking about the forthcoming hearings to be held in Washington on December 11th. Everyone who can was urged to attend. In line with this [REDACTED] wanted to have a speaker in Baltimore preferably GUS HALL or BEN DAVIS. Since shewas unable to find a hall to hold the meeting she went to the colleges. She found that at Hopkins there are several Youth groups who were interested, one mentioned was CONCERN. The students are going to sponsor a mass meeting at which BEN DAVIS will speak on Sunday, December 9, 1962 at 4:00 p.m. Probably at Shriver Hall which holds 1500 people. There is one catch, and that is that the students must not advertise off the campus. If this leaks to the newspapers the meeting may not be held at Hopkins. In

[REDACTED]

the event it is not held, the students will hold a protest meeting, and BEN DAVIS invited to Goucher by the Forum which may have anyone speak to them.

"It was announced that the Open Forum will hold a lecture at the College House on West 40th Street, Friday, December 7 and JOHN APT will speak there.

"There was a discussion about the Executive Board of the Committee, the members are [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] have never attended a meeting and that they should be dropped from the Board. This raised a protest from [REDACTED] in defense of his wife, and he explained that she is not been notified of a meeting in months. He then made a motion that all members of the board be notified of a meeting, and told that they must decide whether they will be active or not, and then new people elected. [REDACTED] raised the issue that he has not been notified of regular meetings, and [REDACTED] said if he was criticizing she appointed him then and there to send out cards notifying people of the meeting, and she will mail the list to him tomorrow. [REDACTED] protested to this in that [REDACTED] was jumping on people. MARIE said that [REDACTED] has done a good job, but asked her if it were too much for her. [REDACTED] then said she had something to say about that later. Anyway, [REDACTED] said if no one objected he would accept the responsibility of notifying the members of the meetings. The next meeting of The Committee will be held at the same place on Monday, December 17th. [REDACTED] subsequently told the group she had a personal announcement in that after the first of the year she was resigning her chairmanship of the Committee. She has personal reasons. She was asked if she would continue on the Board and be active in the group. She said no she would not she has had it. She was further asked if she was withdrawing from all activity in progressive organizations, and she said she was.

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"There was an article in the Labor Press concerning the House Unamerican Committee, and [REDACTED] asked for volunteers to call on the writer who approved of the Committee. [REDACTED] will go with her.

"Meeting was adjourned at 10:30 p.m."

This memo has been compared with the informant's original statement and it is accurate in substance.

[redacted]

On December 4, 1962, [redacted] furnished SA
ROBERT C. NORTON the following pieces of literature [redacted]
[redacted] at the December 3, 1962
MCDR meeting:

1. A 24 page pamphlet headed "American Civil Liberties Union 156 Fifth Avenue, New York 10, N.Y." dated "July 28, 1961" which concerned "Some illustrations of The Harms Done To Individuals By The House Un-American Activities Committee".

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2. Newspaper sized leaflet headed "January 3, 1963:" "The Date For Abolition Of HUAC" put on by The "Maryland Council To Abolish The House Un-American Activities Committee"

3. Eight page pamphlet headed "In Search Of Truth" put cut by The "Bay Area Student Committee For The Abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities".

[redacted] The three documents are being retained in [redacted]

SAC, NEW YORK (100-21)

1/24/63

SA NICHOLAS J. PURCHIA

"MORNING FREIHEIT", INC. aka
IS - C; ISA 9.1950

The following editorial appeared in the "Morning Freiheit" of 12/24/62, on page 4, columns 1-2:

The Protest And The Warning By The "Civil Liberties Union"

The organization called the "AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION" has just come out with a mighty condemnation of all phases of the process aimed at burying the fundamental liberties of the nation.

This was contained in the 42nd annual report of this organization, which has just been published. It reveals that the fight to protect democratic rights goes hand-in-hand with the fight to secure the peace. This is confirmed, as the above-mentioned report points out, by the just-concluded inquisition hearings of the womens organizations which are fighting for peace, by the Un-American Committee.

The report dwells on attacks on unions, the attacks on academic freedom in the universities, and the attempt to censor text-books, so that no "subversive" thought may creep in.

This organization, which fights to protect liberties, reveals that attacks on communists are, simultaneously, attacks on every free expression and means of forcing us into uniformity - to one-mindedness. This was the chief objective of nazism and this is what the buriers of liberty in our country are pushing us toward.

① - (100-10159) (ACLU)

NJP:rgf
(2)

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FBI - NEW YORK	

Ward

100-10159-855

It reveals now, behind the mask of "fighting communism" that great organization which fights for Negro rights, - "The National Association For The Advancement Of Colored People" - is being persecuted. It emphasizes the danger to the freedom of the press by such activity as the persecution of James Jackson, the editor of the "Worker".

The "Civil Liberties Union" comes out strongly against the witch-hunting Un-American Committee and quotes the case in Cleveland, when the names of 16 progressive doers, who were called to hearings by this Committee, were published. Three weeks before these hearings all these names were drummed up in all the Cleveland newspapers. This is called an act of "guilt by subpoena". Even before there was a hearing, even before anything was said, - those who were called were smeared.

Therefore they demand an end to this Committee and, simultaneously, to fight against all the buriers of liberty!

The above was translated from Yiddish by [redacted]
[redacted] Interpreter.

1/29/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

For Bureau original
DECLASSIFIED BY SP-4/JRM/EB

ON

11-5-80

Comp # 6076

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S)

DATE

1/29/63
1/29/63

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585)

MARTIN LUTHER KING; SM DASH C. OFFICE OF ORIGIN
ATLANTA.

ON JANUARY TWENTY EIGHT, SIXTY THREE, NY THREE EIGHT
EIGHT ZERO DASH S ASTERISK FURNISHED A CONVERSATION
BETWEEN LEVISON AND BILL PAREN POSSIBLY NEW YORK.
ATTORNEY WILLIAM KUNSTLER END PAREN. THEY DISCUSSED
AN AFFAIR WHICH HAD BEEN HELD RECENTLY IN WESTCHESTER
COUNTY AS A FUND RAISING CAMPAIGN FOR MARTIN LUTHER KING.
THEY ALSO DISCUSSED A PROPOSED RALLY WHICH WAS TO HAVE
BEEN HELD IN MADISON SQUARE GARDEN PAREN THIS SPRING
END PAREN FOR THE SAME PURPOSE WHICH LEVISON HAD KILLED.

BILL SAID THAT GHANDI PAREN GHANDI SOCIETY FOR HUMAN
RIGHTS END PAREN WAS DOING A LOT OF LEGAL WORK AND HAS A
BOY THEY ARE SPONSORING FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI.

1-Supervisor #414

1-New York (100-10159) (ACLU)

1-New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (414)

1-New York (100-80640) (CPUSA NEGRO QUESTION)

1-New York (100-146994) (WILLIAM KUNSTLER)

1-New York (100-136585) (414)

FTL:rmv

(6)

CLASSIFIED BY 12/9
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 4 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

100-10159-853

1/29/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

NY 100-136585

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE TWO

BILL SAID THAT THE BOY IS [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] HE
IS TO WALK ON THE CAMPUS AT ELEVEN AM ON THE THIRTY FIRST
AND ATTEMPT TO REGISTER. BILL SAID THAT HE THOUGHT [REDACTED]
WOULD BE THROWN OFF THE CAMPUS AND THAT HE HAS WRITTEN AND
CALLED BURKE MARSHALL PAREN, ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL AND
PAREN FOR PROTECTION FOR THE BOY. BILL SPOKE TO [REDACTED]
LAST NIGHT, AND (1-97-62) [REDACTED] IS NOT SURE HE IS GOING TO QUIT,
THAT [REDACTED] GRADES WILL BE GOOD ENOUGH TO STAY BUT
SOMEONE IS TRYING TO GET [REDACTED] TO WRITE A BOOK AND THIS
WOULD MEAN LEAVING. ACCORDING TO BILL, [REDACTED] HAS APPLIED
AND HAS BEEN REJECTED ONCE BEFORE. BILL SAID THAT THIS
WAS A COMBINATION SPONSORED BY GHANDI AND THE AMERICAN
CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION. [REDACTED] GRADES ARE NOT GOOD, BUT
THEY ARE GOOD ENOUGH FOR OLE MISSISSIPPI. HE IS NOW
GOING TO A NEGRO VOCATIONAL COLLEGE IN MISSISSIPPI. BILL
SUGGESTED TO LEVISON THAT KING CALL [REDACTED] CONCERNING

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1/29/63

PLAIN TEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

NY 100-136585

PAGE THREE

STAYING AT THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI AND THAT THE BOOK
WAS NOT SUCH A GOOD IDEA. BILL SAID THAT MARSHALL IS
TRYING TO TALK HE AND [REDACTED] PAREN PHONETIC END PAREN
OUT OF FILING A CASE AGAINST QUOTE BOBBY END QUOTE, ~~PAREN~~

~~ATTORNEY GENERALITY END PAREN~~

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[Handwritten mark]

CONFIDENTIAL

1/28/63

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES

DATE: 1/28/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Identity of Source

[redacted] who has furnished
reliable information in the
past - Conceal.

Description of info

[redacted] meeting,
1/12/63, of the New York
Council to Abolish the
HUAC.

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b7D

Date Received

1/16/63

Original Located

[redacted]

A copy of informant's report follows:

- 1 - Los Angeles 100-16439 (FRANK WILKINSON) (RM) (P.3,4,5,6,7)
- 1 - Mobile 100-824 (JABREY WILLIAMS) (RM) (P.7)
- 1 - New York [redacted] (INV.) (421)
- 1 - New York 100-150404 [redacted] (P.3,4)
- 1 - New York 100-109774 (BILL PRICE) (422) (P.3,4,7)
- 1 - New York 100-125635 [redacted] (P.3,4, & 7)
- 1 - New York 101-542 (PETER HAWLEY) () (P.3,5,7)
- 1 - New York 100-80857 (Rev. LEE BALL) () (P.3,6)

COPIES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

- 1 - New York 100-142201 (41)

JPD:poc
(24)

100-10159-854

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JAN 28 1963	
FBI-NEW YORK	

41

NY 100-142201
COPIES CONTINUED

1 - New York 100- (IRVING KAPLAN) () (P.3,6)
1 - New York 100-136709 () (421) (P.3, & 7)
1 - New York 100-73561 (ABE UNGER) (421) (P.3, 4, 5)
1 - New York 100-58325 () (P.3, 5, 6, 7)
1 - New York 100-133451 () (424) (P.3, 6, 7)
1 - New York 100-90750 (RUSS NIXON) (424) (P.3, 4, 5, 6)
1 - New York 100-89179 (BELLA ALTSHULER) (421) (P.3, 5)
1 - New York 100-117844 () (424) (P.3, 4, 5, 6)
1 - New York 100- () (PH) () (P.3, 5)
1 - New York 100-146684 (WSP) (41)
1 - New York 100- (Congressman RYAN) () (P.4, 5)
1 - New York 100-145238 () (P.5)
1 - New York 100- (Rev. BAIRD) () (P.5)
1 - New York 100- (LARRY SPICER) () (P.7)
1 - New York 100-10159 (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) (41)

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1/15/63

Report of [redacted] of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) on Saturday morning, 1/12/63, at the [redacted] New York City.

There were 15 persons present in all. They were as follows:

1. FRANK WILKINSON - exec. director and field representative, National Council to Abolish HUAC (NCAHUAC)
 2. BILL PRICE - exec. sec'y., NYCAHUAC
-

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Last name sounds like [redacted] states that she is very much involved in the Women Strike for Peace movement (WSP).

Before the meeting began, FRANK passed around copies of his estimate of the abolition efforts to date, with schedule of his forthcoming topics and what he feels the abolition should try to do within the next few weeks. FRANK asked that they be returned to him as soon as those present had a chance to look at them.

The group never got around to creating a formal agenda for the meeting. However, the consensus was that they begin by reviewing the events of the previous days in Washington, D.C. and go on from there.

FRANK, [REDACTED] BILL, [REDACTED] and RUSS all agreed that their recent efforts in Washington, D.C. (D.C.) were fruitful. Fruitful, in that, they had a Congressman, Congressman RYAN, (Dem., N.Y.), all set to call for abolition of the HUAC; and Congressman JOHN MC CORMACK, Speaker of the House, was deluged with telegrams calling for abolition; a very successful picket demonstration; and the wonderful efforts on the part of the WSP Washington, D.C. are a group visit 386 Congressman and/or their offices; and there was much abolition literature dropped around the House of Representatives.

[REDACTED] reported that when he returned from D.C., he immediately called at least 25 influential people and asked them to send telegrams urging the Speaker of the House to permit resolutions to state on the House floor calling for abolition. All agreed to do so, [REDACTED] said.

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ABE UNGER, who said that he also was part of the (D.C.) delegation, said that he thought that the entire day and the reports that he had heard were both sad and that he disagreed with those who felt that everything was fruitful.

ABE was very critical of FRANK, RUSS, and [REDACTED]. He sharply criticized them for misleading everyone into believing that something successful had been accomplished. The HUAC was not abolished, the (D.C.) delegation was small, and they didn't even succeed in getting a Congressman to introduce a resolution calling for abolition, he said. Therefore, how could RUSS, FRANK and [REDACTED] advise them at the Church (Calvary Methodist in D.C.) that things were going well. Where did the "Youth", ABE asked, get the information that 50 to 60 Congressmen would vote for abolition? ABE said that they should stop misleading people and tell the truth.

[redacted] verbally attacked ABE for his remarks and observations. She accused ABE of always being an obstacle to developments in the NYCAHUAC. Furthermore, she said, ABE was responsible for efforts to have her thrown out of the NYCAHUAC.

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[redacted] said that she also was present in D.C. and with [redacted] and Rev. BAIRD had visited Congressmen. [redacted] felt that the D.C. activities were most fruitful.

PETER, [redacted], BELLA, [redacted], and RUSS, sharply criticized ABE for his remarks.

FRANK stated that his role at the meeting was one of recorder and he would write down all ideas in order that as he goes to meetings during the next weeks he can report to various groups the actions, attitudes, and thinking of the NYCAHUAC.

FRANK said that an important thing in the abolition campaign for the next two years is to get some Congressman, preferably Congressman RYAN, to introduce a resolution against HUAC. This resolution then, he said, could serve as the focal point in an abolition campaign for the next two years. Some kind of a resolution, FRANK said, is necessary in order to have an effective abolition campaign.

RUSS announced that he had to be in Detroit later on in the day and would like to record his remarks.

RUSS said that he was opposed to Congressman JAMES ROOSEVELT's resolution, (Res. 69) which called for transfer of the HUAC's responsibilities to the House Judiciary Committee (HJC) and, at the same time, instructs the (HJC) to create a HUAC as part of the (HJC).

RUSS said that the abolition forces would as a result of (Res. 69) be in worse shape than ever before. The HUAC, he said, has fallen in disrepute and is looking for a mantle of respectability. ROOSEVELT's resolution, he said, would provide just that for the HUAC.

RUSS felt that it was mandatory that the NYCAHUAC got on public record for abolition primarily, and to conduct a campaign against appropriations of funds to HUAC, and to advise the friends of abolition that it is opposed to (Res.69). RUSS was very critical of Congressman ROOSEVELT but he felt that nothing should be done publicly attacking ROOSEVELT. However, he said, it must be made clear to all that ROOSEVELT made a mistake.

As RUSS left, FRANK reminded him that he would see RUSS in Chicago, on Saturday, 1/19/63.

PETER HAWLEY's position strongly supported RUSS's position and he also favored putting the NYCAHUAC's position in their organ "Abolition".

[] felt that the NYCAHUAC should take no position which would offend "liberals" including ROOSEVELT. [] said that the NYCAHUAC should now campaign for Res.69 if only to register with some Congressmen their opposition to HUAC. He was, he said, for abolition and for the appropriations fight but he insisted that the NYCAHUAC should do nothing that could lend itself to alienating "liberals."

[] asked him to identify these "liberals". [] did not. [] doubted [] position on the "liberals."

[] supported completely [] position.

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[] stated that Res. 69 would only result in the abolition of the abolition committees.

Rev. LEE BALL said that he spoke for the Religious Freedom Committee and the Methodist Social Action Committee and both of these groups, he said, call for abolition of HUAC, and not transfer, as is in Res. 69.

[] favored abolition and the appropriations fight but opposed any support of Res. 69. She said that the NYCAHUAC must take an opposed position to Res. 69.

[] agreed with [] and added that the NYCAHUAC had a primary obligation toward all abolition forces to accept only abolition and a secondary obligation to provide "enlightened guidance" to the friends of abolition. Also, he said, if the NYCAHUAC takes a firm position in exposing the defects of Res. 69 this could present the introduction of similar resolutions in the future.

PETER HAWLEY moved that the NYCAHUAC go on record as favoring abolition, the appropriations fight, and an informational analysis (publicly) on Res. 69.

BILL PRICE said that he had prepared a statement similar to PETER's motion and read it.

However after lengthy discussion, parts of it heated, it was approved by a majority of one vote to adopt PETER's motion. His motion reflected the sympathies of most all those present.

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[] stated that LARRY SPICER of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) probably wrote Res. 69 and ROOSEVELT's speech on the subject.

[] said that it was a poor job and LARRY should know better.

FRANK said that the NYCAHUAC should at its next meeting select two of its best people to represent them at the NCAHUAC meeting in Chicago. The Chicago meeting, he said, would develop abolition plans for the next two years. FRANK also said that he was preparing a written report for AUBREY WILLIAMS on the recent abolition efforts. He suggested that the NYCAHUAC do likewise.

[] announced that the next regular meeting of the NYCAHUAC would be held on Tuesday, 1/22/63 but he did not state where it would be held.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-128814)(#414)

DATE: 2/14/63

FROM: SA [REDACTED] (#414)

SUBJECT: NYDCP -- ORGANIZATION
IS-C

10-28-87
Class. by 3620R1KA
Date of Review OADR
Annual # 9-017X

On 2/1/63, NY 2384-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised a meeting of the NYDCP staff was held that date in the office of WILLIAM PATTERSON at CP headquarters, 23 West 26th St., NYC. (S)

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This meeting was attended by WILLIAM PATTERSON, WILLIAM ALBERTSON, BOB THOMPSON, [REDACTED] and JIM TORMEY. (S)

Main item on the agenda for this staff meeting appeared to be the defense of Advance before the SACB. (S)

ALBERTSON began the meeting stating that one thing they had to resolve is the ECLC. (S)

[REDACTED] stated that they were discussing within Advance the general position the NYDCP has taken and they heartily agree that this case can be fought on every level. [REDACTED] said the ACLU was not able to take the case and of course ECLC undertook it. [REDACTED] continued the ECLC approach to the problem is to raise the defense on the First Amendment. (S)

1-New York (100-84275)(W. PATTERSON)(414)
1-New York (100-129629)(W. ALBERTSON)(414)
1-New York (100-27452)(R. THOMPSON)(414)
1-New York (100-135736)([REDACTED])(414)
1-New York (100-15946)(J. TORMEY)(414)
1-New York (100-107419)(ECLC)(41)
1-New York (100-140667)(Advance)(414)
1-New York (100-68223)(L. BOUDIN)(424)
1-New York (100-54965)(J. ABT)(41)
1-New York (100-10159)(ACLU)(4)
1-New York (100-117708)([REDACTED])(414)
1-New York (100-128804)(NYDCP Youth Matters)(414)
1-New York (100-128823)(NYDCP Domestic Administration)(414)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF 100-10159-855
DATE 8/16/78

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100-10159-855
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
FEB 14 1963
FBI - NEW YORK

RSM:rted
(14)

CLASSIFIED BY 1258
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
7/21/78

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-128814

In discussing it with LEONARD BOUDIN, BOUDIN was very frank and said that he could not see himself spending the time fighting the case personally. BOUDIN made the suggestion they find another lawyer who would be in a position to handle the SACB stage the way "we" want to handle it, then ECLC might consider handling the appeal part of it. [] added that these are tentative and not formal proposals. He understands they are going to meet with BOUDIN again on Monday (2/4/63) to come to some sort of concrete approach.

[] said that if they wanted a compromise which would make ECLC more happy about things, that is, they would not be willing to raise the First Amendment issue on the basis of an injunction which would then go up to the Supreme Court, then ECLC would handle the case the way they originally outlined it within the SACB.

[] discussed this with JOHN ABT and ABT said the party did try injunction the very first thing 12 years ago and had very little success. It did go to the Supreme Court but the Court refused to hear it. ABT stated ECLC would not bite on something like this compromise so there is nothing wrong in proposing it. [] admitted he was very confused with the legal question and what ECLC really wanted.

ABT's feeling is that they have to fight in every way possible and that the ECLC approach would be putting all the eggs in one basket and that the party had rejected this approach 12 years ago.

ALBERTSON stated ACLU said that if ECLC turns them down they would try to get Advance counsel from the Bar Association. ALBERTSON also observed that if they did not move immediately after ECLC turned them down, they were going to eat up their 20 days at a very quick rate.

PATTERSON commented that he thinks they have got to fight this case on every legal, political, and ideological line. He thinks involving ECLC is a risk they should take. There is no guarantee the Supreme Court will be the same as 12 years ago.

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NY 100-128814

Getting an injunction and affidavits into the hands of various groups, with² covering letter would be a great thing that would open an ideological campaign they could develop with no restriction imposed. He would like to suggest it very seriously on the grounds that it does challenge the law and secondly, if it goes up to the Appellate Court, enlarging the constitutional question will be possible. Further, PATTERSON thinks involving the Bar Association counsel should be tried out regardless of whether ECLC comes in or not.

PATTERSON would not reject ECLC help although he would let them know he was not entirely satisfied.

[] stated ABT said ECLC would not agree to the injunction although, in his opinion, there is nothing wrong with it.

ALBERTSON said that he cannot go along with ECLC's legal position as far as SACB is concerned. He does not see how they can make a First Amendment case with the SACB.

ALBERTSON is for the proposal of the organization (Advance) applying for an injunction on the basis that their constitutional rights are being violated before SACB can make a decision. They should use any legal means to get an injunction to stop SACB from hearing this particular case. The least they can win is time.

If ECLC does not want the use of the injunction and they will not come in on the case unless they get their way, they will have to look for another defense lawyer. Then they should get a lawyer through the Bar Association, discuss the case with them and see how it looks to them.

ALBERTSON suggested the following:

1. The legal policy has to be one of an active offense at every stage.

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NY 100-128814

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2. Seeking the injunction.

3. If the ECLC will not take the case on that basis then they ask ACLU to get an attorney free from the Bar Association.

TORMEY agreed with [] on all the matters [] expressed an opinion on. He also agreed completely with what ALBERTSON had to say.

According to TORMEY, the first thing wrong with ECLC's position is that they would abandon the Fifth Amendment question. This is strange because even the ACLU does not make this a condition to defend people. When it comes to a legal question, they cannot accept ECLC's position. He agrees with both PATTERSON and ALBERTSON who favor the injunction for a single reason, they need more time.

[] said the accent on the mass rallying around the 150 members challenged by the government and these picking up the gauntlet appeals to him. He thinks this is a "cool" on that move. It offers the kind of atmosphere youth will rally around.

[] thinks they should be a little more bold in the approach to legal counsel. A couple of names have come to his mind like TELFORD TAYLOR. [] said they should go up to TAYLOR's door and say look 150 people no funds no money defend us. To get someone like TAYLOR involved in the struggle would be monumental with all due respect to BOUDIN. [] urged they be bold and strike out.

PATTERSON said they must raise in the sharpest way the unconstitutionality of the law.

THOMPSON stated that unquestionably the central issue is the question of unconstitutionality; however, he does not think realistically they are going to get a constitutional decision out of the Supreme Court in the

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NY 100-128814

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next couple of years. He thinks they may get a nullification of the law without a decision on the question of constitutionality. THOMPSON said he thought it important to get one or two other standing organizations to say this action against Advance jeopardizes their position. THOMPSON thinks this is very important from the public aspects of the case. It would have both legal and public value.

THOMPSON continued somewhere in this thing there has to be an independent youth defense group that is not familiar with the legal aspects of the case. They should have conferences and get out literature.

[] said there is the idea of having someone to travel the country on a speaking tour. Up til now they have not thought of a person because most of their people are needed here to maintain the organization. On the question of finances, they have not mapped out a financial campaign.

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[] commented that he was not of the opinion that MARV is, that if they pull one key person away the organization will collapse.

ALBERTSON said the only way to get money on this is to have a campaign. He commented they will get money for youth in trouble faster than for anything else.

TORMEY said they need more discussion on this and he would ask the comrades to agree.

[] asked why Advance cannot raise money for this instead of setting up another committee. They have enough youth committees, further, they have to define what they mean by a defense committee.

THOMPSON apparently summed the discussion up stating:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-128814

1. First go to ECLC and after they get a rejection then go to ACLU and try to get a lawyer with the understanding of defense work will be coordinated.

2. Get out the circular letter by next week. They will have to come up with something in the way of a committee that can be discussed concretely.

3. Use the document (the Attorney General's petition to the SACB or SACB notice to appear to Advance?) as best they can in the literature.

Those present agreed with THOMPSON's statement.

The remainder of the staff meeting involved continual use of the blackboard which rendered the ensuing discussion vague and obscure. It apparently concerned the agenda for a state committee or state board meeting.

At the conclusion of the meeting, THOMPSON mentioned that he had been having problems with his health and the doctor tells him he has got to take a couple of days (off?).

The meeting then adjourned approximately 4:00 pm.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

HOFSTRA COLLEGE

HEMPSTEAD, NEW YORK



March 26, 1963.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation,
201 E. 69th St.,
New York, N. Y.

Dear Sirs:

My attention has been directed to an article entitled
Academic Freedom and Civil Liberties of Students in Colleges and
Universities. This is printed by the American Civil Liberties Union
of 156 Fifth Av., New York 10, N. Y.

This is an organization about which I know but little but
I am most unfavorably impressed with the statement on page 14, which
invites and encourages resistance to efforts of governmental investi-
gators. The statement reads "It is further recommended that in supply-
ing information about former students to government investigators and
private employers, high school principals and faculty members answer
no "questions" relating to the students' loyalty and patriotism, his
political or religious or moral or social beliefs and attitudes, his
general outlook and his private life."

The statement appears to jeopardize the security interests
of the national government and would encourage obstruction of justice.
If developed to its utmost it would jeopardize freedom of speech and
the civil liberties of faculty as well.

What information could you give me in support of my strong
opposition to any adoption of this view as possible policy at this
institution. We propose to encourage assistance to governmental law
enforcement agencies at all times in their duties.

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*see exhibits
1B 29 + 1B 30*



100-10159-85

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41 MAR 27 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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Linden City

Call on 3/29/63

Call 4/1/63

for 4/2/63 - 2

contacting for interview

on 4/3/63 by sp. gpt

by Buckley & Co. Inc.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

3 New Directors Elected By Civil Liberties Union

The American Civil Liberties Union has elected three new directors.

They are Algernon D. Black, leader of the Ethical Culture Society and chairman of the New York State Commission Against Discrimination in Housing; Luther B. Evans, former librarian of Congress, and James Farmer, executive direc-

tor of the Congress of Racial Equality.

Directors' re-elected were: Robert Bierstedt, Robert L. Crowell, Edward J. Ennis, Osmond K. Fraenkel, Lewis Galantiere, August Heckscher, B. W. Huebsch, Dorothy Kenyon, Will Maslow and Harry Meserve.

John Pemberton Jr., executive director, announced the election results yesterday.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

54 NEW YORK TIMES

Date: 4/1/63
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: JOHN B. OAKES
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-c

or

Classification: RU - 61-170
Submitting Office: NYC

100-10159-857

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 1 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Dismissal Is Asked in Libel Suit Against Newspaper in Brooklyn

The New York Civil Liberties Union filed a brief in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday moving for the dismissal of a criminal indictment against The Brooklyn Daily and its editor. The Union contended that the indictment failed to spell out a crime.

State Supreme Court Justice Arthur G. Klein complained to District Attorney Edward S. Silver that an editorial appearing in The Brooklyn Daily on last Jan. 17 had libeled him. The editorial criticized his decision setting aside the city's refusal to issue a cabaret license to the Playboy Club.

As a result, a grand jury indicted Arnold Fine, the editor, and the publisher, The Brooklyn Weekly & Brooklyn Daily, Inc. Constitution Cited

The brief, filed by the union's counsel, Emanuel Redfield, said: "The prosecution of the defendants for publishing defamatory statements concerning the conduct of a judicial officer is an interference with the freedom to publish which is protected by the Constitution of the United States.

"The conclusion is inescapable that the defendants cannot be punished for the expression of opinion concerning the court's decision or in condemning it, without violating their constitutional right of expression."

It is important, the brief said, that persons have a right to criticize a public official. The brief argued that the doctrine against the punishment of a person for criticism of a public

official concerning the performance of his duties—even of a judge—has been reiterated by the courts.

The union pointed out that it was in a somewhat paradoxical position in the criminal libel case. It said that it had been a target of an editorial in The Brooklyn Daily for participating in the defense of the Playboy license application.

The case against the Brooklyn paper was described by lawyers as rare, because it is being prosecuted as a criminal action. If Mr. Fine were found guilty, he could be sentenced to a maximum term of three years, and the publisher fined as much as \$500.

Criminal libel is committed by any writing calculated to create a disturbance of the peace, corrupt public morals or lead to any act that is itself indictable. Persons who feel that they have been libeled by the printed word usually file civil libel suits. In civil actions, the plaintiffs seek monetary verdicts from juries with punitive or compensatory damages or both.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

20 NEW YORK TIMES

Date: 4/5/63
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: JOHN B. OAKES
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION
Character: IS-C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-858

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 5 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

CLU Defends Editor in Playboy Case

The New York Civil Liberties Union came to the defense today of one of its severest critics.

Emanuel Redfield, its general counsel, filed a friend-of-the-court brief urging dismissal of the criminal libel indictment against Arnold Fine, editor of The Brooklyn Daily.

Fine and his newspaper were indicted by a Kings County grand jury Feb. 7 as a result of an editorial criticizing Supreme Court Justice Klein. The paper attacked Klein for overruling city License Commissioner O'Connell and ordering a cabaret license issued to the Playboy Club.

The paper also carried an editorial criticizing the NYCLU for its defense of the Playboy Club license application in the case before Klein.

Fine's attorney, William Sonenshine, moved for dismissal of the indictment on Feb. 27. Supreme Court Justice Barshay gave all parties involved until this week to submit briefs on the defendant's motion.

In his brief, Redfield commented that Justice Klein had "generously praised the appearance of the Union in support of the license. Ironically, the Union is now defending its critic against the complaint of its admirer."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

73 NEW YORK POST

Date: 4/4/63
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: DOROTHY SCHIFF
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C
or
Classification: Bu - 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-859

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
4 APR 4 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Wm

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-41648) DATE: 4/5/63

FROM: SA CLAUDE E. WILLIS

SUBJECT: LOS ANGELES COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL (LACSJMS)
IS-C

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE~~

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
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[redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past and whose identity should be concealed.	3/21/63 Meeting of the LACSJMS.	3/26/63	Writer	[redacted]
--	--	---------	--------	------------

~~10-2850~~
Class. by 367 URT/KC
Date of Review OADR
Appeal # 9-0172

Informant's report is quoted as follows:

CC: 2 - New York (REGISTERED)

100-
100-

(ACLU) American Civil Liberties Union

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF DATE

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100-30398 (SADIE DOROSHKIN) (SI)
100-54975 [redacted]

100-33876 [redacted] (SI)

100-64020

100-41460

100-33826

100-36990

100-36867

100-40423

100-45654

100-44981

100-33973

100-63472

100-3267

100-42713

100-43933

97-16

JOE PASTERNAK (SI)

EVELYN BURKETT (SI)

FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH

[redacted] (RI-A)

(ACLU)

RASON MONROE

[redacted] (SI)

"PEOPLE'S WORLD"

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP (S) OF DATE

100-10159-860

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 12 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

CEW:LAL
(21)

Read by

CLASSIFIED BY 1259

EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

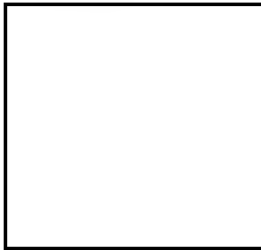
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 100-41648

"Los Angeles, March 22, 1963

"Meeting of the L.A. Area Chapter of the Sobell Committee. Held in [redacted]
[redacted] Los Angeles, California. Thursday, March 21, 1963 - 8:30 PM.

"Present -



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"Minutes of March 14, 1963, meeting read by [redacted]
[redacted] and approved.

"Sobell film scheduled for showing at City Terrace Cultural Center March 22. [redacted] read circular prepared by the Center announcing this showing. EVELYN BURKETT FREEMAN has a film scheduled in West Los Angeles April 5, but [redacted] did not have details -- they are to be mailed him by EVELYN BURKETT FREEMAN within a day or two.

"Attempting to get 150 blue chip stamp books (filled) from friends with which to buy a projector for showing 35mm film. To date about 75 books received.

"Discussed the June 19th meeting in connection with the 10th Anniversary of JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG. It is to be held in Channing Hall at First Unitarian Church. It is to get a well-known dynamic personality who will draw crowds. [redacted] is so busy now, that he has raised his fee quite high. Instructed [redacted] to write New York

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 100-41648

"Sobell Committee asking for 50 copies of the statement made at the recent Sobell meeting in New York. [redacted] is a counsel for the American Civil Liberties Union in New York. [redacted] talked to EASON MONROE of the ACLU in Los Angeles, and he is reluctant to act on the Sobell case. It was the thinking that if [redacted] statement is distributed by EASON MONROE to other ACLU people, perhaps the Sobell Committee might get some action from the ACLU.

"The April 14th Passover Dinner was discussed. Invitations, fliers, and tickets brought to meeting by [redacted]. Members in disagreement with invitation as to wording and paper stock. They won't do the work themselves, but will criticize, and, besides, they can't agree among themselves exactly what they want. Have no ideas of their own and when ideas from other people presented, they don't like them. (Just can't win with this bunch.) Entertainment set-- [redacted] will perform. The committee to pay \$5.00 for [redacted] accompanist. [redacted] and [redacted] feuding over 'who is to contact 'chicken lady'-- the woman who will be asked to prepare chickens for the Passover Dinner.

[redacted] finally agreed to take over management of the kitchen during the Passover Dinner.

"It is hoped to finalize details for this April 14th dinner at next meeting March 28, 1963, which will be held at home of [redacted], Los Angeles, California.

[redacted] turned in completed raffle book with \$5.50.

"At a recent 80th birthday celebration of JOE PASTERNAK, he was given a money tree containing \$200.00. Of this amount \$50.00 is going to the PEOPLE'S WORLD fund

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

LA 100-41648

"drive, according to [redacted] It was announced at the meeting that \$75.00 of this money will be turned in at the Passover Dinner. [redacted] turned in \$25.00 from friends, which is to be announced at the dinner. (S)

[redacted] taking care of distribution of tickets for the dinner. (S)

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"Addressing of invitations will be done on March 28 -- which is next meeting night. One hundred invitations and 25 tickets will be given to EVELYN BURKETT FREEMAN for mailing to friends in West Los Angeles. (S)

"Announcement of dinner at home of SADIE DOROSHKIN, 4946 Marathon, Los Angeles, California - Sunday, March 23, 1963 - from 3 PM to 5 PM, with program from 5 PM to 7 PM at which PETTIS PERRY will speak on the Congo. (S)

"Meeting adjourned 10:40 PM. (S)

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could furnish no additional information.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

[redacted] (S)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBELL

A source advised on April 25, 1962, that the Los Angeles Sobell Committee is the Los Angeles, California, affiliate of captioned organization.

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the "Communist campaign assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered upon MORTON SOBELL," the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case - a Communist front which had been conducting the campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in Chicago in October, 1953 and then as the National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the Rosenberg case'...."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, page 116.)

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name, "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The 1960-61 Borough of Manhattan telephone directory lists the "Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" as being located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
FOR MORTON SOBELL

LA 100-41648
BU 100-387835

"Guide to Subversive
Organizations"

APPENDIX

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, BOSTON

DATE: 4/11/63

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: NEW YORK COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
(NYCAHUAC)
IS-C
(OO:NY)

Identity of Source

[REDACTED] who has furnished
reliable information in the
past - Conceal.

Description of info

NY Council to Abolish HUAC
meeting, 3/11/63.

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b7D

Date Received

3/29/63

Original Located

[REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - Boston (100-) [REDACTED] (RM) (P.3)
4 - Chicago (RM)
 (1 - 100-) (NCAHUAC)
 (1 - 100-) (STUDENT PROVISIONAL COORDINATING COMMITTEE
 FOR CIVIL LIBERTIES)
 (1 - 100-) (DICK CRILEY) (P.5)
 (1 - 100-) (CHICAGO COM. TO DEFEND BILL OF RIGHTS)
1 - Cleveland (100-) (NCAHUAC) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (100-16439) (FRANK WILKINSON) (RM) (AM) (P.3,4,5)
1 - New Haven (100-) (NCAHUAC) (RM)
1 - Pittsburgh (100-) (NCAHUAC) (RM)
1 - Salt Lake City (100-) (NCAHUAC) (RM)

COPIES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

1 - New York 100-142201 (41)

JPD:poc
(40)

100-10159-861

SEARCHED <i>SH</i>	INDEXED <i>SH</i>
SERIALIZED <i>SH</i>	FILED <i>SH</i>
APR 11 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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NY 100-142201
COPIES CONTINUED

1 - New York [REDACTED] (INV.) (421)
 1 - New York 100-109774 (BILL PRICE) () (P.3,4)
 1 - New York 100-125635 [REDACTED] () (P.3,5)
 1 - New York 101-542 (PETER HAWLEY) () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-58325 [REDACTED] (P.3,4,5,6)
 1 - New York 100-138625 [REDACTED] (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-136709 [REDACTED] (421) (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-73561 (ABE UNGER) (421) (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-97576 (STAN FAULKNER) () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-93591 [REDACTED] (424) (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-107245 [REDACTED] () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-80857 (REV. LEE BALL) () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-138313 [REDACTED] () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-89179 [REDACTED] (421) (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-133451 [REDACTED] (24) (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-93572 (NATIONAL GUARDIAN) (41)
 1 - New York 100-150404 [REDACTED] ()
 1 - New York 105-13487 [REDACTED] ()
 1 - New York 100-0-138034 [REDACTED] ()
 1 - New York 100-150853 [REDACTED] ()
 1 - New York 100-144476 [REDACTED] (P.3)
 1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] ()
 1 - New York 100-0-138914 [REDACTED] (PH) () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-146684 (WOMEN'S STRIKE FOR PEACE) () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] () (P.3)
 1 - New York 100-141477 [REDACTED] () (P.4)
 1 - New York 100-0-132625 (LARRY SPICER) () (P.5)
 1 - New York 100- (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) ()
 1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] (PH) () (P.5)

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3/15/63

Report of a meeting of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) at the Community Church, 40 East 35th St., New York City, on Monday evening, 3/11/63.

There were about 40 persons present. The following persons were some of those observed in attendance:

1. FRANK WILKINSON, field representative, National Committee to Abolish HUAC (NCAHUAC)
2. BILL PRICE, executive secretary, NYCAHUAC
3. [REDACTED], NYCAHUAC
4. PETER HAWLEY
5. [REDACTED] - Doctoral candidate at Princeton U. and friend of [REDACTED]
6. [REDACTED]
7. [REDACTED]
8. ABE UNGER
9. STANLEY FAULKNER
10. [REDACTED]
11. [REDACTED]
12. Rev. LEE BALL, treasurer, NYCAHUAC
13. [REDACTED]
14. [REDACTED]
15. [REDACTED]
16. [REDACTED]
17. [REDACTED]
18. [REDACTED]
19. [REDACTED]
20. [REDACTED]
21. [REDACTED]
22. [REDACTED]
23. [REDACTED]
24. [REDACTED]

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associated with Women's Strike for Peace movement.

The meeting opened with the showing of a film produced by ROBERT COHEN, "Un-American Activities Committee" Parts of the film were very critical of J. EDGAR HOOVER, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and his report on the student demonstrations relative to the HUAC hearings in

San Francisco. The film concludes by calling for the abolition of the HUAC.

After the film, BILL PRICE reported on his recent lobbying activities as a representative of the NYCAHUAC around the appropriations fight for HUAC in the U.S. Congress. BILL said that the forces for abolition of the HUAC should be very pleased with the vote of 20 Congressmen against the appropriations for HUAC. It was a victory, BILL said.

FRANK WILKINSON gave a report of his activities throughout the country. "Ad hoc" committees, he reported have been established in Cleveland, Columbus, Pittsburgh, Salt Lake City, and New Haven, Connecticut. On or about the last week in February, 1963, (Feb 27 - 28), FRANK said that he met with youth leaders from the midwestern colleges and included in the meeting was [redacted] from New York City, FRANK said. FRANK met with them, he said, for two days, from 8 A.M. to 3 A.M. each day. A result of the meeting was the creation of efforts to coordinate the activities of the Student Provisional Coordinating Committee for Civil Liberties (SPCCCL). The meetings took place in Chicago, FRANK said. The SPCCCL, FRANK said, is, and will continue to be, active in the abolition movement.

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FRANK emphasized the importance of distribution of literature. The Christian Century Herald, he said, has a good position on abolition of HUAC, and it should be seen by the NYCAHUAC that copies of this position come into the hands of Protestant Church leaders. The trade unions should be made aware of the abolition article in the "Industrial Union Digest", by ALLEN, FRANK said, and this project, he said, should also be undertaken by the NYCAHUAC. The St. Paul's Guild has produced a film called, "Autopsy on Operation Abolition", FRANK said. The NYCAHUAC, he said, should see to it that Catholic groups avail themselves of this film.

FRANK praised the work of [redacted] with the Jewish Church groups.

There will be a NCAHUAC meeting in Chicago on April 27-28, 1963, FRANK stated. That meeting, he said, will discuss and formulate plans for fund-raising with an emphasis on reducing competition between the NCAHUAC efforts and the local abolition group's efforts; the role of the "Ad Hoc" committees will be discussed; the formation of a National Advisory Committee to the NCAHUAC will be handled. This job, he said, has been assigned to [REDACTED]. There will be, he said, election of officers and the creation of an Executive Board of the NCAHUAC.

National abolitions policy and programs, FRANK said, will be a major part of the meeting in Chicago. He said that for the last two months, he had to set abolition policy and he shouldn't, he said, have to do that because he is only a salaried employee. There was, he said, much disagreement on the abolitions fight amongst abolition groups throughout the country. FRANK said that the NCAHUAC cannot accept or support any position short of abolition of the HUAC. FRANK said that he is opposed to anything short of abolition of HUAC.

FRANK highly praised DICK CRILEY of the Chicago Committee to defend the Bill of Rights (CCDBR) DICK, he said, the greatest fighter for abolition and civil liberties in the country. The CCDBR, FRANK said, is the best committee in the country in the fight for abolition. b6 b7C

FRANK also praised LARRY SPICER or SPITZER of the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU) as a great source of strength in the abolition fight.

FRANK was very critical of the way the NYCAHUAC is handling its financial commitments and fund-raising efforts. He called their position on this irresponsible. The entire abolition fight could fail, he said, because the NYCAHUAC might be financially embarrassed. This situation, he said, must be corrected at once.

ED CRAWFORD announced that there would be a party for abolition at [REDACTED] (sounds like) house on Saturday, 3/30/63, [REDACTED] New York City.

[redacted] announced that on Thursday, 3/21/63,
Congressman WILLIAM FITTS RYAN, will speak on Abolition at
the Free Synagogue, 30, 68th Street, New York City.

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Liberties Union Hits Ole Miss Actions

The absence of academic freedom at the University of Mississippi was attacked today by the American Civil Liberties Union.

In a letter to Dr. Charles E. Noyes, provost of the university, the union urged restoration of five paintings removed April 5 because they portrayed the university's desegregation crisis.

The letter said removal of the paintings "was a clear violation of the academic freedom of a faculty member who has every right to depict his views and feelings on canvas."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

3 NEW YORK WORLD
TELEGRAM AND THE SUN

Date: 4/18/63
Edition: METRC
Author:
Editor: RICHARD D. PETERS
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION
Character: IS-C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-862
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
APR 18 1963
FBI - NEW YORK
WAT

DIRECTOR, FBI (100-)

4/22/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-10159)

AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION
156 Fifth Avenue, New York 10,
New York
IS-C

On 3/27/63, this office received the following letter from [REDACTED] Hofstra University, Hempstead, New York.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation
201 E. 69th St.,
New York, N.Y.

Dear Sirs:

My attention has been directed to an article entitled Academic Freedom and Civil Liberties of Students in Colleges and Universities. This is printed by the American Civil Liberties Union of 156 Fifth Ave., New York 10, N.Y.

This is an organization about which I know but little but I am most unfavorably impressed with the statement on page 14, which invited and encourages assistance to efforts of governmental investigators. The statement reads: "It is further recommended that in supplying information about former students to government investigators and private employers, high school principals and faculty members answer no 'questions' relating to the students' loyalty and patriotism, his political or religious or moral or special beliefs and attitudes, his general outlook and his private life."

- 4 - Bureau (100-) (RM)
(1 - 100-) (AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS)
(1 - 100-) (COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE EDUCATION FIELD)
1 - New York: (100-144954) (AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS) (RM)
1 - New York: (100-24031) (COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE EDUCATION FIELD) (2414)
① - New York: (100-10159)

EMS:VOM
(7)

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed

100-10159-863

NY 100-10159

"The statement appears to jeopardize the security interests of the national government and would encourage obstruction of justice. If developed to its utmost, it would jeopardize freedom of speech and the civil liberties of faculty as well.

"That information could you give us in support of my strong opposition to any adoption of this view as possible policy at this institution. We propose to encourage assistance to governmental law enforcement agencies at all times in their duties.

Sincerely,

"/s/ [redacted]

On 3/29/63, [redacted] was contacted by a Special Agent of this office and an appointment was made for 4/3/63, at [redacted] office at Hofstra University, Hempstead, NY.

On 4/3/63, [redacted] was interviewed at which time he advised that he has been a Professor of [redacted] at Hofstra University for the past [redacted] [redacted] advised that he has degrees from [redacted] University and has been employed in various capacities on a consultant basis during the summer months at various [redacted] as well as other colleges. [redacted] advised that he has the highest regard for the FBI and stated that the information he was furnishing he considered confidential. However, he advised, that he had no names of persons he suspected to be of the Communist Party.

[redacted] advised that in his opinion, some of the faculty members who are active in the local Hofstra University Chapter of the American Association of University Professors have been possibly guided or influenced by the above described pamphlet and are following the dictates of this article in their efforts to bring about changes by the administrators of Hofstra University insofar as security regulations pertaining to faculty members. [redacted] advised that he has a copy of the above described pamphlet and wanted to call to the attention of the FBI the above described article which he considered a hurdle for the FBI and other governmental agencies to cope with in the performance of their responsibilities.

NY 100-10159

[] advised that he, himself, is a member of the National Association of the American Association of University Professors but would not join the local Hofstra University Chapter since he did not agree with the policy of the local chapter inasmuch as they were trying to bring about changes in the security regulations of faculty members.

[] advised that the Hofstra University Chapter of the AAUP were instrumental in having the Hofstra University administrators amend the faculty employment application form in March, 1963. He advised that the old application form contained a question that the prospective faculty applicant had to answer as to "Whether or not the professor had ever been affiliated with any organization or movement that seeks the overthrow of the United States form of government or associated with any such organization".

[] advised the new applications issued by the university for prospective faculty members deleted the above described question as a result of persistent recommendations to the administrators of the university by the Hofstra University Chapter of the AAUP. b7D

[] advised that he heard rumors when attending faculty functions that the local chapter at Hofstra University of the AAUP had made comments that the question before it was deleted, could be considered discriminatory and an infringement upon the academic rights and privileges of the educational profession. He also advised that comments were made why should the education field be singled out to sign such an application form that demanded an answer to such a question when other professions are not required to do so. He also stated that some comments were made by members of the local chapter that this question, even if left in the new applications which were issued in March, 1963, would not be grounds for dismissal since any Communist Party member would not hesitate to lie and sign this question in the negative in order to gain employment as a faculty member.

[] further advised that since the local chapter at Hofstra University of the AAUP had been successful in changing the application form, they are now endeavoring to have the Executive Committee of the University delete or amend the Hofstra University Manual of Faculty Statutes. He stated that the Manual of Faculty Statutes for the faculty members at

NY 100-10159

Hofstra University now contains specifically a section which he referred to as "Section 2B", which is headed "Academic Freedom". [redacted] stated that under this title, there is a comment that the administrators and trustees of the University state on record that no Communist or other totalitarian person is on the college staff at Hofstra. [redacted] stated that another comment appears that if such a person was appointed to the faculty, the administrators and trustees of the university could remove him.

[redacted] advised that at a meeting of the local Chapter of the Hofstra University AAUP held in March, 1963, the local Chapter issued the Executive Minutes of the meeting and specifically referred to Section 2-B of the Manual of Faculty Statutes and requested all faculty members to support them in their endeavor to delete this portion of the manual. [redacted] voluntarily furnished the interviewing agent with a copy of the minutes of the Executive Committee of the Local Chapter which was dated March 5, 1963.

On the last page of a reprint of the minutes calls for a change in Section 2-B of the Manual of Faculty Statutes. A copy of the minutes received from [redacted] is being maintained in the files of this office. Briefly, the Hofstra University Chapter of the AAUP criticized Section 2-B of the Manual as being outdated and something which was inserted in the Manual of Faculty Statutes as a result of the pressure of national trends which existed when this was inserted in the manual when it was printed in 1953. The minutes published by the Executive Committee of the local Chapter further state that such pressures no longer exist today and that because of the present climate of opinion in this country, the faculty members and administrators of the colleges are not expected to make public avowals of the political affiliations of their members.

[redacted] stated that the policy mentioned above which is being followed by the local Chapter of Hofstra University of the AAUP follows the line set out in the pamphlet published by the American Civil Liberties Union entitled "Academic Freedom and Civil Liberties of Students in Colleges and Universities".

NY 100-10159

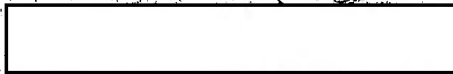
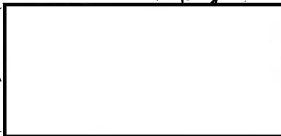
[redacted] again commented that he was aware that he had no names of persons he suspected of being pro-Communist or Communist Party members but felt certain that the line of policy being followed by the local Chapter of Hofstra University AAUP went hand in glove with the Communist Party efforts to tear down or amend security regulations of persons suspected of subversive activity. b7D

[redacted] stated that he believed the administrators of Hofstra University want to cooperate in every way possible with Federal law enforcement agencies and for this reason he was going to personally appeal to the President of Hofstra University, namely, Dr. JOHN C. ADAMS, and alert him of the movement afoot to change the Manual of Faculty Statutes. [redacted] stated that he is personally acquainted with the President, Dr. ADAMS, and was going to advise him to be on the alert for any additional changes recommended by the local Hofstra University Chapter of the AAUP. [redacted] was advised that the Bureau deeply appreciated his communication. The Bureau policy regarding the above matter was mentioned to [redacted]. He was advised that if he had any additional information regarding any type of subversive activity, he could feel free to communicate with this office.

The above is being furnished for the Bureau's information.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE
NEW YORK 1, N.Y.

May 10, 1963


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Reference is made to your recent complaint concerning the receipt of a mailing from an organization in New York City which you believe might have communistic overtones.

The matter is not one coming under the jurisdiction of this Service and we are therefore taking the liberty of referring the mailing which you received to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, New York 21, N. Y., for any attention warranted.

Thank you for your interest in submitting the mailing for our consideration.

Sincerely yours,


Postal Inspector in Charge.

✓ CC with exhibit to FBI

CC Files

*enc destroyed**cc American Civil Liberties**Vmm**15 - c*

100-10159-864

SEARCHED <i>15</i>	INDEXED <i>15</i>
SERIALIZED <i>15</i>	FILED <i>15</i>
MAY 13 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

W

201 East 69th Street
New York 21, New York
May 14, 1963

Mr. R.J. Hickey
Postal Inspector in Charge
General Post Office
New York 1, New York

Dear Mr. Hickey:

Thank you for your letter and enclosure of
May 10, 1963, which you sent to [redacted]
[redacted], California.

Your interest in furnishing this information to us
is indeed appreciated.

Very truly yours,

JOHN F. MALONE
Assistant Director in Charge

1 - Addressee
1 - New York

*Enclature destroyed
to value
com*

100-10159-865

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 14 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Handwritten initials and signatures]

SAC (100-1086)

5/23/63

SA WILLIAM S. BETTS

ACIU
IS - C

On 4/19/63, [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished to SA WILLIAM S. BETTS the 4/63 issue of "Civil Liberties," a monthly publication of the ACLU published in New York. This item is being retained in 100-1086-1B-2(44). b7D

American Civil Liberties Union
1 - New York (ACIU) (REGISTERED MAIL)

- 2 - Philadelphia
- 1 - 100-1086
- 1 - [redacted]

WSB:rdc
(3)

100-10157-866

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 27 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

W

5-29

*Anna
6/4*

Heads Civil Liberties Unit

Leonard Bernstein's wife, the former Felicia Montealegre, has been named to head a new women's division of the New York Civil Liberties Union. Mrs. Bernstein was described as a "staunch defender of the Bill of Rights, and a strong advocate of the protection of individual liberties." The NYCLU said she and her husband, conductor of the New York Philharmonic, have been active members of the group.



MRS. BERNSTEIN
'Defender of rights.'

CLIPPING FROM THE

N.Y. Post

EDITION late city

DATE 5-28-63

PAGE 2

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION

~~NOT FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION~~

Re: N.Y. Civil Liberties Union

100-10159-867

SEARCHED <i>AB</i>	INDEXED <i>AB</i>
SERIALIZED <i>AB</i>	FILED <i>AB</i>
MAY 28 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

CONFIDENTIAL (100-22476)

CONFIDENTIAL (100-22476)

CONFIDENTIAL TO [redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] (100-22476)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Class. by 367027108

Date of Review OADR

April 29, 2012

b6
b7C
b7D

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY
SHIP (S) OF
DATE

1. Identity of [redacted]
2. Description of [redacted]
3. Date received [redacted]
4. Received by [redacted]
5. Original location [redacted]
6. Date and time of [redacted]

- 1. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 2. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 3. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 4. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 5. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 6. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 7. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 8. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 9. [redacted] (100-22476)
- 10. [redacted] (100-22476)

7
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY
SHIP (S) OF
DATE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

100-10157-868

CLASSIFIED BY 1051
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED

FBI - NEW YORK

4/19
6/11/63
ADMIN

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-371001)
SAC, NEW YORK (100-101520)

FROM: SAC, WFO (100-20007) (P)

U.S. vs CP, USA
19-C, USA of 1952
(20:NY)

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of a Reply Brief, filed by the CP on 5/14/63 in reply to the government's brief filed 4/23/63, a copy of which was furnished to the Bureau. Also enclosed for the Bureau is one copy of an Ancient Garion Brief filed 5/7/63 by the AGNY.

Enclosed for New York are two copies of the AGNY brief and one copy of the CP's brief.

The only other information on the docket was that on 5/1/63, the government filed a motion for additional time for oral argument.

WFO will follow.

2-Bureau (Enc. 3)
2-New York (Enc. 3) (100)
(100-101520) AGNY
2-WFO
(100-2149) AGNY
enc: bcy
(1)

No action
6/11/63 hr

100-10159-869

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 12 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

SAC, NY 100-107111 (41)

5/10/63

SA JOHN A. EMMES (41)

COMMUNIST TO SOURCE
FBI RECORDS SECTION
ID - G; NY 62 1930

~~10-24-87~~
Class. by ~~367 JCT/KH~~
Date of Review DAQR
~~Appel # 9-0171~~

Identity of source

[redacted] (b)(6) furnished
Soluble [redacted] in [redacted] (consent)

Description of info

Activities of [redacted] headquarters
NYC, [redacted] 5/20/63

Date received

5/24/63

Received by

SA JOHN A. EMMES (originator)

Original location

[redacted]

The above info. [redacted] [redacted]
in captioned case. (S)

A copy of information is being [redacted] [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

- 1 - NY [redacted] (b)(6) (C.I.)
- 1 - NY 100-107163 (423)
- 1 - NY 100-107157 (421)
- 1 - NY 100-107147 (22)
- 1 - NY 100-107146 (2)
- 1 - NY 100-107150 (ACLE) (21)
- 1 - NY 100-107201 (422) (S)
- 1 - NY 100-107147 (41)
- 1 - NY 100-107111 (41)

SA: [redacted]
(U)

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS: CATEGORY 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-107159-870

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 4 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Observed and overheard in the office of the School Committee, 940
N. Way, Monday, May 20th, 5:45 - 9:15 PM.

She complained that [redacted] was not very bright and her recommendation to the Committee after June 1944 will be to let him go; that to date he hasn't been able to bring in enough money to pay his cost of \$80 a week.

b6
b7C

████████ arrived and █████████ asked her which of two picketings she would work on, Thursday -- the Progressive Labor Assoc. in front of the Waldorff, Chula Park. Monday is being fined and dined inside for his birthday, and the Minimum Wage picketing to take place 6:45 P.M. at the public school, Ave A & 49 St.

St. [redacted] decided to distribute literature at Ave. A & 49th St. [redacted] and she made telephone calls to call friends to participate on Thursday evening.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-107211

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Before [redacted] told [redacted] that a Mrs. [redacted] had volunteered that she had clothing to be picked up for the summer drive. [redacted] to do the pickup but he refused. (X)

She asked him to find a summer replacement among his wide circle of friends and he agreed to do this. (X)

[redacted] phoned [redacted] to say that they tendered if she had deserted [redacted] work. He reported that [redacted] remained to continue work. (X)

[redacted] left about 8 PM. (X)

[redacted] closed the office at 9:15 and left with [redacted] and [redacted] told them that he was going to wait [redacted] for dinner. (X)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC (100-1086)

6/2/63

SA WILLIAM S. BETTS

ACLU
IS - C

On 3/28/63 [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished to SA WILLIAM S. BETTS the following items:

- (1) 42nd Annual Report, July 1, 1961 to June 30, 1962, of ACLU, New York.
- (2) February and March issues of Civil Liberties issued by the ACLU, New York.

Above items are retained in 100-1086-1B2(45).

b7D

- 1 - New York (ACLU) (R.M.)
2 - Philadelphia
 { 1 - 100-1086
 { 1 - [redacted]

WSB/lac
(3)

100-10159-871

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 24 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

83

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SA 100-7232

from the San Antonio News and the San Antonio Express.
When [redacted] heard that [redacted]

[redacted]
[redacted] communist activities in the San Antonio area.
criticized [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] (S)
[redacted] also commented that [redacted]
[redacted] He told [redacted] that [redacted] and
[redacted]

[redacted] told [redacted] that [redacted]
[redacted] in view of the publicity
that has come about as a result of [redacted]
[redacted] told [redacted] that he
[redacted]
[redacted] (S)

b6
b7C
b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

8/13/63

SA [REDACTED] (424)

NEW YORK COUNCIL TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IS-C

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of info

Activities at office of
NY Council to Abolish
HCUA [REDACTED]

Date Received

8/6/63

Original/Located

[REDACTED]

b6
b7C
b7D

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York [REDACTED] (INV.) (424)
1 - New York 100-150404 [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York 100-103774 (BILL PRICE) (422)
1 - New York 100-150539 [REDACTED] (4)
1 - New York 100-150553 [REDACTED] (24)
1 - New York 100-151255 [REDACTED]
1 - NEW York 100- [REDACTED] (424)
1 - New York 100-144476 [REDACTED]
1 - New York 100- [REDACTED]
1 - New York 100-10159 (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) (41)
1 - New York 100-117344 (MARK LAKE) (424)
1 - New York 100-142201 (41)

JJP:poc
(12)

41
100-10159-878
SEARCHED... INDEXED...
SERIALIZED... FILED...
AUGUST 13, 1963
FBI - NEW YORK

August 2, 1963

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] worked at the office of the New York Council to Abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities, 150 West 34th Street, New York, New York.

[redacted] worked on a mailing to get volunteers into the office particularly for the afternoons. [redacted]

[redacted] has offered to come in once a week on whatever day she is needed. [redacted] worked on revising the mailing list. [redacted] mimeographed his paper on abolition which he is writing for the New York Council to Abolish HCUA, Professor [redacted] of New York University and the American Civil Liberties Union. [redacted]

b6
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b7D

[redacted] discussed the By Laws of the New York Council to Abolish HCUA. They discussed who would become members of the New York Council to Abolish HCUA. [redacted] questioned [redacted] holding the position of Vice Chairman when he does not attend any meetings. [redacted] paid a social visit.

[redacted] said that the New York Council to Abolish HCUA can't function without central planning.

[redacted] is receiving unemployment insurance and [redacted] intends to apply for it. [redacted] field is "stop action films".

Civil Liberties Aide Named
Special to The New York Times
CHICAGO, Aug. 18--Franklin
S. Pollak, former special assist-
ant Attorney General of New
York, was named today execu-
tive director of the Illinois di-
vision of the American Civil
Liberties Union.

CLIPPING FROM THE

NY Times

EDITION Late city

DATE 8-9-63

PAGE 8

FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION _____

NOT FORWARDED BY NY DIVISION X

100-10159-874
SERIALIZED
JUL 10 1963
Wm

3-1
9/20/63

SAC, NEW YORK (100-142201)

5/13/63

SA [REDACTED] (100-)

NEW YORK CENTRAL TO BUREAU RE: [REDACTED] SP-INTEREST
ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE
IN-C

Identity of Source [REDACTED]

Description of Info

Activities at office of
the Council to abolish
NSA [REDACTED]

Date Received

5/6/63

Original Located

[REDACTED]

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York [REDACTED] (NY 1) (100-)
1 - New York 100-150509 [REDACTED] (100-)
1 - New York 100-150501 [REDACTED] (100-)
1 - New York 100-103774 (BILL BRIGGS) (100-)
1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] (100-)
1 - New York 100- [REDACTED] (100-)
1 - New York 100-10100 (AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) (100-)
1 - New York 100-142201 (100-)

JJP:qcc
(8)

~~CLASSIFIED BY~~
~~EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY~~
~~DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE~~

100-10159-895

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 13 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

60m

July 27, 1953

[redacted]
[redacted] were at the office of the New York Council to Abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities, 150 West 34th Street, New York, New York. [redacted] worked on revising the mailing list. [redacted] paid a social visit, and [redacted] discussed a paper on abolition which he is writing for the New York Council to Abolish HCUA and other people such as Professor [redacted] and the American Civil Liberties Union. [redacted] is chairman of the Research Committee.

b6
b7C
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He took the position on transfer taken by the National Committee, and he stated that the New York Council to Abolish HCUA would be in a bad position should transfer be proposed because the New York Council to Abolish HCUA would have no grounds then for holding out for abolition. [redacted] discussed the transfer proposal with him. [redacted] agreed with [redacted] on this paper. [redacted] stated that he thought he could rewrite a paper which would be acceptable to the New York Council to Abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

BANS ON PROTESTS SCORED BY A.C.L.U.

Mere Possibility of Violence
Is Called Illegal Grounds

The American Civil Liberties Union declared yesterday that public officials could not ban civil rights demonstrations in anticipation of violence.

They are prohibited from doing so, the group said in a study, by the First Amendment and by decisions of the Supreme Court and other Federal courts.

"The courts have plainly declared," the study said, "that important constitutional rights, such as free speech and assembly and equal protection of the laws, cannot be curtailed because of apprehension that the exercise of these rights will result in riotous disturbances by lawless opponents."

In support of its view the Civil Liberties Union cited recent Supreme Court decisions in *Wright v. Georgia* (373 U.S. 284), *Edwards v. South Carolina* (373 U.S. 229) and *Cooper v. Aaron* (358 U.S. 1).

Nature of Cases

In *Wright vs. Georgia*, the Court reversed a breach of peace conviction of six Negroes for playing basketball in a "whites only" public park. The Court said:

"The possibility of disorder by others cannot justify the exclusion of persons from a place if they otherwise have a constitutional right."

The Court made a similar ruling in *Edwards vs. South Carolina*, which involved a protest on the grounds of the State Capitol.

In *Cooper vs. Aaron*, the school authorities of Little Rock, Ark., petitioned the Court to postpone implementation of a desegregation plan because of extreme public hostility.

The Court rejected the petition. It declared that "law and order are not here to be preserved by depriving Negro children of their constitutional rights."

The study by the Civil Liberties Union said that the President and a number of Governors had erred in suggesting that assemblies likely to lead to breaches of the peace should be avoided.

"The point that has not been made clear," it said, "is that the important constitutional right of protest cannot be abridged by the violent threats of lawless individuals opposed to the objectives of the demonstrators."

If Riot Is Imminent

The study added, however, that the police might be compelled to stop a public meeting or demonstration if the situation developed to the point of imminent riot.

The Civil Liberties Union upheld the view that some of the recent demonstrations had exceeded the proper limits of constitutionally protected protests.

It cited the Fourth of July incident at Jones Beach State Park, in which demonstrators blocked access to parking lots, and the blocking of access to the construction site for the Downstate Medical Center in Brooklyn.

"Each of these violated legal protection of the public's right of movement," the study said.

The study asserted that while ruling that the right of assembly is only relative and subject to regulation, the Supreme Court has held that it may only be regulated to protect substantial rights and not to avoid nuisances.

The public, the study concluded, cannot be protected against exposure to demonstrations.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

11 NEW YORK TIMES

Date: 8/23/68
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: TURNER CATLEDGE
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10159-876
SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
44 AUG 23 1968
FBI - NEW YORK
102

100-9-12
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (97-1670)

FROM : SA [REDACTED] (312)

DATE: 9/6/63

SUBJECT: CASA CUBA
RA-CUBA; IS-CUBA

Identity of Source [REDACTED]
Reliability
Description of Info
Date Received
Date of Activity
Original Location

[REDACTED]
Has furnished reliable
information in the past
Films from Cuba shown
at Casa Cuba
9/3/63
8/25/63
[REDACTED]

In the event the following information is incorporated
in a report, it should be properly paraphrased so as to protect
the identity of the source.

A copy of the informant's report follows:

1-NY 105-48993 (JOSE MARTI CLUB)
1-NY 100-147372 (PROGRESSIVE LABOR MOVEMENT)
1-NY 100-10159 (ACLU)

1-NY 105-49411 [REDACTED]
1-NY 105-49191 (CARLOS LALLANILLA)
1-NY 105-55266 (LEONOR LALLANILLA)

1-NY 105-60477
1-NY 100-144521
1-NY 100-146795
1-NY 105-52788
1-NY 105-49599
1-NY 105-52189
1-NY 105-49229
1-NY 105-58549
1-NY 105-61392
1-NY 105-46662
1-NY 105-43969
1-NY 105-60680
1-NY 105-61062
1-NY 100-145201
1-NY 105-61391
1-NY 105-49411
1-NY 100-149743
1-NY 105-60637
1-NY 105-46848
1-NY 105-62374
1-NY 105-50224
1-NY 97-1792 (FPCC)
1-NY [REDACTED] (INV)
1-NY 97-1670

CDS:mfw
(30)

100-10159-877

Searched	Indexed
Serialized	Filed
SEPT 6 1963	
FBI-NEW YORK	

1504102

NY 97-1670

"Organization: Casa Cuba, 691 Columbus Avenue, New York City, N.Y.

"Time & Place: Casa Cuba premises, Sunday, August 25th, 1963, 8:30 PM

"This evening the Casa Cuba was showing some films they recently acquired from Cuba. There was a full house present for the showing. The camera being used is owned by the Jose Marti Club. Operating the camera was [redacted] and [redacted]. The films were newsreels. Present for the showing were Carlos Lallanilla, now president of Casa Cuba, his wife, Leonor Lallanilla, [redacted]

[redacted]

just returned from Cuba as guests of the Cuban Government. [redacted] was asked to say a few words pertaining to his trip to Cuba. He stated that he had had a very pleasant trip and saw many advances in Cuba and talked to many of the Cuban leaders but that he would reserve in talking about it til he has had time to organize himself and make a complete report on his trip to the Casa Cuba members during a membership meeting. That he had taken many pictures in Cuba that he will have ready for showing publicly in a few weeks. That he hoped that all those present this evening will be present at the Casa Cuba when the pictures are ready.

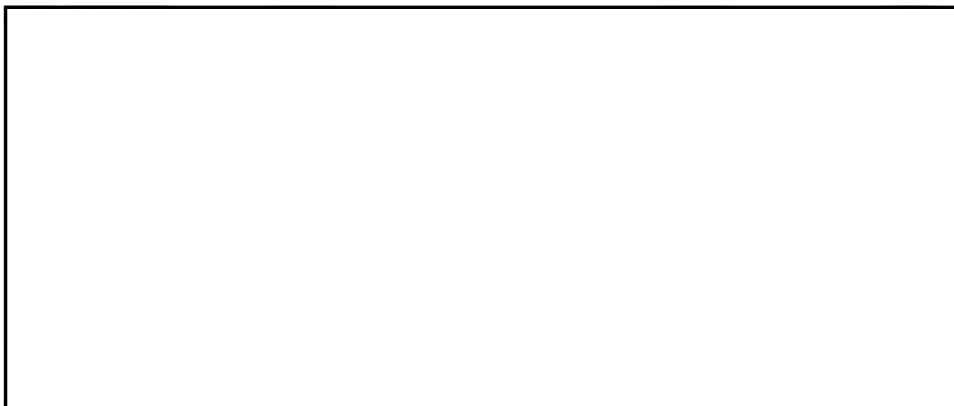
b6
b7C
b7D

"After the films were shown it was noticed that [redacted] and his wife were completely surrounded by persons wanting to ask questions about Cuba and wanting to know if they had seen, so and so.

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

NY 97-1670



"/s/

[Redacted Signature]

9/1/63"

This memorandum has been compared with the original statement and it is correct in substance.

All necessary action has been taken in connection with this information.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

A.C.L.U. FIGHTS BAN ON TALKS BY REDS

The American Civil Liberties Union denounced yesterday a New York Supreme Court injunction prohibiting Communists from speaking at the University of Buffalo.

The group said the injunction "constitutes both an unwarranted intrusion into academic affairs and an unconstitutional prior restraint on the rights guaranteed by the Bill of Rights."

The court declared last year that it was state policy that a Communist party member may not address students at a state-operated university.

While acknowledging the absence of specific laws to that effect, the court held that such a public policy was established in state laws declaring the Communist party subversive and its members ineligible for state employment.

The civil liberties group takes issue with this decision in a friend-of-the-court brief to be filed today with the Appellate Division of the State Supreme Court in Albany.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

-57 NEW YORK TIMES

Date: 9/30/63

Edition: LATE CITY

Author:

Editor: TURNER CATLEDGE

Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS-C

or

Classification: BU 61-190

Submitting Office:

NYO

100-10159-878

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 30 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Handwritten: 41, [initials]

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

ACLU Fights Network Ban On Seeger

The American Civil Liberties Union has asked the American Broadcasting Co. to reconsider its reported refusal to hire folksinger Pete Seeger because he refused to sign a political affidavit forswearing Communist association.

The ACLU called ABC's action "arbitrary censorship of the citizen's right to see and hear." In a letter to ABC president Leonard Goldenson, the ACLU said "political qualifications can be justified only by showing that the position involved is directly related to national security."

Public entertainment is surely not equivalent to "sensitive" positions in government or defense work, the ACLU said, adding: "It is inconceivable that a performer could threaten national security by earning his living in full hearing and view of the public on radio and television."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

2 NEW YORK POST

Date: 11/4/63
Edition: LATE CITY
Author:
Editor: DOROTHY SCHI
Title: AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION

Character: IS:C
or
Classification: BU 61-190
Submitting Office: NYO

100-10154-8P
SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
NOV 4 1963
FBI - NEW YORK

GRANDEFELD & GOODMAN
COUNSELLORS AT LAW
15 WILLIAM STREET
NEW YORK 5. N. Y.
HANOVER 2-0045

November 29, 1963

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Federal Building, Foley Square
New York City, New York

Gentlemen:

I would appreciate your advising me if an organization by the name of "American Civil Liberties Union", is in good standing as 100% American - or - is said organization on your subversive list.

Please advise me of the Bureau's opinion in reference to the reading matter and publications released by this organization.

Your cooperation in enlightening me on the above is appreciated.

b6
b7C

Very truly yours,

GRANDEFELD & GOODMAN

BY

JJG:SC

100-10159-880

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 2 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

ack 12/3/63 mab
129
DK

201 East 69th Street
New York 21, New York
December 3, 1963

[REDACTED]
Grandefeld & Goodman
Counsellors At Law
15 William Street
New York 5, N. Y.

b6
b7C

Dear Mr. [REDACTED]

I would like to acknowledge receipt of your letter of November 29, 1963, in which you inquire as to whether or not a certain organization is on a list of subversive organizations maintained by us.

Please be advised that the list you refer to is known as "List of Organizations Designated by the Attorney General Pursuant to Executive Order 10450." Such a list is maintained by the New York Public Library, as well as the "Subversive Organizational Section, Internal Security Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C."

The records of the Federal Bureau of Investigation are confidential and the requested information cannot be furnished you. Nevertheless, it is suggested that you may want to communicate with either one of the above places in order to get an answer to your inquiry.

Very truly yours,

WM
JOHN F. MALONE
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR IN CHARGE

WM:msb

NY 100-10159 (41)(ACLU)
(2)
MF

100-10159-881
Searched _____
Serialized *gpd* _____
Indexed _____
Filed *gpd* _____

124mm
12/8
OFFICE MEMORANDUM *** UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-427226) DATE: 11/20/63
FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-57253)
SUBJECT: YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE (YSA)
IS-SWP
(OO: NY)

On 11-15-63 [redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available to SA [redacted] by mail mimeographed document received by source through the mails directly from SWP National Headquarters, New York City. This document photostated and the original returned to informant. The document is described as follows (with the photostatic copy filed as indicated):

[redacted] [redacted]
2 - Bureau - REGISTERED

b6
b7C
b7D

2 - Baltimore - REGISTERED
100-20348 (YSA)
100- [redacted]

2 - Boston - REGISTERED
100-33449 (YSA)
100- [redacted]

1 - Chicago - REGISTERED
100-36519 (YSA)

6 - Indianapolis - REGISTERED

12/4/63
all
100-13158 (YSA)
100- [redacted]
100- [redacted]
100- (LEONARD BOUDIN)
100- (INDIANA CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION)
100- [redacted]

Search as:
American Civil
Liberties Union
ALL OF OF
List Refs.
Add 11/23
4/3

JCO/mtn
(32) *mtm*
*ADDITIONAL COPIES PAGE 2

100-10159-882
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
NOV 21 1963
FBI - NEW YORK
Wm

LA 100-57253

COPIES CONTINUED:

2 - Louisville - REGISTERED

100- (YSA)

100- [REDACTED]

1 - Minneapolis - REGISTERED

100-11696 (YSA)

① New York - REGISTERED

100-133479 (YSA)

100-141153

100-

100-137560

100-147905

100-148744

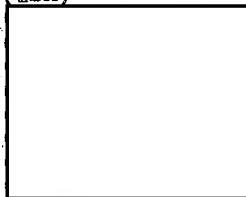
100-146125

100-146808

100-

100-

100-



(ACLU)



b6
b7C
b7D

1 - Washington - REGISTERED

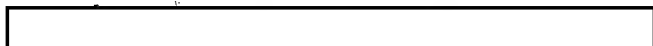
100-35189 (YSA)

4 - Los Angeles

cc: [REDACTED]

100-3267 (ACLU)

100-34470 [REDACTED]



~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-119816)

DATE: 12/10/63

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (105-60829)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED] aka
IS - R
(OO: NY)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

10-2787
Classified by 6-3
Declassify on: OADR
Approved #9-0172 (NY-Act)

b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

Reference Boston airtel to the Bureau, dated 10/25/63, entitled, "[REDACTED] PSI-R"; reference Bureau airtel to Boston, dated 11/12/63, entitled, "[REDACTED] ESP - R"; New York airtel to the Bureau, dated 11/14/63; Boston letter to the Bureau, dated 11/20/63, entitled, "[REDACTED] PSI - R"; New York letter to Newark, dated 11/27/63, (inter office); and New York teletype to the Bureau and Boston, dated 12/2/63, entitled, "[REDACTED] IS - R"

5-Bureau (RM)

{1 - 105-88670 [REDACTED]
{1 - 65- [REDACTED]
{1 - [REDACTED]

2-Albany (105-4618) (INFO) (RM)

{1 - 105-4892 (EDWARD SCHOENBERG)

4-Boston (105-10250) (INFO) (RM)

{1 - 105-9420 [REDACTED]
{1 - 65- [REDACTED]
{1 - [REDACTED]

(COPIES CONTINUED)

1-New York (105-60829)

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EJF:pwv

(33)

CLASSIFIED BY 1259
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 2-3
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

100-10159-883

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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DEC 10 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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NY 105-60829

(COPIES CONTINUED)

2-Newark (105-14472)(INFO) (RM)
(1 - 105-8859) [REDACTED]
1-San Francisco (105-14330) (INFO) (RM)
2-St. Louis (105- [REDACTED]) (CHARLES GREEN) (INFO) (RM)
(1 - 105-3370) [REDACTED]
2-Washington Field (105-53840) (INFO) (RM)
(1 - 105-36173) [REDACTED]
1-New York (105-40094) (LATVIAN ACTIVITIES IN US,
NY DIVISION) (341)
1-New York (105-41639) [REDACTED] (341)
1-New York (105-DEAD) [REDACTED] (344)
1-New York (105-NEW) (LINA KARKLIN) (341)
1-New York (100-89176) (CHARLES SCHULP) (341)
1-New York (105-64397) (JACK OSOL) (341)
1-New York (105-64396) [REDACTED] (341)
1-New York [REDACTED] (ADM) [REDACTED] (341)
①-New York (100-10159) (CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION) (41)
1-New York (105-DEAD) (MICHAEL J. KONDRAT) (344)
1-New York (100-86416) (EDWARD SCHOENBERG) (344)
1-New York (105-63639) [REDACTED]
1-New York (105-55113) [REDACTED] (342)
1-New York (100-102154) (FRED BLASHGE) (341)

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NY 105-60829

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[redacted] hereinafter mentioned,
[redacted], who recently had re-entered
the United States on [redacted]
[redacted]

All copies of this letter submitted to
specified offices are for the information of the
respective case files in those offices.

Referenced New York airtel to the Bureau,
dated 11/14/63, and Boston letter to the Bureau,
dated 11/20/63, set forth information indicating
that [redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted] contents of which had been set forth in
these referenced communications from New York and
Boston.

It is to be noted that referenced Boston
airtel, dated 10/25/63, had set forth information
concerning the [redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted] mentioned above.

NY 4081-S*, who has furnished reliable
information in the past, has furnished informa-
tion during the period from 11/15/63 through
1/30/63, pertaining to the subject's [redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted] his efforts to notify [redacted] of
[redacted]
[redacted]

[redacted]. NY 4081-S* also received informa-
tion during this period pertaining to the subject's
receipt of a call to the effect that some "government

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- 2 -

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NY 105-60829

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institution" was looking for him in New Jersey and a search for him was going on among Latvians in New Jersey, but the subject had denied knowing any Latvians in New Jersey, which information was set forth in referenced New York letter to Newark, dated 11/27/63.

In addition, during the period from 11/15/63 through 11/30/63, NY 4081-S* furnished information pertaining to the death of (OTTO) KOCERS, a contact of [redacted]

[redacted] which information was set forth in referenced New York teletype to the Bureau and Boston, dated 12/2/63.

NY 4081-S* also made available during this period information pertaining to the subject's illness and his subsequent entry into Lefferts General Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, on 11/30/63, for an operation.

The following is a chronological listing of the above indicated pertinent information furnished by NY 4081-S* during the period from 11/15/63 through 11/30/63, which information was all received in the Latvian language, translation of which was effected by Mrs. [redacted] Translator (Interpreter), New York Office:

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11/15/63

(CHARLES) GREEN called "Godson" (CHARLES SCHULP) at Ludlow 3-0405 at 7:00 p.m., and "Godson" stated that [redacted] had arrived, indicating that they were just then playing cards.

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NY 105-60829

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GREEN asked whether "Godson" had heard anything from [redacted], and "Godson" indicated that he had not heard.

GREEN related that he had gotten a letter from [redacted], which had just arrived that evening from Massachusetts.

"Godson" prevented GREEN from saying from whom the letter was by replying: "Don't call it by name!"

GREEN asked "Godson" to tell [redacted] about this in case [redacted] should telephone, and GREEN concluded by stating that [redacted] had not called him.

11/16/63

"Godson" (CHARLES SCHULP) called (CHARLES) GREEN at 9:47 a.m., and asked for a loan of \$10.00.

GREEN suggested that he was going the following day to New York and would give this sum to "Godson" at the corner of 42nd Street and Third Avenue at 2:00 (p.m.).

They also indicated that they would talk of some other matter.

11/19/63

An unknown male called (CHARLES) GREEN at 5:17 p.m. and told GREEN that he has just received a telephone call to the effect that some "government institution" was looking for GREEN in New Jersey. The unknown man asked whether some "rich uncle" of GREEN's might have died.

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NY 105-60829

GREEN stated that he had no relatives here at all.

The unknown man explained that the search for GREEN was going on among Latvians in New Jersey, and GREEN replied that he did not know any Latvians in New Jersey.

The unknown man suggested that it might be some friend who has died or is very sick, and suggested that GREEN should let them know his present whereabouts. He further suggested that GREEN get in touch with (FNU) [redacted] in Boynton (?). (Probably [redacted] Rockaway Valley, R.D., Boonton, New Jersey.)

GREEN was dubious and did not want to do it.

The unknown man stated that some woman had told him this. He indicated that it is probably the police who are looking for GREEN. The Latvians there (New Jersey) seem to think that if GREEN's "conscience is clear", GREEN should get in touch with the police.

GREEN said that he has two names, "GREEN" and "GRUNSCHEIN", and it seemed to him that there was a mistake somewhere.

The unknown man stated that LINA (KARKLIN) had asked the unknown man to roast some meat for the first -- it is the day of the (Latvian Unity) Club meeting.

GREEN related that it was originally planned for the eighth (of December) but that the "Little One" (CHARLES SCHULP), whom he had seen last Sunday, mentioned the same thing; that it was going to be December 1st.

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NY 105-60829

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The unknown man suggested that it might have been [redacted] (phonetic), who had recently died, who might have left something to GREEN and concluded by indicating that the police had come in on the case and searched [redacted] apartment.

11/21/63

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An unknown man (JACK OSOL) called (CHARLES) GREEN at 10:18 a.m. and inquired whether GREEN was coming for Thanksgiving.

(Based on information previously received from NY 4081-S* on 11/9/63, [redacted] and JACK (OSOL) had invited GREEN for Thanksgiving and also to a little party on New Year's.)

GREEN thanked him and said that as long as the (Latvian Unity) Club meeting would take place on Sunday (12/1/63), he had better not accept any more invitations.

They both laughed at the Latvians looking for GREEN in New Jersey: GREEN has always lived where he lives now, and his name is in the telephone book.

They indicated that they would see each other on Sunday (12/1/63).

(CHARLES) GREEN called "Godson" at 11:20 a.m. at LU 3-0405, and "Godson" said that (TEO) KRUMS' films would not be shown at the (Latvian Unity) Club meeting the first Sunday in December: They are too short (one lasting nine minutes, the other eleven minutes). However, KRUMS

-6-
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NY 105-60829

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

has his own film that he took in Latvia and also 200 slides, which he will show at the meeting.

GREEN stated that he has just talked to JACK (OSOL).

"Godson" asked whether "the friend" [redacted] had called.

GREEN replied that he [redacted] had not (called), and GREEN was angry with him: He [redacted] uses GREEN's address, promises to call and then does not call - - he [redacted] could not be that busy.

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11/24/63

"Godson" called (CHARLES) GREEN at 9:57 a.m. while GREEN was still asleep, and GREEN complained that he was sick and had gone to the doctor the previous day.

"Godson" deplored the whole situation, (the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY): He thinks that "he" (LEE HARVEY OSWALD) must have been slightly crazy. "Godson" also seemed to think that OSWALD might not have been the assassin.

GREEN tried to persuade him that it must have been OSWALD.

"Godson" advanced the theory that there had been threats against his (the President's) life, that the assassination might have come from [redacted] - her husband, etc. were killed. Or it might have been the work of the Ku Klux Klan. Anyway, it must have come from those who are "in favor of war".

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-7-

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NY 105-60829

"Godson" continued that he listened the previous day to what the Civil Liberties Union had to say: The matter is very unclear, there really are no proofs against him (OSWALD). The Civil Liberties Union also has doubts now that a jury might find out the real truth: OSWALD has been dubbed as the killer and he will remain so in the eyes of all the people.

"Godson" seemed to think that OSWALD was being refused a lawyer, besides, "there are no fingerprints".

"Godson" has his doubts: It might have been somebody else. "The whole thing is a mess".

Both men were upset and unhappy as the late President was "for peace".

"Godson" asked whether GREEN had been "called on the phone".

GREEN answered in the negative and indicated that if he would feel better, he expected to go "there" next Sunday (to the Latvian Unity Club meeting on 12/1/63). Then he expected to take "that thing" (the aforementioned [redacted])

[redacted]

"Godson" agreed with him and said that GREEN might even leave "it" with him ("Godson").

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NY 105-60829

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11/27/63

MIKE (J. KONDRAT) called (CHARLES) GREEN at 9:56 AM to find out how GREEN felt and GREEN said that he was going that afternoon to a specialist.

MIKE stated that he had received a letter from SCHOENBERGS (EDWARD SCHOENBERG) and SCHOENBERGS was not coming here (to the Latvian Unity Club meeting on 12/1/63) as he has had trouble with his car.

11/27/63

(CHARLES) GREEN called "Godson" (CHARLES SCHULP) at LU 3-0405 at 7:22 PM and stated that he was going to be operated on and was going to Lefferts General Hospital, Lefferts Avenue near Flatbush Avenue in Brooklyn (New York).

"Godson" asked what GREEN would do with "the thing that came" (the aforementioned [redacted] [redacted]).

GREEN stated that he could not do anything with it - it would have to remain there (at his residence).

"Godson" told him that "one of our men" in Boston, (OTTO) KOCERS, "is gone". "Godson" had heard about it from (FRED) BLASHGE.

GREEN told of his condition. He stated that KONRADS (MICHAEL J. KONDRAT) had called him in the morning and told him about SCHOENBERGS' (EDWARD SCHOENBERG) card.

GREEN stated that he had been feeling very poorly and had not had any drink (gin) since the day when he heard about President KENNEDY's death, when he felt so badly that he went to a bar for several drinks.

"Godson" related: "I heard that (OTTO) KOCERS had begun to drink heavily lately; for a year or two, he never

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NY 105-60829

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"touched the stuff". "Godson" remembered one time in the (Latvian Unity) Club, when "our friend" [redacted] was there too, that KOCERS had refused a drink even though the day was very cold.

11/29/63

An unknown man called (CHARLES) GREEN at 9:40 AM and GREEN told him that he was awaiting the doctor's call. The unknown man told GREEN that the gathering the previous day (Thanksgiving) was very pleasant and he had heard that (OTTO) KOCERS, who had died Monday (11/25/63), was going to be buried the following day (11/30/63).

11/30/63

Through four outgoing telephone calls made by (CHARLES) GREEN between 10:25 AM and 10:40 AM, it was determined that GREEN was then going to Lefferts General Hospital to be admitted as a patient.

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11/30/63

A woman called (CHARLES) GREEN at 10:45 AM and the conversation started with her mentioning the name of "KARKLINS" (it is possible that her name is LINA KARKLINS or KARKLIN). She asked for [redacted] [redacted] telephone.

GREEN said he "doesn't" know anything". He has not talked with him [redacted] for a long time, and his telephone could not be had.

The woman thought that [redacted] might come to the (Latvian Unity) Club on the following date.

A new 105 case file is being opened on LINA KARKLIN, as a potential contact of [redacted]. Further identification of her by the NYO will follow by separate letter in her new case file.

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-10-

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NY 105-60829

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Contact with the Scandinavian Airlines System, NY, NY, on 12/9/63, reflected that [] had departed from NY International Airport at 7:30 PM on 12/8/63, via SAS flight 912, with connections for Moscow, USSR.

Through a telephonic inquiry made of the Lefferts General Hospital, 460 Lefferts Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, telephone number HY 3-5400, in which the identity of the caller was not given or requested, it was determined that the condition of CHARLES GREEN, a patient in Room 321, was good and the visiting hours were from 1:00 PM to 3:00 PM and 7:00 PM to 8:00 PM.

Because of the subject's current hospitalization, NY 4081-S* has been unable to furnish any information concerning him during the period from 12/1/63 to date.

Based on the information furnished by NY 4081-S* set forth above, the NYO believes that the aforementioned []

[] prior to his departure from the United States. It is noted that, according to NY 4081-S*, [] had failed to contact the subject immediately prior to his entry into the hospital on 11/30/63, and the subject had indicated on 11/27/63, that [] would remain at his residence.

The NYO will remain alert for information from NY 4081-S*, indicating how the subject plans to dispose of the aforementioned [] when the subject returns to his residence from the hospital.

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POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT
OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR IN CHARGE
NEW YORK 1, N.Y.

E-JPH

December 23, 1963


Denver, Colorado 80202

Dear Sir:

Your complaint relative to the receipt of an objectionable communication from the American Civil Liberties Union, 156 5th Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10010, has been referred to this office for consideration by the Postal Inspector in Charge, Denver Division.

Since possible subversive activities come within the purview of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, we are taking the liberty of forwarding the mailing to the Special Agent in Charge of that Bureau, 231 East 69th Street, New York, N.Y., 10021, for his information and any further attention deemed appropriate.

The postings are not non-mailable under current postal laws. We appreciate your bringing the mailing to attention.

Sincerely yours,

R. J. Lickey
Postal Inspector in Charge

*ack'd 12/29/63
mbs
✓ Enclosures destroyed
no interest*

100-70159-884

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DEC 24 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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201 East 69th Street
New York 21, New York
December 27, 1963

R. J. Hickey,
Postal Inspector in Charge
Post Office Department
Office of the Inspector in Charge
New York 1, New York

Dear Sir:

This will acknowledge receipt of copy of
your letter of December 23, 1963, acknowledging receipt
of letter of Mr. [REDACTED]
Denver, Colorado.

Your cooperation in this matter is appreciated.

Very truly yours,

JOHN F. MALONE
Assistant Director in Charge

WM:msb
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NY 100-10159 (AGLU) (41)

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SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
DEC 27 1963	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Signature]

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Page 217 ~ b6, b7C, b7D
Page 218 ~ b6, b7C, b7D